



City of Salmon Arm Regular Council Meeting

Monday, September 9, 2024, 1:00 p.m.

Council Chambers of City Hall

500 – 2 Avenue NE, Salmon Arm, BC

Pages

1. CALL TO ORDER

2. IN-CAMERA SESSION

Motion for Consideration

THAT: pursuant to Section 90(1)(e) the acquisition, disposition or expropriation of land or improvements, if the council considers that disclosure could reasonably be expected to harm the interests of the municipality; (j) information that is prohibited, or information that if it were presented in a document would be prohibited, from disclosure under section 21 of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*; (k) negotiations and related discussions respecting the proposed provision of a municipal service that are at their preliminary stages and that, in the view of the council, could reasonably be expected to harm the interests of the municipality if they were held in public; of the *Community Charter*, Council move In-Camera.

3. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF TRADITIONAL TERRITORY

We acknowledge that we are gathering here on the traditional territory of the Secwepemc people, with whom we share these lands and where we live and work together.

4. ADOPTION OF AGENDA

Motion for Consideration

THAT: the Agenda be adopted as presented.

5. DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST

6. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

Motion for Consideration
THAT: the Regular Council Meeting Minutes of August 26, 2024 be adopted as circulated.

Regular Council Meeting Minutes of August 26, 2024

7. COMMITTEE REPORTS

7.1 Development and Planning Services Committee Meeting Minutes of September 12 - 14 3, 2024

8. COLUMBIA SHUSWAP REGIONAL DISTRICT UPDATE

9. STAFF REPORTS

6.1

9.1 Corporate Officer – 2025 Council Meeting and Development and Planning Services Committee Meeting Schedule

15 - 19

5 - 11

Motion for Consideration

THAT: Council approve the 2025 Council Meeting Schedule and the 2025 Development and Planning Services Committee Meeting Schedule, as attached to the staff report dated September 9, 2024.

9.2 Chief Financial Officer – Annual Financial Audit Services (2024-2026)

20 - 22

Motion for Consideration

THAT: BDO Canada LLP, Chartered Accountants, be appointed as the Municipal Auditor for the City of Salmon Arm for the fiscal year's ending 2024, 2025 and 2026;

AND THAT: Council award the Annual Financial Audit Services Contract to BDO Canada LLP for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024 to the fiscal year ending December 31, 2026 for the following quoted prices plus taxes as applicable:

- 2024 \$ 35,000.00
- 2025 \$ 36,500.00
- 2026 \$ 38,000.00

AND FURTHER THAT: Council authorize the Mayor and Corporate Officer to execute the contract for same.

- 9.3 Director of Planning & Community Services OCP Update and Phase 3 23 145 Update
- 9.4 City Engineer Canoe Sanitary Extension Local Area Service Request

 Motion for Consideration
 Information only.

 146 150
- 9.5 City Engineer 13 Avenue SW Sanitary Sewer Extension Request 151 154

10. INTRODUCTION OF BYLAWS

11. RECONSIDERATION OF BYLAWS

11.1 Zoning Amendment Bylaw No. 4669 (ZON-1297)

155 - 157

Legal: Strata Lots 1 to 38, Section 13, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, Plan K171

Civic: Units 503 – 599 24 Street NE and 2207 - 2299 5 Avenue NE (Orchard

Grove Gardens)

Applicant: City of Salmon Arm

Motion for Consideration

THAT: the Bylaw entitled City of Salmon Arm Zoning Amendment Bylaw No. 4669 be read a final time.

11.2 Zoning Amendment Bylaw No. 4670 (ZON-1284)

158 - 159

Legal: Lot 1, Section 15, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Plan EPP10328 Except Plans EPP17085 and EPP18478

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Civic: 2991 - 9 Avenue SW

Owner: Salmon Arm Shopping Centres Ltd. And Calloway REIT (Salmon

Arm) Inc.

Agent: SmartCentres Management Services Inc. (Savard, B.)

Motion for Consideration

THAT: the Bylaw entitled City of Salmon Arm Zoning Amendment Bylaw No.

	4670 be	read a final time.					
11.3	Zoning Amendment Bylaw No. 4545 (ZON-1248) 1890 10 Avenue SW Owner: DARB Holdings (1981) Ltd. Agent: A. Brown R-1 and C-3 to C-3						
	THAT: t	or Consideration he Bylaw entitled City of Salmon Arm Zoning Amendment Bylaw No. read a final time.					
CORRI	ESPONDE	ENCE					
12.1	Informat	tional Correspondence					
	12.1.1	Calendar of Events	164 - 165				
	12.1.2	Building Department - Statistics (August) and Permits (Yearly)	166 - 167				
	12.1.3	H and M Stefanek - Green Burials in Salmon Arm	168 - 168				
	12.1.4	D. Gecse, Teacher, Shuswap Middle School - Letter requesting Placement of Sea Can Storage Unit - 8 Avenue NE and 24 Street NE	169 - 169				
	12.1.5	M. Bjorkman, Seniors Resource Centre President - Letter dated August 20, 2024 - Resource Centre Funding	170 - 170				
	12.1.6	K. Belcher - Letter dated August 16, 2024 - Request for Bench	171 - 171				
	12.1.7	S. Williamson - Email dated September 5, 2024 - Piccadilly New Bus Stop on 10 Street	172 - 172				
	12.1.8	Mayor K. Dahl, City of Campbell River - Request for Provincial Support in Addressing Homelessness in Campbell River	173 - 174				
	12.1.9	Rail Safety Week 2024 - September 23 to 29	175 - 175				
	12.1.10	Mayor P. Horn, City of Mission - Letter dated August 29, 2024 - Infrastructure Investment for Complete Communities	176 - 179				
NEW B	BUSINESS	3					
PRESE	ENTATION	NS CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO					
COUN	CIL STAT	EMENTS					
SALMO	ON ARM S	SECONDARY YOUTH COUNCIL					
NOTIC	E OF MO	TION					
UNFIN	ISHED BU	JSINESS AND DEFERRED / TABLED ITEMS					
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QUEST	TION AND	ANSWER PERIOD					
7:00 p.	m. Meetin	g Resumes					
DISCL	OSURE O	FINTEREST					
HEARI	NGS						

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22.1

EPP136050

180 - 210

Development Permit Application No. 457 Legal: Lot 1, Sections 13 and 14, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Plan Civic: 981 – 12 Street SE Owner: Terra Civis Inc.

Agent: Browne Johnson Land Surveyors

Motion for Consideration

THAT: Development Permit No. 457 be authorized for issuance for Lot 1, Sections 13 and 14, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Plan EPP136050 in accordance with the drawings dated June 11, 2024 and attached to this memorandum;

AND THAT: Development Permit No. 457 include the following variance to Zoning Bylaw No. 2303:

Section 4.12.1a – increase the maximum height of a retaining wall and fence in an interior yard from 2.0 metres (6.5 feet) to 2.6 metres (8 feet) in accordance with the attached drawings; and

Section 4.12.1b – increase the maximum height of a retaining wall in an exterior yard from 1.2 metres (3.9 feet) to 3.7 metres (12.1 feet) in accordance with the drawings attached as Appendix 7.

- 23. STATUTORY PUBLIC HEARINGS
- 24. RECONSIDERATION OF BYLAWS
- 25. QUESTION AND ANSWER PERIOD
- 26. ADJOURNMENT

REGULAR COUNCIL

Minutes of a Regular Meeting of Council of the City of Salmon Arm

August 26, 2024, 1:00 p.m. Council Chambers of City Hall 500 – 2 Avenue NE, Salmon Arm, BC

COUNCIL PRESENT: Mayor A. Harrison

Councillor K. Flynn Councillor T. Lavery

Councillor L. Wallace Richmond

Councillor D. Cannon Councillor S. Lindgren Councillor D. Gonella

STAFF PRESENT: Chief Administrative Officer E. Jackson

Director of Engineering & Public Works R. Niewenhuizen

Chief Financial Officer C. Van de Cappelle

Director of Planning and Community Services G. Buxton

Corporate Officer R. West

Deputy Corporate Officer B. Puddifant

Other Staff Present: Manager of Roads & Parks D. Gerow; Manager of Planning & Building

M. Smyrl; Planner A. Jeffrey

1. CALL TO ORDER

Mayor Harrison called the meeting to order at 1:00 p.m.

2. IN-CAMERA SESSION

Moved by: Councillor Lindgren **Seconded by:** Councillor Cannon

THAT: pursuant to Section 90(1)(b) personal information about an identifiable individual who is being considered for a municipal award or honour, or who has offered to provide a gift to the municipality on condition of anonymity; (d) the security of the property of the municipality; (e) the acquisition, disposition or expropriation of land or improvements, if the council considers that disclosure could reasonably be expected to harm the interests of the municipality; (j) information that is prohibited, or information that if it were presented in a document wold be prohibited, from disclosure under section 21 of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act; (k) negotiations and related discussions respecting the proposed provision of a municipal service that are at their preliminary stages and that, in the view of the council, could reasonably be expected to harm the interests of the municipality if they were held in public; of the Community Charter, Council move In-Camera.

Carried Unanimously

3. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF TRADITIONAL TERRITORY

We acknowledge that we are gathering here on the traditional territory of the Secwepemc people, with whom we share these lands and where we live and work together.

The meeting returned to Regular Session at 2:21 p.m. and recessed until 2:30 p.m.

4. ADOPTION OF AGENDA

Moved by: Councillor Wallace Richmond

Seconded by: Councillor Flynn

THAT: the Agenda be adopted as presented and moving Item 22 - Hearings - to after

Item 10 - Introduction of Bylaws - on the agenda.

Carried Unanimously

5. DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST

Councillor Wallace Richmond declared a conflict of interest relating to Item 14.2 - Signage Projects Update - as her company has business relations with Salmon Arm Economic Development Society.

6. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

6.1 Regular Council Meeting Minutes of August 12, 2024

Moved by: Councillor Cannon Seconded by: Councillor Gonella

THAT: the Regular Council Meeting Minutes of August 12, 2024 be adopted as

circulated.

Carried Unanimously

7. COMMITTEE REPORTS

- 7.1 Development and Planning Services Committee Meeting Minutes of August 19, 2024
- 7.2 Downtown Parking Commission Meeting Minutes of August 20, 2024

8. COLUMBIA SHUSWAP REGIONAL DISTRICT UPDATE

For information.

9. STAFF REPORTS

9.1 Director of Planning & Community Services – Noise Bylaw and Construction Noise

Moved by: Councillor Wallace Richmond

Seconded by: Councillor Flynn

THAT: Council direct staff to refer the matter of construction noise hours during summer months to Shuswap Construction Industry Professionals for feedback and report back to Council.

Carried Unanimously

9.2 Manager of Roads & Parks – Pileated Woods Park and Trail System - Tree Report

Moved by: Councillor Flynn

Seconded by: Councillor Wallace Richmond

THAT: Council authorize staff to move forward on the plan of action recommended by the working group, and in conjunction with the Salmon Arm Fire Department, for the strategic removal of identified trees in the Pileated Woods Park and Trail System.

Carried Unanimously

9.3 Manager of Roads & Parks - Blackburn Park Synthetic Turf Field - Memorandum of Understanding - Shuswap Youth Soccer Association Funding Agreement

Moved by: Councillor Cannon

Seconded by: Councillor Wallace Richmond

THAT: Council authorize the Mayor and Corporate Officer to execute the Memorandum of Understanding with Shuswap Youth Soccer Association for the funding agreement in relation to the Blackburn Park Synthetic Field Project.

Carried Unanimously

10. INTRODUCTION OF BYLAWS

10.1 Zoning Amendment Bylaw No. 4669 (ZON-1297)

Legal: Strata Lots 1 to 38, Section 13, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, Plan K171 Civic: Units 503 – 599 24 Street NE and 2207 - 2299 5 Avenue NE (Orchard

Grove Gardens)

Applicant: City of Salmon Arm

Moved by: Councillor Wallace Richmond

Seconded by: Councillor Gonella

THAT: the Bylaw entitled City of Salmon Arm Zoning Amendment Bylaw No. 4669 be read a first, second and third time.

Carried Unanimously

10.2 Zoning Amendment Bylaw No. 4670 (ZON-1284)

Legal: Lot 1, Section 15, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Plan EPP10328

Except Plans EPP17085 and EPP18478

Civic: 2991 - 9 Avenue SW

Owner: Salmon Arm Shopping Centres Ltd. And Calloway REIT (Salmon Arm)

Inc.

Agent: SmartCentres Management Services Inc. (Savard, B.)

Moved by: Councillor Lindgren Seconded by: Councillor Cannon

THAT: the Bylaw entitled City of Salmon Arm Zoning Amendment Bylaw No.

4670 be read a first, second and third time.

Carried Unanimously

22. HEARINGS

22.1 Development Variance Permit Application No. 602

Legal: Lot 8, Section 8, Township 20, Range 9, W6M, KDYD, Plan 9772

Civic: 6310 10 Avenue SE Owner: Murray Metherell Agent: Loreen Matousek

Following a motion from the floor, the Planning Official explained the proposed Development Variance Permit Application.

Submissions were called for at this time.

Following three calls for submissions and questions from Council, the Hearing closed at 3:33 p.m. and the Motion was:

Moved by: Councillor Gonella Seconded by: Councillor Cannon

THAT: Development Variance Permit No. 602 be authorized for issuance for Lot 8, Section 8, Township 20, Range 9, W6M, KDYD, Plan 9772, varying Zoning Bylaw No. 2303 Section 35.10.2, reducing the rear parcel line setback from 6.0 m to 1.067 m to facilitate the construction of an accessory building.

Carried Unanimously

22.2 Development Variance Permit Application No. 603

Legal: Lot 4, Section 12, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Plan EPP56083

Civic: 1141 19 Avenue SE

Owner: Jamie Spoletini and Christine Lutzko

Following a motion from the floor, the Planning Official explained the proposed Development Variance Permit Application.

Submissions were called for at this time.

Following three calls for submissions and questions from Council, the Hearing closed at 3:35 p.m. and the Motion was:

Moved by: Councillor Lavery Seconded by: Councillor Flynn

THAT: Development Variance Permit No. 603 be authorized for issuance for Lot 4, Section 12, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Plan EPP56083 to vary Zoning Bylaw No.2303 as follows:

Section 4.12.1 (a) Fences and Retaining Walls maximum height increase from 2.00 m (6.5 ft) to 4.27 m (14 ft).

Carried Unanimously

11. RECONSIDERATION OF BYLAWS

12. CORRESPONDENCE

- 12.1 Informational Correspondence
 - 12.1.2 V. Morris Email dated August 12, 2024 Mary Thomas and Coyote Park

Moved by: Councillor Lindgren **Seconded by:** Councillor Cannon

THAT: Council direct staff to reach out to the Secwepemc Nation on the recommendation of restoring the traditional name of Coyote Park and honour Dr. Mary Thomas with a commemorative plaque.

Carried Unanimously

12.1.7 J. Wilson, Treasurer, Fifth Avenue Centre - Request for Letter of Support

Moved by: Councillor Flynn

Seconded by: Councillor Wallace Richmond

THAT: Council provide the Seniors' Fifth Avenue Activity Centre Association a Letter of Support for an application to access funding through the Community-based stream of the New Horizons for Seniors Program to replace a Heat Recovery Ventilator in their building.

Carried Unanimously

13. NEW BUSINESS

The meeting recessed at 3:48 p.m.

The meeting reconvened at 4:00 p.m.

14. PRESENTATIONS

- 14.1 Presentation 4:00-4:15 (approximately)
 - B. Warkentin, Deputy Assessor, BC Assessment Authority Overview of Property Assessment and 2024 Assessment Roll
 - B. Warkentin, Deputy Assessor, BC Assessment Authority, provided an overview of property assessment and the 2024 Assessment Roll and was available to answer questions from Council.

14.2 Presentation 4:15-4:30 (approximately)

C. Thompson, Project Coordinator and L. Fitt, Economic Development Manager, Salmon Arm Economic Development Society Signage Projects Update

Councillor Wallace Richmond declared a conflict and left the meeting at 4:21 p.m.

C. Thompson, Project Coordinator, Salmon Arm Economic Development Society, provided an overview of the signage projects update and was available to answer questions from Council.

14.3 Presentation 4:30-4:45 (approximately)

Staff Sergeant West, Salmon Arm RCMP Detachment - Quarterly Policing Report April to June, 2024

Councillor Wallace Richmond returned to the meeting at 4:40 p.m.

Staff Sergeant West, Salmon Arm RCMP Detachment, provided an overview of the quarterly policing report for April to June, 2024 and was available to answer questions from Council.

15. COUNCIL STATEMENTS

Moved by: Councillor Cannon **Seconded by:** Councillor Flynn

THAT: pursuant to Section 90(1)(b) personal information about an identifiable individual who is being considered for a municipal award or honour, or who has offered to provide a gift to the municipality on condition of anonymity; (d) the security of the property of the municipality; (e) the acquisition, disposition or expropriation of land or improvements, if the council considers that disclosure could reasonably be expected to harm the interests of the municipality; (j) information that is prohibited, or information that if it were presented in a document wold be prohibited, from disclosure under section 21 of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act; (k) negotiations and related discussions respecting the proposed provision of a municipal service that are at their preliminary stages and that, in the view of the council, could reasonably be expected to harm the interests of the municipality if they were held in public; of the Community Charter, Council move In-Camera.

Carried Unanimously

- 16. SALMON ARM SECONDARY YOUTH COUNCIL
- 17. NOTICE OF MOTION
- 18. UNFINISHED BUSINESS AND DEFERRED / TABLED ITEMS
- 19. OTHER BUSINESS
- 20. QUESTION AND ANSWER PERIOD
- 21. DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST

23.	STATUTORY PUBLIC HEARINGS
24.	RECONSIDERATION OF BYLAWS
25.	QUESTION AND ANSWER PERIOD
26.	ADJOURNMENT
	There being no further business on the agenda, the meeting adjourned at 5:59 p.m.

MAYOR, A. HARRISON

CORPORATE OFFICER

DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING SERVICES

Minutes of a Meeting of the Development and Planning Services Committee of the City of Salmon Arm

September 3, 2024, 8:00 a.m. Council Chambers of City Hall 500 – 2 Avenue NE, Salmon Arm, BC

COUNCIL PRESENT: Mayor A. Harrison

Councillor K. Flynn Councillor T. Lavery

Councillor L. Wallace Richmond

Councillor D. Cannon Councillor D. Gonella

ABSENT: Councillor S. Lindgren

STAFF PRESENT: Chief Administrative Officer E. Jackson

Director of Engineering & Public Works R. Niewenhuizen Director of Planning & Community Services G. Buxton

Deputy Corporate Officer B. Puddifant

Corporate Officer R. West

Manager of Planning & Building M. Smyrl

Planner, M. Paiement

1. CALL TO ORDER

Mayor Harrison called the meeting to order at 8:00 a.m.

2. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF TRADITIONAL TERRITORY

We acknowledge that we are gathering here on the traditional territory of the Secwepemc people, with whom we share these lands and where we live and work together.

3. ADOPTION OF AGENDA

Moved by: Councillor Lavery **Seconded by:** Councillor Cannon

THAT: the Agenda be adopted as presented.

Carried Unanimously

4. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

Moved by: Councillor Cannon **Seconded by:** Councillor Flynn

THAT: the Development and Planning Services Committee Meeting Minutes of August 19, 2024 be approved.

Carried Unanimously

5. DISCLOSURE OF INTEREST

6. REPORTS

6.1 Development Permit Application No. 457

Legal: Lot 1, Sections 13 and 14, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Plan

EPP136050

Civic: 981 – 12 Street SE Owner: Terra Civis Inc.

Agent: Browne Johnson Land Surveyors

Councillor Gonella entered the meeting at 8:03 a.m.

Councillor Gonella declared a conflict as the agent is a sponsor of the Roots and Blues Festival operated by his employer, the Salmon Arm Folk Music Society, and left the meeting at 8:06 a.m.

M. Mason, Browne Johnson Land Surveyors, and M. McColl, Onsite Engineering, the agents for the owner, were available to answer questions from the Committee.

Moved by: Councillor Wallace Richmond

Seconded by: Councillor Cannon

THAT: The Development and Planning Services Committee recommends to Council that Development Permit No. 457 be authorized for issuance for Lot 1, Sections 13 and 14, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Plan EPP136050 in accordance with the drawings dated June 11, 2024 and attached to this memorandum;

AND THAT: Development Permit No. 457 include the following variance to Zoning Bylaw No. 2303:

Section 4.12.1a – increase the maximum height of a retaining wall and fence in an interior yard from 2.0 metres (6.5 feet) to 2.6 metres (8 feet) in accordance with the attached drawings; and

Section 4.12.1b – increase the maximum height of a retaining wall in an exterior yard from 1.2 metres (3.9 feet) to 3.7 metres (12.1 feet) in accordance with the drawings attached as Appendix 7.

Carried Unanimously

7. FOR INFORMATION

8. IN-CAMER	Α
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There being no further business on the agenda, the meeting adjourned at 8:11 a.m.

MAYOR, A. HARRISON



REQUEST FOR DECISION

To: Mayor & Members of Council

Title: Corporate Officer - 2025 Council Meeting and Development and Planning Services

Committee Meeting Schedule

Date: September 9, 2024

Motion for Consideration:

THAT: Council approve the 2025 Council Meeting Schedule and the 2025 Development and Planning Services Committee Meeting Schedule, as attached to the staff report dated September 9, 2024.

Background:

Attached for Council's endorsement is the proposed Council Meeting Schedule and the Development and Planning Services Committee Meeting Schedule for 2025.

Some dates worthy of note are:

2025 SILGA Convention: April 29 to May 2, 2025 (Merritt)
2025 FCM Convention: May 29 to June 1, 2025 (Ottawa)
2025 UBCM Convention: September 22 to 26, 2025 (Victoria)

• 2024 Christmas Closure: December 25, 2024 to January 1, 2025 inclusive

Legislative authority / plans / reports:

	Official Community Plan	Master Plan (list actual plan)
Χ	Community Charter/LGA	Other
	Bylaw/Policy	Corporate Strategic Plan
	Zoning Bylaw	2024-2028 Financial Plan
		Long Term Financial Plan

Financial Considerations:

None

Alternatives & Implications:

Communication:

In accordance with Section 127 of the *Community Charter*, the City will post the 2025 Council Meeting Schedule on the City Hall Notice Board and City website.

Prepared by: Corporate Officer

Approved by: Chief Administrative Officer

Attachments:

• 2025 Council Meeting and Development and Planning Services Committee Meeting Schedule

2025 Council and Development & Planning Services Meeting Schedule

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Regular Council Meetings (2:30 p.m.)

FCM Convention

UBCM Convention

SILGA Convention



SALMONARM

2025 MEETINGS

JAN	UARY	
6	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
13	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
20	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
27	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
FFRI	RUARY	
3	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
10	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
18	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
24	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
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MA	RCH	
3	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
10	1	Regular Council Meeting
17	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
24	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
	**	
APR	LL	
APR 7	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
		Development & Planning Services Committee Regular Council Meeting - Tuesday
7	8:00 a.m.	•
7 14	8:00 a.m. 2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting - Tuesday
7 14 22 28	8:00 a.m. 2:30 p.m. 8:00 a.m. 2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting - Tuesday Development & Planning Services Committee
7 14 22	8:00 a.m. 2:30 p.m. 8:00 a.m. 2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting - Tuesday Development & Planning Services Committee Regular Council Meeting
7 14 22 28 MA	8:00 a.m. 2:30 p.m. 8:00 a.m. 2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting - Tuesday Development & Planning Services Committee Regular Council Meeting Development & Planning Services Committee
7 14 22 28 MA	8:00 a.m. 2:30 p.m. 8:00 a.m. 2:30 p.m. Y 8:00 a.m.	Regular Council Meeting - Tuesday Development & Planning Services Committee Regular Council Meeting Development & Planning Services Committee Regular Council Meeting
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14	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
21	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
28	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
20	2.50 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
AUC	GUST	
5	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
11	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
18	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
25	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
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2	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
8	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
15	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
OCT	OBER	
6	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
14	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
20	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
27	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
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3	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
10	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
17	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
24	2:30 p.m.	Regular Council Meeting
DEC	EMBER	
1	8:00 a.m.	Development & Planning Services Committee
8		Regular Council Meeting
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Christmas Office Closure: December 25, 2025, to January 2, 2026 City Hall will re-open Monday, January 5, 2026



REQUEST FOR DECISION

To: Mayor & Members of Council

Title: Chief Financial Officer - Annual Financial Audit Services (2024-2026)

Date: September 9, 2024

Motion for Consideration:

THAT: BDO Canada LLP, Chartered Accountants, be appointed as the Municipal Auditor for the City of Salmon Arm for the fiscal year's ending 2024, 2025 and 2026;

AND THAT: Council award the Annual Financial Audit Services Contract to BDO Canada LLP for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024 to the fiscal year ending December 31, 2026 for the following quoted prices plus taxes as applicable:

- 2024 \$ 35,000.00
- 2025 \$ 36,500.00
- 2026 \$ 38,000.00

AND FURTHER THAT: Council authorize the Mayor and Corporate Officer to execute the contract for same.

Background:

A Request For Proposal (RFP) for the Annual Financial Audit Services for fiscal years ending December 31, 2024, 2025 and 2026 inclusive, with a City option to extend for an additional two (2) year period was issued on July 15, 2024. It was advertised on BC Bid and the City Website. As required by Policy No. 7.6, the RFP was also sent to Salmon Arm and local area accounting firms with sufficient qualified staff to conduct the audit.

The RFP closed on August 16, 2024. The City received three (3) proposals, only two of which met the mandatory submission criteria resulting in further evaluation.

The City considered the following criteria and associated costs in evaluating the proposal:

Criteria
Understanding of the engagement/proposal
Experience with municipal audits
Technical experience of the firm and personnel
Audit implementation including audit plan, approach, methodology and
City staff time
Availability of additional services
Cost of services
References

The proposals were evaluated and rated in consideration of the above and a summary of the evaluations are presented in the table below.

Audit Firm	Ranking
BDO Canada LLP	1
Grant Thornton LLP	2

Both proposals demonstrated an understanding of the City's structure and governance and both have the required technical experience and qualifications needed. Both firms also provide a wide range of additional services to address the City's needs. BDO's audit implementation plan was comprehensive and specific and their proposed audit fees were significantly less than Grant Thornton.

BDO has an excellent understanding of the City's processes and the City has been satisfied with past service provided. Overall, the City has enjoyed an excellent working relationship with BDO.

The table below reflects the proposed audit fees, inclusive of all disbursements, travel and administrative fees over the next five (5) years. The fees also include assistance in the preparation of the financial statements including related schedules and disclosures.

Year	BDO	% Change	Grant Thornton	% Change
2024	\$ 35,000		\$ 56,680	
2025	36,500	4.29%	57,814	2%
2026	38,000	4.11%	58,970	2%
2027	40,000	5.26%	60,149	2%
2028	<u>41,600</u>	4.00%	61,352	2%
Total	\$ 191,100		\$ 294,965	

The proposed fees from BDO for 2027 and 2028 are estimated and may be re-evaluated and subject to change to address inflationary costs, subject to the City's acceptance. The RFP process requires a great deal of resources and allowing staff to negotiate a price that is favorable for the City, if the performance of the contract has been satisfactory, would represent savings. A three (3) year agreement with the option of a two (2) year extension also provides the City with more flexibility. Any supported extension of the contract to 2027 and 2028 would be brought back to Council in early 2027.

Legislative authority / plans / reports:

	Official Community Plan		Master Plan (list actual plan)
Χ	Community Charter/LGA	X	Audit Services Policy No. 7.6
	Bylaw/Policy		Corporate Strategic Plan
	Zoning Bylaw	X	2024-2028 Financial Plan
			Long Term Financial Plan

Pursuant to Section 169 of the *Community Charter*, the Municipal Auditors must be appointed by Council.

Financial Considerations:

The 2024 Budget for Audit and Accounting Services is \$45,000. The proposed fees for 2024 are within the remaining available 2024 Budget.

Alternatives & Implications:

Council could choose to cancel the RFP and re-issue with the objective of soliciting more compliant submissions. However, this would delay the contract award process and likely negatively effect the interim audit work for 2024 which is typically scheduled for mid October to November. The tentative audit timeline is as follows:

- Audit Plan and Schedule September 30th
- Interim Audit mid October to late November;
- Year-end Audit mid March
- Audit Report and Financial Statement Presentation to City Council end of April to beginning of May; and
- Audit Findings Report and Management Letter end of April to beginning of May

Communication:

Should the motion for consideration be supported, staff will proceed with contract execution with the successful proponent.

Prepared by: Chief Financial Officer
Approved by: Chief Administrative Officer

Attachments:

NA



INFORMATION ONLY

To: Mayor & Members of Council

Title: Director of Planning & Community Services – OCP Update and Phase 3 Update

Date: September 9, 2024

Background:

This report follows the July 22, 2024 update from staff on the conclusion of Phase 2 Engagement for the Official Community Plan (OCP) review. Since that report staff have been working on the draft OCP which is attached for reference. The graphic below illustrates the four-stage process and progress for the review of the OCP.



Through Phase 2 staff, received considerable feedback from the community through a variety of means including surveys, events, and stakeholder workshops. This draft version of the OCP was shaped by the input received from the community via engagement sessions and community surveys, planning best practices and required updates for legislative changes.

In drafting this document, staff focussed themes commonly voiced through the engagement. Cross cutting themes from engagement are outlined in the table below. In Phase 2 engagement, the prioritizing or allocation of resources was not specifically addressed. Staff recognize that through the assembling of the draft OCP there is a significant increase in desired service levels

and resources identified by the public. Prioritizing service levels and resources will be the subject of direct input in Phase 3 of the engagement.

Table 1: Phase 2 Engagement: Cross Cutting Themes

Connectivity	 Safe and connected trails, sidewalks, and bike paths (improved active transportation) Expanded and accessible public transit network and service Easy access to services and amenities
Balanced growth	 Well-maintained infrastructure and facilities that supports community growth and change Protected and enhanced natural areas, green spaces, trees and agricultural lands
Sustainability	 Reduced greenhouse gas emissions Improved climate resilience Diverse food growing opportunities Access to healthy, local foods Improved water quality
Safety	 Celebration of diversity and improved sense of belonging Access to low-barrier social, cultural, and wellness services and supports Improved emergency preparedness
Affordability	 Affordable options for housing Affordable options for transportation and recreation Low unemployment
Community vibrancy	 Vibrant downtown core and small businesses Arts and cultural spaces and celebrations Age-friendly public spaces and recreational opportunities

The draft OCP document is divided by chapter. As we move forward into Phase 3 Engagement the draft chapters will be grouped into topics in order to better organize the results. It should be noted that sections on First Nations relationships is under development and that engagement is ongoing. Similarly the introduction and background sections will be written at a later date and are not provided in the current draft. The topics are itemized below with a brief summary of what has stayed the same and what has changed.

Topic #1: Growth Management & Housing

- Growth Management
- Residential
- Rural & Agriculture

What stays the same?

- Growing in, not out with a focus on growth within the UCB
- Continued protection of agricultural lands
- Affordable housing support, etc.

What we heard:

- A desire to concentrate growth Downtown and in nearby neighbourhoods to limit sprawl.
- A desire to maintain a healthy, connected community and small-town feel.
- A desire for diverse and affordable housing choices that meet a range of needs.
- A desire to support local, diverse, and sustainable food production and access.

What has changed:

- Draft land use map
 - With the implementation of Small Scale Multi Unit Housing (SSMUH) legislation, residential density has increased in all areas that were previously identified for Low Density. In the current OCP Low Density Residential is 22 units/ha, Medium Density Residential is 40units/ha and High Density Residential is 100 units/ha (with amenity bonuses up to 130 units/ha). In the draft OCP there are only two categories –Medium Density Residential at 88 units/ha and High Density Residential at 130 units/ha (with amenity bonuses up to 200 units/ha). Staff are not seeking active feedback on this issue in Phase 3, since these densities are prescribed in Provincial legislation and cannot readily be adjusted.
- There are new areas defined for residential growth areas. The Urban Containment Boundary (UCB) remains the same and the concept of prioritizing growth within the UCB is the same. However, new boundaries for Areas A, B and C have been drafted based on current infrastructure service levels and better definitions for the City's commitment to growth within each area. Area E (Employment Lands) has also been introduced as a growth area with policies supporting the City's role in advancing development in those areas as it aligns with themes voiced through community input.
- Infill housing Development Permit Area Guidelines that provides guidelines for how the new residential density will need to be built and look are included.
- Support for mixed-use development throughout commercial areas.
- Small-scale commercial uses are supported in residential areas.
- New Farm Protection Development Permit Area.
- Future Agricultural Land Reserve (ALR) extractions are limited to two priority areas others are discouraged. (Staff have received a number of requests in this regard and none have been incorporated into this draft. Given that the City must be the applicant on an ALR extraction, staff propose to focus efforts on these two key priorities.)
- Urban agriculture is encouraged and there is reference to the Food Security & Agricultural Plan that is being developed.

Topic #2: Economy & Industry

- Commercial
- Industrial
- Economic Development

What stays the same:

- Downtown remains the commercial centre of the community.
- Continued support for the Salmon Arm Economic Development Society (SAEDS).
- Continued protection of commercial and industrial areas from residential development.

Continued support for revitalization tax exemption programs.

What we heard:

- A desire for a diverse economic base, including services, retail, tourism, manufacturing, food production and processing, and home-based businesses.
- A desire to protect existing industrial lands.
- A desire to continue support for a thriving downtown.
- A desire for low unemployment and workforce opportunities (i.e. housing, training, etc.).

What has changed:

- There is a new Economic Development section drafted.
- Increased support for residential development in the Downtown.
- Mixed use development is encouraged in all commercial areas.
- Support for transit and active transportation connections to the southern industrial park.
- Consideration of different development standards for infrastructure in industrial areas to facilitate development.

Topic #3: Environment & Community

- Environment & Climate
- Parks & Greenways
- Arts, Culture, Heritage, Social, and Community Services

What stays the same:

- Focus and emphasis on greenways and trails network.
- Continued support for arts and culture and heritage.

What we heard:

- A desire for the City to be a leader in climate action.
- Concern about climate emergencies (e.g. wildfires).
- A desire for abundant natural areas, improved emergency planning, and water management.
- A desire for well-maintained and accessible recreational facilities, parks, and green spaces.
- A desire to continue support for arts and culture and community services.
- A desire for the City to commit to reconciliation.

What has changed:

- New section on climate change policies.
- Climate change lens throughout.
- Emissions reductions targets are proposed (5 options are suggested).
- Green infrastructure is encouraged.
- Increase in recreational service levels; focus on improved recreation facility asset management and facility maintenance planning.
- Combined arts, culture, and heritage with social and community services.

Topic #4: Transportation & infrastructure

- Transportation
- Utilities & Infrastructure

What stays the same:

- Continued support for active transportation.
- Utility related policies are largely unchanged.

What We Heard

- A desire for improved and expanded public and active transportation networks.
- A desire for infrastructure and services to be improved and maintained to support community growth (e.g. water, roads, etc.).

What has changed:

- Increased transit system and network improvements are encouraged.
- · Active transportation improvements are encouraged.
- Advanced street plans for new residential development areas are provided (maps will come in the next draft).
- Green infrastructure is identified and encouraged.
- More policy is provided on solid waste programs.

Staff and Modus are in the detailed planning phases for the tactics and activities that will be undertaken in the Phase 3 engagement. Staff will be gauging the level of support for the policies as drafted, and also actively seeking input on what has been missed or what additional policy that the community wants to see in the next draft.

At this stage the unfinished appearance of the draft OCP is deliberate and detailed editing on the part of Council is not necessary. Staff are presenting this for information and propose to utilize this draft as the means of seeking additional input on the proposed draft policies.

The draft OCP presents a significant lift in terms of future municipal service delivery and resources. At this stage there is no need for Council to provide specific feedback on prioritizing services or resources. This is the focus of Phase 3 engagement and will be presented back to Council prior to the final draft of the OCP. At that time Council can use the input received from that engagement to determine how to address implementation of the OCP objectives and goals.

For the purposes of this report, staff are looking for specific input from Council prior to the draft OCP being released to the public. To consider Council feedback it maybe useful to recall the September 2023 workshop with Council. Notes from that Workshop are attached. After considering the attached draft OCP is there something you were expecting to see that is not included? Council can provide any feedback on the draft at this point, and it can be revised accordingly.

Next Steps

Through the next three months staff will be using the draft OCP document to gather more input for the final OCP. In Phase 3 planned upcoming engagement activities include:

Stakeholder Workshop – tentative date October 9

- Promotions
- Public Pop-ups
- Public Survey 3
- Webinar(s)
- OCPizza Nights
- Open House Events

The draft OCP document will be posted on the OCP2024 webpage with an online survey to follow.

A revised draft will be presented late in 2024 for Council's review. Once that later draft has been considered by Council, a formal new OCP bylaw will be presented for first reading, likely early in 2025.

Legislative authority / plans / reports:

Χ	Official Community Plan	Master Plan (list actual plan)
Χ	Community Charter/LGA	Other
	Bylaw/Policy	Corporate Strategic Plan
	Zoning Bylaw	2023-2027 Financial Plan
		Long Term Financial Plan

Financial Considerations:

The project is on budget (and on time). The full budget in 2024 is \$200,000, of which \$125,000 is committed to the consultant.

Alternatives & Implications:

- 1. For Information Only No Motion Required.
- 2. Council has the option of referring this draft of the document back to staff for further work, prior to being released to the public. This would result in a 1-2 month delay in the process, given that there are no further Council meetings in September.

Communication:

Modus Consulting has provided a robust communication plan for Phase 3 and the activities noted above.

Prepared by: Manager of Planning & Building

Reviewed by: Director of Planning & Community Services

Approved by: Chief Administrative Officer

Attachments:

- Draft Official Community Plan (with maps)
- Council Workshop

City of Salmon Arm

Draft Official Community Plan (OCP)



The following is presented as a draft document for the purposes of soliciting public feedback on the draft prior to this being formally considered by Council later in 2024.

It is intended as a rough, initial draft. Based on the feedback of this document through the public engagement process, a more refined draft will be prepared for formal consideration and further public review and comments.

Draft Table Of Contents

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Context and Background
- 3. First Nations
- 4. Growth Management
- 5. Residential
- 6. Rural & Agriculture
- 7. Commercial
- 8. Industrial
- 9. Environment & Climate Change
- 10. Parks, Recreation & Greenways
- 11. Arts, Culture, Heritage, Social, Community Services
- 12. Economic Development
- 13. Transportation
- 14. Utilities & Infrastructure
- 15. Potential Hazard Areas
- 16. Development Permit Areas
- 17. Temporary Use Permits
- 18. Implementation
- 19. Maps

Introduction

Content will be provided here in a later draft of the document.

Context & Background

This provides background information on the current situation and trends in the community relevant to each of the draft sections. Content will be provided here in a later draft of the document.

First Nations

This is a new section that addresses the City's and the community's connections and relationships to regional First Nations governments. City staff have been working directly with the Adams Lake Indian Band and the Neskonlith Indian Band on the initial content of this section. This work is underway and ongoing, and will be presented in a later draft of the document.

Growth Management

Growth Management Objectives

To create a range of housing opportunities and choices.

To emphasize the need for a mix of land uses.

To maintain a balance between residential and non-residential land uses.

To maintain the housing supply.

To preserve open space, agricultural land and critical environmental areas.

To strengthen and direct development towards existing developed areas and communities.

To create walkable and accessible communities.

Growth Management Policies

- 1. Continue to use the Urban Containment Boundary (UCB) (see Map 4.1 Urban Containment Boundary) as a primary planning tool, supporting new growth within the UCB and discouraging urban development and subdivision outside the UCB.
- 2. Monitor and ensure that the Official Community Plan designates adequate land areas within the UCB to support long-term growth.
- 3. Review the Zoning Bylaw and Subdivision and Development Bylaw to consider the stratification of Small Scale Multi Unit Housing.
- 4. Discourage additional single family subdivision in Areas A and B. Rezoning to multi family residential zones is strongly encouraged.
- 5. Support ALR Exclusion applications for the Industrial Park and the "ALR Island" as identified on Map 4.2. ALR exclusion in these areas will be subject to pre-planned road network and infrastructure plans and rezoning for intended uses.
- 6. ALR exclusion applications must be made by the City and supported only in those areas identified in this plan. As part of the exclusion application the "ALR Island" is to be redesignated to High Density Residential. Subsequent down zoning of the "ALR Island" would not be supported.
- 7. As part of the ALC Exclusion application for the "ALR Island," or shortly after, a neighbourhood plan for the area is required.
- 8. ALR exclusion applications outside of the Industrial Park and the "ALR Island" are not supported unless significant community benefits are proposed.
- 9. Encourage all growth to be sensitively integrated with neighbouring land uses and resources, particularly natural areas, and agricultural and residential lands, using Development Permits as one of the tools.

- 10. Strive to protect lands within the ALR for agricultural use, particularly the Salmon River Valley Agriculture area with its high quality agricultural soils, large land parcels and established agricultural base.
- 11. Protect the forested hillside areas of Salmon Arm as a valuable renewable resource and as a vital part of the City's watershed, recognizing that in their forested state these areas contribute significantly to Salmon Arm's natural landscape context.
- 12. Protect from development Salmon Arm Bay, the Shuswap Lake foreshore, natural landscape features (including but not limited to Little Mountain, Mount Ida, Larch Hills, Fly Hills and Turner Creek), and numerous watercourses as they form part of the unique natural beauty of Salmon Arm.
- 13. Continue to support a wide range of housing types and tenures in order to meet the needs of the diverse lifestyles and aging population, including affordable housing, sensitively integrated infill and intensification of existing development areas.
- 14. Continue to recognize and support the Downtown as the principal commercial, business, cultural and administrative centre, encouraging it to be a vibrant, compact, accessible downtown that reinforces the comfortable, safe atmosphere of Salmon Arm, including opportunities for upper floor dwelling units as part of mixed use developments.
- 15. Continue to support other commercial areas in the community which add to the variety of retail and service opportunities, east and west of the Downtown along the Trans Canada Highway between 30 Street SW and 30 Street NE.
- 16. Continue to provide a high standard of municipal services, including an efficient public transportation system that supports compact community development.
- 17. Continue to encourage local amenities such as schools, care centres, shelters, parks and local commercial uses in residential neighbourhoods, recognizing that changing employment structures (e.g. small independent home-based businesses) may increase demand for local neighbourhood services.
- 18. Continue to improve community services and quality of life through the following actions:
 - planning for recreation, parks and greenway land and facilities;
 - encouraging community involvement in planning through interesting and accessible consultation processes; and
 - support continued cooperation in the provision of arts, culture, social, health care, and other community facilities, e.g. community care, assisted living facilities.

Urban Containment Boundary Objectives

To complete the servicing of lands within the residential, commercial and industrial lands within the UCB.

To prioritize development and community growth within those areas that have existing infrastructure.

To support a compact community where people can connect easily to the areas that they work, live and play.

Growth Priorities Within the UCB (Map 4.1)

1. Area A – High Density Residential & Mixed Use High Density

The City supports and strongly encourages residential and mixed use development in this area. Water, sewer, storm and road networks are most complete within this area. In order to support further growth in this area the City will prioritize connecting and improving infrastructure in this area before extending services in other growth areas.

2. Area B – High and Medium Density Residential

The City supports infill development within this areas and recognizes the need to support growth by connecting and improving priority community infrastructure facilities.

- 3. Area C Low density (Raven and parts of Foothills between 10 Avenue SE and 14 Avenue SE) The City recognizes the limits of infrastructure to support growth in this area. The City will support limited infill in these areas recognizing that existing water, storm, sewer and road networks limit growth. Infrastructure growth to facilitate development will be via development and infrastructure expansion by the City will not be prioritized in this area.
- 4. Area E Employment Lands (commercial & industrial)

The City recognizes the need for complete services in this area to support future growth potential of economic lands. The expansion of infrastructure into this area will be supported by cost sharing between the City and development.

5. Area Outside of Areas A, B, C & E

The City recognizes that area within the UCB but not prioritized as above may experience growth; however, servicing in this area is incomplete. Infrastructure growth in this area will be completed entirely by development. The City may not support development in this area until in-fill development in Areas A, B and C is complete.

Urban Containment Boundary Policies

- 1. The UCB contains low, medium, high and mixed use residential densities and employment lands. Growth within the UBC is supported with development prioritized in those areas designated for Medium to High density then in areas of low density. In the expansion of infrastructure and services, employment lands are prioritized.
- 2. Residential densities are not supported outside of the UCB.
- 3. Review the Zoning Bylaw to modernize commercial uses and floor area ratios to encourage mixed use development.
- 4. Support mixed use and high density residential development in the highway corridor, town centre areas by zoning lands to accommodate multi-storey buildings and uses appropriate to the designation.
- 5. Limit the support of servicing variances to development within Area A for infill development. Servicing variances within Area B may be supported when community amenities such as lighting, fire hydrants, road dedication, trails and/or multiuse paths are provided by the developer and fully constructed. Servicing variances not supported for construction of connecting trails and/or multiuse paths.
- 6. Prioritize capital projects and road network planning within Area A, B and E.

Municipal cost sharing programs, including expenditure of Development Cost Charge funds and capital works programs, may be directed towards the current priority Area A (and as Council deems appropriate).

- 7. When sufficient infilling has occurred within Area A, B and E, municipal cost sharing programs, including Development Cost Charge expenditures and capital works programs, may be allocated to Area C, as determined by Council and City Bylaws. Sufficient infilling means that development of the developable land area is at least 80% complete in the context of the overall area being addressed, based on the City's determination.
- 8. Prior to consideration of the allocation of municipal cost sharing programs to Area C, including Development Cost Charge expenditures and capital works programs, review the high level municipal water, sanitary, and stormwater servicing requirements for the area, including downstream capacities.
- 9. The following are additional policies specific to Development Areas B and C in the Foothills Road SW area:
- a. No development above the transmission power line;
- b. Large minimum lot sizes and clustering development on the uphill side of the future east-west urban collector road between 10 Street/Foothill Road SW and 10 Street/20 Avenue SE; and,
- c. Cluster development on mid elevations.



Urban Residential

Urban Residential Objectives

To provide a range of housing for all that meets the needs of the community, supports sustainability, balanced with green and natural areas, while maintaining a small-town community feel and supporting community growth.

To provide an adequate supply of housing.

To provide opportunities for a variety of housing types, tenures and densities in appropriate locations close to services and amenities.

To facilitate the development of purpose built rental housing that provides security of tenure.

To encourage and support affordable and special needs housing, including housing options for the community's diverse population.

To encourage residential development that will support strong neighbourhoods in compact communities.

Urban Residential Policies General Policies

- 1. Encourage residential development within the Urban Containment Boundary (UCB) that creates a mix of residential housing types, tenures and densities.
- 2. Urban residential development shall be in alignment with the Community Housing Strategy and Housing Needs Assessment, as updated from time to time.
- 3. Urban residential densities are not permitted outside the UCB.
- 4. All multi-family housing developments creating more than three units are required to obtain a Residential Development Permit (Section 16 Development Permit Areas).
- 5. Prioritize development applications for new purpose built rental housing and affordable housing.
- 6. Continue to provide municipal fee reductions for development applications for new purpose built rental housing and affordable housing.
- 7. Consider Development Cost Charge reductions and waivers on a case by case basis or through the review of the Development Cost Charge Bylaw.
- 8. Support and facilitate the development of new purpose built rental housing.
- 9. Support non-profit and housing organizations in the development of new affordable housing units.
- 10. Work with non-profit and housing organizations and BC Housing and other funding agencies to facilitate the development of new affordable housing units.

- 11. Support and facilitate the adaptive re-use and re-development of faith-based religious institutional properties and buildings for affordable or cooperative housing (including the use of density bonuses) should they cease religious services.
- 12. Maintain residential areas free from intrusion of incompatible uses, e.g., industrial uses.
- 13. Incorporate environmental considerations, transportation plans and parks, open space and greenways as integral components in planning for urban residential uses.
- 14. Review and update the Zoning Bylaw to define the appropriate special amenities and related density bonus provisions based on local needs and economic conditions.
- 15. The application of new R-11 zoning to additional properties following the adoption of this Bylaw will be strongly discouraged.
- 16. Develop a secondary housing market monitoring report to monitor all rental housing vacancy and rental rates.
- 17. Review Zoning Bylaw mixed use, residential high and medium density building heights.

High Density Residential Policies

- 1. High Density Residential areas are designated on Map A-1 Land Use.
- 2. High Density Residential areas may accommodate all forms of residential multiple family dwelling housing up to and including apartment buildings.
- 3. High Density Residential A developments may be permitted to a density of 130 units per hectare. Density may be increased to a maximum of 200 units per hectare for affordable or purpose built rental housing (at least 50% of units), or 150 units per hectare for multiple family housing, multiple family housing in mixed use buildings, or Assisted Living Housing, subject to the provision of special social or public amenities (e.g. commercial childcare facility, fully accessible dwelling units and suites, rental housing, affordable rental housing, below grade or parkade style parking, parkland, greenways or trails, green building and site design) in accordance with the Zoning Bylaw.
- 4. Mixed Use Development in the City Centre / Downtown and Highway Service/Tourist Commercial designated areas may include residential units permitted to the High Density Residential density provisions as specified above and in accordance with the Zoning Bylaw.

Medium Density (High Density B) Residential Policies

- 1. Medium Density Residential areas are designated on Map A-1 Land Use.
- 2. Medium Density Residential areas may accommodate all forms of multiple family residential housing including ground oriented dwellings, rowhouses, apartment buildings and small scale multiunit housing (including single family dwellings and duplexes, secondary suites and accessory dwelling units).
- 3. Medium Density Residential areas may be permitted to a density of 88 units per hectare. Density may be increased to a maximum of 110 units per hectare for affordable or purpose built rental housing (at least 50% of units), or 100 units per hectare for multiple family housing, multiple family housing in mixed use buildings, or Assisted Living Housing subject to the

provision of special social and/or public amenities (e.g. commercial childcare facility, fully accessible dwelling units and suites, below grade or parkade style parking, additional parkland, greenways or trails, green building and site design) in accordance with the Zoning Bylaw.

- 4. Mixed Use Development in Neighbourhood Commercial designated areas may include residential units permitted to the Medium Density Residential density provisions as specified above and in accordance with the Zoning Bylaw.
- 5. Discourage future subdivision for large lot developments (Single Family Dwelling Units) within the Urban Containment Boundary, especially if they would preclude higher density subdivisions in the future.

Non-Residential Uses Policies

- 1. Encourage limited amounts of neighbourhood commercial use providing local services in all Residential designations, through a review of the Zoning Bylaw.
- 2. Assisted Living Commercial uses may be permitted as an accessory use in multi-family developments in High and Medium Density Residential designations.
- 3. Home Occupations are permitted in all Residential designations.

Siting Policies

- 1. Encourage Residential developments and subdivisions to meet the following criteria:
- a. good access to transportation routes, including transit, trails and active transportation, and roads:
- b. good access to recreation, parks and open space;
- c. good access to community services, e.g. commercial uses and school sites;
- d. sufficiently removed from incompatible land uses to ensure the health, safety and welfare of the residents; and
- e. capable of being serviced with municipal, private and Crown utilities including fire protection, in accordance with City standards and specifications.
- 2. Encourage siting of residential developments and subdivisions to:
- a. take advantage of and preserve special site features such as natural vegetation, mature landscaping, and topographic features;
- b. provide for safe, convenient and separated active transportation and vehicular routes on collector or arterial corridors and/or greenways; and
- c. provide opportunities for interaction with natural surroundings and mature vegetation retention including the provision of trail connections.
- 3. Minimize the conflicts between agricultural and residential land uses through the use of access restrictions, buffers, fencing, and trail corridors for residential developments adjoining agricultural properties.

Housing Diversity Policies

1. Follow the 2020 Community Housing Strategy, with community partners, identifying opportunities to encourage and support rental housing and non-market housing needs, as well as homelessness initiatives.

- 2. Support a coordinated approach to addressing housing issues and liaise with federal and provincial governments, non-profit organizations and community groups in this regard.
- 3. At the rezoning stage / in the rezoning process, encourage developers to make a percentage of all new housing units or lots available for rental, affordable and special needs housing, with potential for a corresponding density bonus.
- 4. Support community support services and uses, such as shelters, transition / youth homes and other forms of social housing within the Urban Containment Boundary in locations near local services.



Rural and Agriculture

Rural and Agriculture Objectives

To maintain the rural and agricultural character and land use pattern of open space, agriculture, forestry and rural/country residential lands outside the Urban Containment Boundary.

To protect farm land and farm operations.

To minimize the impact of urban development on agricultural land.

To support agriculture on both ALR and non-ALR land.

To preserve land with agriculture potential in the ALR.

To support agri-business opportunities in rural and agricultural areas that are complementary to local agriculture, including agri-tourism and agri-food businesses.

To improve local food security.

To encourage and support the expansion of local food production and processing.

To incorporate urban agriculture within the community.

To carefully manage rural resources, including resource extraction, in partnership with provincial agencies.

To plan for the preservation of open spaces, natural areas, and scenic views in rural areas.

Rural and Agriculture Policies General Policies

- 1. Acreage Reserve, Salmon Valley Agriculture and Forest Reserve areas are designated on Map A-1 Land Use.
- 2. Discourage additional development, particularly at urban densities, in the Acreage Reserve, Salmon Valley Agriculture and Forest Reserve designations. Rural residential density is 2 units/parcel or as limited by the Agricultural Land Commission.
- 3. Maintain or enhance the configuration and size of parcels designated Acreage Reserve, Salmon Valley Agriculture and Forest Reserve through boundary (lot line) adjustments and/or consolidations; rezoning, subdivision and/or Agricultural Land Reserve exclusion applications are not supported.
- 4. Support boundary (lot line) adjustments which bring lot sizes more in compliance with the regulations of the City's Zoning Bylaw throughout the Acreage Reserve, Salmon Valley Agriculture and Forest Reserve designations. Boundary adjustments should not add to the degree of non-conformity of any lot.
- 5. Support road widening and dedication for the safe movement of vehicles, when road dedication is supported by the ALC.

- 6. Strata titling or subdivision of Accessory Dwelling Units in the Agricultural areas is not supported.
- 7. Municipal utilities in the Forest Reserve, Salmon Valley Agriculture and Acreage Reserve designations should not exceed the existing standard or be extended, except for the municipal water system outlined in Section 14 Utilities and Infrastructure and when supported by the ALC.
- 8. Support community efforts to create a water system or irrigation district for the supply of water to the Salmon River Valley
- 9. Support community efforts to create a producer / agricultural representative organization or an agricultural advocacy organization (such as a "farmer's institute").
- 10. Support opportunities to enhance community safety measures road safety, managing road and trail users, crime prevention in rural or remote areas.
- 11. Work collaboratively with producers and partners to plan for land areas for the purposes food processing within agricultural areas or industrial areas. Where suitable land cannot be located within the City boundary, the City will work collaboratively with producers and the CSRD.
- 12. Encourage and education community backyard food gardens and agriculture, including small animal and plan disease management
- 13. Support emergency management programs for the sheltering of animals/livestock on ag lands/Fall Fair Grounds.
- 14. Undertake a review of the Zoning Bylaw and the Pound and Animal Control Bylaw to determine appropriate regulations to allow for urban agriculture and the keeping of animals and livestock within the Urban Containment Boundary.
- 15. Support leasing of lands for agricultural production within the City and regionally.

Agricultural Land Reserve Policies

- 1. The City supports and recognizes the importance of agricultural land and food production on lands currently in production and land production in the future. These lands are a source for local food and employment in the community. In considering development applications on ALR lands the City will include in its consideration:
 - the size of the current farming operation (including leased lands);
 - types of commodity(ies) produced soil classification;
 - number of farm workers employed by the operation;
 - land remediation plans for any areas identified for temporary uses; and
- Area limits for accessory buildings for farm use consistent with the polices of the ALC and BC and National Building Code.
- 2. The City supports minimizing the impact of residential development on ALR land and, consistent with ALC polices, encourages the following principles for residential development in the ALR:
 - Additional, and temporary, farm worker housing approved by the ALC is supported;
 - Principle dwelling units greater than 500m² are not supported;

- Accessory Rural Dwellings greater than 90m² are not supported;
- Clustering of residential development adhering to residential footprint(s) of the ALC;
- Encourage driveways for residential development to be less than 60m from highway or road frontage; and
- Area limits for residential accessory buildings in the Zoning Bylaw.
- 3. ALC applications to subdivide land in the ALR under Section 514 (Subdivision to Provide Residence for a Relative) of the *Local Government Act*, should not be supported for parcels less than 8.0 ha.
- 4. Applications to subdivide land outside the ALR, under Section 514 of the *Local Government Act* (Subdivision to Provide Residence for a Relative), may be supported on parcels greater than 8.0 ha, as outlined in the City's Zoning Bylaw.
- 5. ALC Exclusions are only supported in the areas identified in Map 4.2. These areas have been identified for the developments of the Industrial Park and High Density residential and commercial development.
- 6. Prior to the City's application for an ALC exclusion, undertake a review of the future potential land uses and servicing requirements of ALR lands surrounded by 10 Avenue SW, Shuswap Street, Foothill Road SW, and 10 Street SW in conjunction with landowners, the ALC, and the community at large. As part of the review, ensure that lands with high agriculture capability continue to support agriculture uses.
- 7. Home-based businesses are supported in the Acreage Reserve, Salmon Valley Agriculture and Forest Reserve designations subject to relevant zoning, licensing and ALC Regulations.
- 8. The City will work collaboratively with the ALC to mitigate the impact of Active Transportation routes through agricultural and rural areas, agricultural operations, and transportation routes through sensitive routing, signage, fencing and buffering measures.

Agriculture Policies

- 1. Agriculture, including but not limited to agricultural food production, forage crops, livestock operations and accessory commercial uses, is permitted in the Acreage Reserve, Salmon Valley Agriculture and Forest Reserve area designations.
- 2. Recognize the importance of agriculture to the economy and support industry practices as identified in the Farm Practices Protection (Right to Farm) Act.
- 3 .Support the maintenance and enhancement of lands for agricultural use within the Agricultural Land Reserve.
- 4. Either a conventional secondary suite contained within a dwelling or a detached suite is supported as an accessory residential use in the Acreage Reserve, Salmon Valley Agriculture and Forest Reserve designations.
- 5. Encourage and support the development and expansion of alternative, smaller scale agricultural businesses, such as production and marketing of locally grown foods, organic farms, on–site sales of on– site and locally grown food, incentives for farmers to remain on their land, and support for new farmers to obtain land.

- 6. Research opportunities to permit enhanced agri-tourism consistent with Ministry of Agriculture and ALC policies and programs.
- 7. Research opportunities to promote urban agriculture, such as community gardens and polices that allow small scale non-intensive farming within the Urban Containment Boundary.
- 8. Encourage contiguous space open space within residential development intended for garden space for residents.
- 9. Encourage education programs dealing with agricultural practices that enhance natural ecosystems and protect environmental resources, e.g., Environmental Farm Planning, and support the agriculture industry in applications for grants for study or implementation of environmentally sound agriculture practices.
- 10. Work with CSRD to address non-native and noxious weed control in agricultural areas, including within boulevards and drainage corridors.
- 11. Work with farmers and federal and provincial agencies to establish strategies to limit livestock access to domestic and recreational source waters.
- 12. Consider creation of an Agriculture Plan to provide strategies and policies to preserve and enhance agricultural lands outside of the Urban Containment Boundary.
- 13. Consider the creation of an Agricultural Plan that focuses on agricultural resources identifying challenges and practical solutions to those challenges.
- 14. Consider creation of Food Systems Plan to support and promote food security.

Mineral and Aggregate Resources Policies

- 1. Mineral and aggregate processing may be permitted in areas of high aggregate potential, as identified on Map Aggregate Potential or based on site investigations, subject to zoning or the issuance of a Temporary Industrial Use Permit.
- 2. Encourage the Ministry of Energy and Mines to engage the City and public in meaningful dialogue when reviewing, issuing, or amending mining licenses.
- 3. Encourage the Ministry of Energy and Mines to minimize conflicts among mineral licence activities and adjacent lands, watersheds and riparian areas.

Acreage Reserve Policies

- 1. Country Inn Commercial Uses may be supported within the Acreage Reserve designation subject to both Section 6 Rural and Agriculture and the policies or approval of the ALC for lands within the ALR.
- 2. Subdivision to accommodate further rural small agricultural holdings may be supported within the Acreage Reserve area situated west of both the Salmon River and the Trans Canada Highway subject to compliance with the following criteria:
 - the site is well drained and free from flooding, unstable soils or other hazardous conditions:
 - soil conditions permit permanent on-site sewage disposal for each parcel as determined

- by the appropriate agency;
- availability of adequate potable water supply on each parcel, approved by the appropriate agency;
- minimum two (2) hectare parcel size and subject to appropriate zoning; and;
- the lands have an improved agricultural soils capability rating of class four (4), class five (5), class six (6) or class seven (7) as determined by the ALC, based on the Canada Land Inventory Agricultural Capability Classification System. The principle of protecting better quality agricultural soils from subdivision into small lots will guide decisions on mixed category applications and the ALC will continue to consider each subdivision application on its own merits to ascertain the potential impact of subdivision on existing and potential agricultural development.



Commercial

Commercial Objectives

To continue to promote the Downtown as the commercial and cultural focus of the community.

To support a walkable downtown through safe and efficient pedestrian infrastructure.

To limit highway commercial development to lands within the Urban Containment Boundary and in close proximity to the Trans Canada Highway.

To preserve a reasonable supply of commercial land.

To continue to support the development of home-based businesses.

To support the increased development of small scale local commercial businesses in residential neighbourhoods.

Commercial Policies

General Commercial Policies

- 1. Continue to support the development, redevelopment, and infilling of Downtown and Highway Service/Tourist Commercial designated lands along the Trans Canada Highway between 30 Street SW and 30 Street NE as the primary commercial areas in the City.
- 2. Minor expansions to boundaries of the Downtown and Highway Service/Tourist Commercial designations may be considered. Expansions to the Downtown may be considered adjacent to and in proximity to the Downtown area. Expansions to the Highway Service/Tourist Commercial designations may be considered adjacent to and in proximity to existing Highway Service/Tourist Commercial designations within the Urban Containment Boundary.
- 3. The Downtown, Highway Service/Tourist Commercial, and Neighbourhood Commercial areas are designated as Development Permit Areas and are subject to the guidelines presented in Sections 16 Development Permit Areas.
- 4. Support tourism and recreation through the expansion of commercial options near the waterfront and consideration of wharf access and uses into the future.
- 5. Create affordable housing options in commercial areas in order to attract and retain employees.

Downtown Commercial Policies

- 1. The Downtown area is designated on Map A-1 Land Use.
- 2. Support development in the Downtown area that includes pedestrian-oriented retail, food service, government, entertainment, cultural, recreational, office and business uses.
- 3. Support residential uses in the Downtown when located above the street level. Residential uses may also occur at street level when they are associated with Live/Work developments, on building frontages where commercial uses may not be viable, and where the commercial use component takes precedence and contributes to the overall commercial land use inventory.

- 4. As part of an upcoming review of the Zoning Bylaw:
- Encourage additional residential density Downtown to support commercial uses.
- Encourage Live/Work options.
- Consider expanded recreational opportunities.
- Consider reduced or eliminated parking requirements.
- Consider floor area requirements to ensure substantial ground floor commercial development in mixed use buildings.
- 5. Encourage developments in the Downtown to achieve a high development density, using methods such as 100% parcel coverage, zero lot line setbacks, underground/under-building parking, and upper floor dwelling units.
- 6. Continue implementation of the Revitalization Tax Exemption Bylaw within the "Revitalization Tax Exemption Area" in the Downtown area.
- 7. Continue to support and regulate outdoor seating and patios for restaurants and cafes in the Downtown.
- 8. Work with the Salmon Arm Economic Development Society and Downtown Salmon Arm to encourage extended hours for Downtown businesses into the evening.

Highway Service/Tourist Commercial Policies

- 1. The Highway Service/Tourist Commercial area is designated on Map A-1 Land Use.
- 2. Encourage land uses in the Highway Service/Tourist Commercial area which are distinguished by an orientation toward access by vehicular traffic. Uses included are automotive services, tourist accommodation, entertainment and recreational tourist services, minor repair, retail commercial warehousing, retail and food outlets, and upper floor dwelling units.
- 3. The Highway Service/Tourist Commercial area is a gateway to the community and it is important that each development contributes to a positive image of the community.
- 4. The Highway Service/Tourist Commercial area is divided into six unique areas that recognize historical land use patterns and ensure long-term land use compatibility between unique development areas. The strategic directions for these locations are:

Urban Commercial

- 1. Commercial Corridor West of City Centre to 30 Street SW The Highway Service/Tourist Commercial area on the west side of the Downtown is oriented toward vehicle service and retail warehousing uses. Activities have relatively low site coverage (e.g. automotive and recreation vehicle sales, large buildings and associated parking lots). This area serves the needs of the community and region. Limited expansion of this area may be considered.
- 2. 10 Street SW and 10 Avenue SW Commercial Area This area is primarily a shopping centre with retail food and general retail uses. Additional commercial and mixed use developments are appropriate in this area. This area also serves the commercial needs of the surrounding residential areas including future residential development in Residential Development Area B. Limited expansion of this area may be considered.

- 3. Commercial Corridor East of City Centre to 30 Street NE- The Highway Service/Tourist Commercial area east of the City Centre is developed with tourist accommodation, retail food, general retail, office, medical services, entertainment and community recreation, mixed use, and education facilities. This area also serves the commercial needs of the surrounding residential areas and greater community. Limited expansion of this area may be considered.
- 4. Canoe Highway Commercial Area The commercial area near Canoe along the Trans Canada Highway is oriented toward highway tourist uses. Appropriate uses include motels, RV Parks, campgrounds, recreation, service commercial uses, and mixed use development. Limited expansion of this area may be considered.

Rural Commercial

- 1. Glen Echo Commercial Area This area is recognized as a historical Highway Service/Tourist Commercial area supporting tourist and recreational resort uses. This area is not on the municipal sewer system, therefore uses generating high volumes of waste water are discouraged. Expansion of this commercial area beyond its current boundaries is not supported.
- 2. Trans Canada Highway/Highway 97B Intersection This area is recognized as an existing Highway Service/Tourist Commercial area. New developments will need to address access issues and apply a high development standard appropriate to this gateway location. This area is not on the municipal sewer system, therefore uses generating high volumes of wastewater are discouraged. Service and tourist commercial uses that cater to the travelling public on the Trans Canada Highway and Highway 97B may be supported. Expansion of this commercial area beyond its current boundaries is not supported as surrounding lands are in the ALR.
- 3. Encourage active transportation and transit connectivity to, from, and between Highway Service/Tourist Commercial areas.

Neighbourhood Commercial Policies

- 1. New Neighbourhood Commercial areas may be located within High, Medium and Low Density Residential areas provided that the development is intended to service the local convenience shopping needs of the surrounding residential area, and permitted uses may include but are not limited to:
- convenience or small scale retail store,
- neighbourhood pub, restaurant or café,
- commercial child care,
- office
- personal service establishment.
- 2. Support innovative redevelopment of residential areas for Neighbourhood Commercial developments in close proximity to the 50 Street NE and Canoe Beach Drive NE intersection in Canoe, and the Downtown.

Additional Commercial Uses Policies

1. Country Inn Commercial uses may be located within the Acreage Reserve designation subject to zoning and ALC regulations, where required, as well as the use addressing unique site, tourist, agri-tourism, environmental or outdoor recreational opportunities.

- 2. Assisted Living Commercial uses may be permitted as accessory uses in multi-family developments on lands designated for High Density and Medium Density Residential Use.
- 3. Home Occupation uses may be permitted in all urban residential and rural/agricultural areas, as specified in the Zoning Bylaw. A maximum of two Home Occupations may be permitted per lot.
- 4. Bed and Breakfast operations may be permitted in all urban residential and rural/agricultural areas as specified in the Zoning Bylaw and ALC policies if in the ALR.
- 5. Draft regulations or policy regarding short term rentals (or the commercial use of residential property).



Industrial

Industrial Objectives

To promote industrial businesses that are complementary to existing industrial areas.

To support industrial land uses that are similar to each other in specific locations.

To protect existing industrial lands and intensify uses for job creation.

To support skills training and educational opportunities within the industrial areas.

To limit residential development in industrial areas.

To support long term planning for transportation access points with highways and arterial roads and road network planning for future growth.

To support transit connections to industrial areas.

Industrial Policies General Policies

- 1. Three industrial land use categories are designated for industrial development as shown on, and as follows:
- a. Light Industrial;
- b. General Industrial; and
- c. Airport Industrial/Commercial.
- d. Industrial Special Development Area)
- 2. Permitted uses for Industrial designated areas include:
- a. Light Industrial oriented toward smaller, site specific, enclosed manufacturing operations that require minimal outside storage of materials or product, that have few impacts on adjacent properties, where sites are made compatible with adjacent non-industrial uses through screening, landscaping and buffering measures. Remove Residential uses
- b. General Industrial oriented toward more extensive manufacturing activities that require large areas of on-site storage of resource materials and finished product and ease of access to major arterial highways. General industry may include the storage and processing of raw materials, such as logs and wood products, sand/gravel, concrete and minerals, metallic industries and petroleum products. Light industrial uses can be considered in the general industrial designation. General industrial activities require special attention by reason of their potential impact on the adjacent properties and natural environment. Remove residential uses
- c. Airport Industrial/Commercial oriented toward industrial and commercial uses requiring direct, convenient access to airport facilities. All commercial air operations, except helipads and floatplane operations as referenced in policies in Section 13 Transportation, should be located in this area.
- d. Industrial Special Development Area those lands north of airport that will continue to allow for the existing residential development to continue until rezoned.
- 3. Update and amend the industrial zones in the Zoning Bylaw to more accurately reflect the appropriate uses of the Light Industrial, General Industrial and Airport Industrial/Commercial designations outlined above, and to minimize the potential for residential development.

- 4. Review the Zoning Bylaw regulations for storage facilities and locations for new storage locations (indoor and outdoor). Limit the development of warehouse and mini warehouse development to Light Industrial designated areas.
- 5. Support small scale/neighbourhood commercial in industrial areas that will provide services to employees of industrial uses.
- 6. Research options and opportunities for servicing one or more industrial areas of the City with municipal services, including storm drainage and sanitary sewer services.
- 7. Create an industrial development Plan for the creation of area specific servicing, with implementation funding via Local Service Area or other funding strategy.
- 8. Review the Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw to confirm the appropriate servicing standards for the Light Industrial, General Industrial, Airport Industrial/Commercial and Industrial Special Development Area designations.
- 9. Minimize, through appropriate zoning, the intrusion of primarily commercial, retail and retail service uses in the industrially designated areas and encourage infilling of purely industrial and related ancillary uses to preserve a reasonable supply of industrial land.
- 10. Where industrial uses require ancillary retail commercial, limit the latter to 25% of the maximum gross floor area, contained within the principal building.
- 11. Parcels rezoning to industrial uses within the designated Industrial Areas should meet the following criteria:
- a. Access to arterial or collector roads;
- Capable of being serviced with municipal, private and Crown utilities, in accordance with City standards and specifications. On-site servicing may be considered if extension of services is not possible; and
- c. Capable of being sufficiently buffered from adjacent non-industrial land uses to reduce potential conflicts.
- 12. To ensure appropriate form and character of industrial development fronting major transportation corridors, all Light Industrial, General Industrial and Airport Industrial/Commercial designated lands fronting the Trans Canada Highway, Highway 97B, 10 Avenue SE or the north side of 20 Avenue SE are designated as an Industrial Development Permit Area per Section 16 Development Permit Areas.
- 13 .Support increased public transit (or rideshare services) to and from the main industrial park, with schedules that align with business shifts. Explore park and ride, rideshare muster points outside of industrial park and locations for end of trip facilities within industrial park to support shared riding or active transportation.
- 14. Encourage active transportation routes connecting residential areas with Industrial areas, and support the development of community end of trip facilities in industrial areas.
- 15. Support phased industrial development on rural residential properties designated for Light Industrial use in the Industrial Special Development Area and for General Industrial use south of the airport along Auto Road, subject to appropriate zoning. Subdivision will only be considered where it supports the creation of new parcels zoned for industrial uses.

- 15. Support cannabis production and processing in industrial park through an amendment to the Zoning Bylaw, and remove the use from commercial areas.
- 16. Continue to support the use of a Revitalization Tax Incentive program for industrial areas.

Industrial Special Development Area Policies

1. Industrial lands within the Special Development Area are shown on Figure 1.



Figure 1: Industrial Special Development Area

- 2. The lot layout and location of infrastructure facilities should generally be aligned with the layout indicated in Figure 1.
- 3. Support the exclusion of the lands in the Industrial Special Development Area from the ALR. The ALC has given preliminary approval for exclusion of these lands (Resolution #109/88) A block-style Exclusion application by the City and rezoning of lands to Industrial Holding Zone
- 4. Prepare light industrial zoning, servicing standards, vehicle traffic and access requirements, and an expanded form and character Development Permit Area to address a higher standard of light industrial development in the Special Development Area, taking into consideration the adjacent residential, park and airport uses.
- 5. Consider a Local Service Area for the development of infrastructure and servicing in the Industrial Special Development Area.



Environmental

Environmental Objectives

To promote the enhancement and preservation of natural areas, habitats, and networks of green spaces, fostering a robust level of biodiversity.

To promote landscaping that incorporates climate-resilient plant species native to the region, promoting biodiversity and resilience to local environmental conditions.

To conduct City activities and operations to minimize impacts on the environment and strive to continuously improve the City's environmental performance, setting a precedent through leadership.

To direct all new development to protect and respect environmentally sensitive areas.

To encourage new developments to prioritize energy efficiency and prioritize the adoption of renewable energy sources.

To raise awareness about the environment and encourage actions that safeguard and improve ecological systems, biodiversity, and watershed protection, setting a precedent through leadership.

To protect the ecological integrity of watercourses.

To manage and prevent the proliferation of invasive species.

To reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

To support public transit services and active transportation.

To encourage local food production and processing.

To restrict or limit development and access to sensitive watersheds that are sources of municipal drinking water.

To improve air quality by increasing tree canopy coverage and promoting the ecological benefits of trees.

Environment / Climate Change Policies General Policies

- 1. Facilitate educational opportunities for the community on climate change and how to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
- 2. Draft and adopt a climate action plan or a low carbon resiliency plan to address both mitigation and adaptation strategies and objectives, both for the City as an organization and for the community as a whole. Periodically review and update the plan.
- 3. Develop a forestry strategy / plan to manage and maintain the community's overall tree canopy, and:
 - Establish goals for tree canopy coverage;

- Mandate tree conservation plans, street tree plantings, and landscaping for all development;
- Create a mature, interconnected canopy of street trees over time;
- Increase the total tree canopy cover with the Urban Containment Boundary.
- 4. Review the BC Building Code Step Code and Zero Step Code requirements and consider exceeding the minimum Provincial requirements to lessen emissions from new buildings.
- 5. Consider a building retrofit policy or program with the intent of lowering emissions from existing buildings.
- 6. Work with senior governments, the CSRD, First Nations and the agricultural and recreational communities on any invasive species management and mitigation policies or programs.
- 7. Consider a landscaping/ xeriscaping policy or development permit area guidelines to address the need for climate resilient plants and water consumption.
- 8. Consider amendments to the Zoning Bylaw that would:
 - Provide a density bonus for renewable energy sources;
 - Regulate the use of lease area water surfaces within City boundaries as permitted by legislation (accommodate wildlife (birds) viewing and limited non-motorized watercraft use);
 - Require the installation of EV charging infrastructure in multi family residential dwellings;
 - When environmentally sensitive land is provided to the City for the purpose of environmental protection, allow the owner of the land to use the original site area in calculating density, floor area ratios and minimum lot areas for development or subdivision purposes.
- 9. Update Sensitive Habitat and Mapping and Wetland Inventory Mapping (SHIM & WIM) Final Report and mapping
- 10. Work with *Columbia Shuswap Invasive Species Society (CSISS*) community groups and other organizations to provide public information and education on invasive species and their impacts.
- 11. Work with senior governments, First Nations and the community to reduce the effects of non-point source pollution on source drinking water and recreational water quality.
- 12. Work with senior governments, First Nations and the agricultural community to promote groundwater protection.
- 13. Work with senior governments, First Nations and the community to improve air quality.
- 14. Update the Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas Development Permit Area guidelines, to encourage all development and infrastructure projects to conserve environmentally sensitive areas, utilizing alternative development methods, such as clustering, density bonuses, narrowing road rights-of-way, or sharing driveways.

Environmentally Sensitive Areas Policies

- 1. Applications for new foreshore and water lot leases within the Environmentally Sensitive Lake Areas (Map A-1 Land Use) are discouraged unless they are for conservation or environmental protection and management purposes or represent some other public benefit to the community.
- 2. The areas designated as Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas (Map 5.2 Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas) are subject to the Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas Development Permit Area guidelines of Section 16 Development Permit Areas.
- 3. In addition to Development Permit Area requirements, encourage voluntary protection of natural features in cases where it is an objective of the City to protect (for riparian area conservation, water quality protection, or habitat preservation) land in excess of that which is, by virtue of municipal and senior government regulations, required to be protected. Consider the use of tools such as conservation covenants or density bonuses for this purpose.

Community Energy and Greenhouse Gas Policies

- 1. Continue to implement growth strategies that discourage urban sprawl, encourage healthy communities, and reduce energy consumption.
- 2. Continue to support active transportation plan implementation through an annual budget allocation similar to other asset management programs.
- 3. Improve public transportation through a substantial review of the Public Transit services, considering levels of service, frequency and routes in the revised plan.
- 4. Consider an EV bike subsidy / acquisition program.
- 5. Improve the energy efficiency and emissions of existing City owned facilities.
- 6. Improve the energy efficiency and emissions from the City's fleet and vehicles.
- 7. Encourage and develop policies to support transportation and ride share service options for cars, bikes, and scooters sharing companies.
- 8. Continue to promote water conservation strategies such as the Water Wise program, incorporation of innovative irrigation technologies, the installation of low flush toilets and low flow aeration faucets, and xeriscaping (i.e. drought resistant landscaping) for all developments.
- 9. GHG Emission Target Options (five options are presented here for consideration) Option 1:

Work toward reducing community wide greenhouse gas emissions levels 50% by 2030, 75% by 2035, and to zero net emissions by 2045, relative to 2019 emissions.

Option 2:

Work toward reducing community wide greenhouse gas emissions levels 45% by 2030, 60% by 2035 and carbon neutral by 2050.

Option 3:

Work toward reducing community wide greenhouse gas emissions levels 40% by 2030, 60% by 2035, 80% by 2050, relative to 2007 emissions.

Option 4:

Reduce GHG emissions in alignment with the latest values set by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) to limit warming to 1.5°C, or other more stringent science-based metrics.

Option 5:

Create and express GHG emissions reductions targets in the upcoming climate action plan or a low carbon resiliency plan.

- 10. Continue to measure and publically report on Corporate GHG Emissions.
- 11. Develop and implement a program to incentivize energy reduction programs in existing residential buildings.
- 12. Continue conducting energy audits on all major municipal facilities and develop an energy retrofit program for these facilities.
- 13. Consider expansion of organics collection program to include institutional and commercial land uses.



Parks, Recreation and Greenways

Parks, Recreation and Greenways Objectives

To provide diverse year-round indoor and outdoor recreation options fostering healthy lifestyles for all residents and visitors through welcoming state-of-the-art and well maintained facilities, accessible parks, as well as connected greenways and natural spaces.

To provide safe, diverse and high quality recreation facilities and programs that are consistent with the population and demographics of the City and region.

To provide a variety of recreation facilities and parks throughout the community and within neighbourhoods that are easily accessible to residents and visitors, to support increased heath, wellness and social connections.

To upgrade, maintain and construct the greenways and trail network to improve connectivity, provide all users safe routes throughout the community, and to contribute to a seamless active transportation system.

To preserve a variety of open spaces and natural areas.

Parks, Recreation and Greenways Policies General Policies

- 1. Develop a recreation facility asset management and redevelopment plan (coordinated or as part of an overall facility master plan) including a Recreation Facilities Master Plan.
- 2. Development of parks, recreation facilities, and greenways shall be in alignment with the Parks and Recreation Master Plan, specific development plans, the Active Transportation Plan and Greenways Strategy, and the future City of Salmon Arm Recreation Facilities Master Plan, as updated from time to time.
- 3. Seek corporate partnerships and encourage bequests to assist with the planning, acquisition, development, and stewardship of recreation facilities, parks and greenways.
- 4. Explore methods of securing short and long term funding, such as a parcel tax, for the planning, acquisition, development and stewardship of recreation facilities, parks and greenways.
- 5. Continue to work in partnership with provincial and federal agencies, non-profit societies, and community groups, on the planning, acquisition, development, and stewardship of recreation facilities, parks and greenways.
- 6. Encourage the Columbia Shuswap Regional District to examine ways in which the Regional District can complement the parks, recreation and greenways functions in and around Salmon Arm, specifically opportunities for Regional District involvement and assistance in the:
- a. development of boating facilities (launches, landing sites and parking areas);
- b. development of major recreation facilities, parks and greenways where the user groups are drawn from the regional population;
- c. acquisition and development of waterfront properties for public purposes; and
- d. development of regional active transportation and greenway connections to regional destinations, as well as between Salmon Arm and adjacent communities.

- 7. Continue using the Joint Partnership Agreement with School District 83 for the funding and development of sports fields and related facilities, as a basis for the establishment of greenways over School District lands, and for use of schools after hours for community programs.
- 8. Continue to work with the School District to explore opportunities for protecting, retaining, enhancing, and acquiring the open space components of these properties as City parks.
- 9. Retain the existing Fall Fair Grounds site for a variety of public recreation and community uses.

Indoor Recreation Facilities Policies

- 1. Continue to recognize, maintain and invest in the major recreation facilities (Rogers' Rink, SASCU Recreation Centre and Indoor Soccer / Multi-Use Arena) and monitor the needs of the community as identified in the Parks and Recreation Master Plan and future Recreation Facilities Master Plan.
- 2. Expansion, renovation and new development of recreation facilities shall be in alignment with the future Recreation Facilities Master Plan.
- 3 .Develop and improve partnerships with user groups, clubs, and surrounding communities for shared use of major indoor recreation facilities and to support facility development and programming.
- 4. Continually review the status of facilities, facility programming and user groups to ensure facilities are serving the recreational needs of the community.

Parks Policies

- 1. Existing and proposed parkland of each type is identified on Map 10.2 Existing and Proposed Parkland.
- 2. Develop and support the development of existing and proposed parks as shown on Map 10.2 Existing and Proposed Parkland in a phased manner as specified in Parks and Recreation Master Plan and as outlined in the City's Financial Plan.
- 3. In addition to those identified on Map 10.2 Existing and Proposed Parkland, parks may be developed anywhere in the City.
- 4. Development of parks shall be in alignment with the Parks and Recreation Master Plan and specific development plans (including the Blackburn Park, Canoe Beach Park, and Klahani Park Plans), as updated from time to time.
- 5. Consider the City and Provincial gravel pit operations as potential future Parks sites following the phasing out of gravel operations.
- 6. Ensure outdoor recreation facilities and parks are supported with adequate access, storage and sanitary facilities.
- 7. Consider adopting a policy (potentially within the future Recreation Facilities Master Plan) addressing the storage of sports equipment at City fields related to the use of shipping containers.

Greenways Policies

- 1. Existing and proposed greenways are identified on Map 10.1 Existing and Proposed Greenways.
- 2. Develop and support the development of existing and proposed greenways as shown on Map 10.1

Existing and Proposed Greenways in a phased manner as specified in the Greenways Strategy, Active Transportation Plan, and as outlined in the City's Long Range Financial Plan.

- 3. In addition to those identified on Map 10.1 Existing and Proposed Greenways, greenways may be developed anywhere in the City.
- 4. Use the Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw to include greenway dedication and ensure construction standards are met as a condition of subdivision or development approval
- 5. Work with and support community organizations and volunteers, including the Shuswap Trail Alliance, in implementing the Greenways Strategy, and Active Transportation Plan including: planning, acquisition, development and stewardship of greenways; infrastructure development; communication about the greenways network; and ongoing maintenance.
- 6. Develop and support the development of an active transportation network that provides connectivity between greenways, including multi-use paths, sidewalks, on-road bike routes and roadside corridor greenways that accommodate all users.

Parks and Greenways Acquisition and Development Policies

- 1. Acquire parks at the time of subdivision (including bareland strata subdivisions) in accordance with the provisions of the *Local Government Act*, comprising five percent of the subdivided land or an equivalent cash in lieu. The criteria for selection of the parkland should include the following considerations, among others:
- a. Whether the subdivision is in proximity to an existing park or linear greenway corridor and is suitable for expansion;
- b. Whether the subdivision is in proximity to a future park or linear greenway corridor as indicated on Map 10.2 Existing and Proposed Parkland;
- c. Whether the land dedicated as park is of a reasonable size and has characteristics suitable for park or greenway development;
- d. Park dedication that occurs in conjunction with storm detention ponds or facilities does not contribute to the required 5% parkland dedication; and
- e. Park dedication for Greenway may be dedicated as Road or Park and does not contribute toward the 5% required Parkland dedication.
- 2. For multi-phase developments, park dedication and/or development should occur in the first phases of development.
- 3. Support the protection of natural areas through the considered acquisition of environmentally sensitive areas as parks, including ravines, bluffs, riparian areas, habitat, and steep slopes, as important natural areas.
- 4. Require, at the discretion of City Council, land to be dedicated and paths, trails and roadside corridors to be constructed for greenways and active transportation corridors as a consideration for the approval of rezoning applications. Refer to Map 10.1 Existing and Proposed Greenways and the Greenways Strategy and Active Transportation Plan as a guide for determining the approximate locations for future greenways and the standards of greenway construction.
- 5. Require, at the discretion of the Approving Officer, land to be dedicated and paths, trails and roadside corridors to be constructed for greenways as a consideration for the approval of subdivision applications. Refer to Map 10.1 Existing and Proposed Greenways, the Greenways Strategy and

Active Transportation Plan as guides for determining the approximate locations for future corridors and the standards of construction.

- 6. Encourage/require greenway connections at the end of cul-de-sacs and in combination with emergency access routes to enhance connectivity between neighbourhoods wherever feasible.
- 7. Explore other methods for acquiring land for parks and greenways through the development process, such as density bonus, purchase, negotiation, donation and statutory right-of-way.

Lake Recreation Policies

- 1. Areas designated for Lake Recreation are identified on Map A-1.
- 2. The community marina and boat launches are shown on Map 10.3 Community Facilities.
- 3. Within the areas designated Lake Recreation, the water surface may accommodate all forms of water-oriented recreational activities, including marinas and marina facilities.
- 4. Explore locations for future public Lake access points (motorized and non-motorized).
- 5. The upland areas designated Lake Recreation may accommodate commercial and institutional uses, such as marinas, that support water-oriented recreational activities.
- 6. Discourage the construction of new or modified marinas and other marine facilities along Shuswap Lake unless they mitigate negative impacts on the lake, the natural riparian habitat, or the visual character of the shoreline, and they provide opportunities for public access to and along the shoreline.
- 7. Consider Developing guidelines or Development Permit Area to regulate the construction of new or modified marinas or other marine facilities on Shuswap Lake

Forest Reserve Policies

- 1. Forestry uses are permitted in areas designated as Forest Reserve subject to approval by the appropriate federal and provincial agencies. Forestry uses include silviculture, watersheds, timber extraction, compatible ranching and/or recreational activities.
- 2. Work with the appropriate federal and provincial agencies to preserve and manage critical scenic views and watersheds within the Forest Reserve area to protect important aesthetic values and essential timber and water resources.

Arts, Culture, Heritage, Social, and Community Services

Arts, Culture, Heritage, Social, and Community Services Objectives

To create inclusive spaces and places throughout the City.

To ensure residents of all ages, abilities, and backgrounds are represented in the community and can create, experience, and contribute to arts and culture within the City.

To ensure residents and visitors encounter art and culture in public places throughout the City as part of their daily experiences.

To design and program public spaces for public art, social interaction, and special cultural events.

To promote programs that celebrate local arts and culture and celebrate history and heritage.

To encourage and support community events, performances, and gathering spaces.

To increase education and awareness of different cultures.

To facilitate partnerships to improve and create new venues for arts and culture, entertainment and performance.

To promote the installation of public art in public and private developments.

To promote the preservation of community heritage.

To promote and support new activities to do in the evenings and activities for all ages.

To encourage age friendly opportunities that support young families and seniors.

To work with, support, and consult government agencies, community organizations and volunteer groups that provide diverse community and social services.

To encourage more efficient utilization of existing institutional lands.

To provide emergency and protective services consistent with the City's population and demographics.

To support health and education services consistent with the needs in the City and region.

To ensure all public facilities (recreational, municipal, etc.) are accessible to all ages, ethnicities, incomes and abilities.

To explore and implement opportunities to encourage and improve public participation by diverse members of the community in planning processes and community organizations.

Arts, Culture, Heritage, Social, and Community Services Policies General Policies

1. Map A-1 Land Use designates lands for institutional use and 10.3 Community Facilities identifies the locations of community facilities such as:

City Hall

Shuswap Regional Airport

Shuswap Lake General Hospital and other health care facilities

Salmon Arm Art Gallery

R. J. Haney Heritage Village and Museum

Public schools

Recreation facilities and community centres

Library

Places of worship

Cemeteries

Okanagan College

City Public Works Yard

Fire halls

Waste Water Treatment Plant, Water Pollution Control Centre, and regional landfill

RCMP detachment

Shelters

- 2. Acknowledge the role of community groups in providing arts, culture, heritage, and community services, and work in collaboration with these groups, particularly in terms of supporting volunteer organizations and encouraging shared facilities.
- 3. Continue to communicate and work cooperatively with community service agencies such as local service clubs, non-profit organizations, places of worship, the CSRD, educational institutions, the library, health care institutions, and provincial and federal agencies to promote a healthy community, to plan future facilities, to ensure a full spectrum of services, and to identify and work cooperatively to address emerging issues.
- 4. Consider accessory commercial and multi-unit residential developments on Institutional properties where this will not prevent or hinder the primary Institutional use.
- 5. Encourage major Institutional uses that serve the entire community, such as health care facilities, government buildings, and cultural facilities, to locate within the Downtown.
- 6. Encourage civic buildings to be located on the frontage of public squares, major streets or similar high profile locations with good visibility and accessibility and where buildings complement a development node (e.g. other civic, recreation, commercial, education, and/or cultural activities).
- 7. Develop a place naming policy for parks, buildings, and streets that includes community engagement and culturally appropriate guidelines.

Arts and Culture Policies

- 1. Update the Arts and Culture Master Plan periodically and work towards implementing the objectives identified in the plan.
- 2. Explore opportunities to establish an arts and cultural precinct in proximity to the existing theatres and art gallery.

- 3. Facilitate partnerships to build a Community Arts Centre, potentially including visual and performing arts, with capacity for a variety of programs and events.
- 4. Update the Performing Arts Theatre and expand public art spaces and venues Downtown.
- 5. Work with community partners to expand arts and culture programs that reflect the community's diversity.
- 6. Encourage public art in Downtown, in major public spaces, and on large development projects.
- 7. Partner with cultural groups and organizations to increase the visibility and recognition of the many cultures and traditions within the City and region.
- 8. Support initiatives and programs to increase education and awareness of different cultures.
- 9. Continue to support festivals and events that celebrate diversity (e.g. Gathering Together Festival, Pride Festival).
- 10. Encourage festivals throughout the year, beyond the summer months.

Heritage Preservation and Conservation Policies

- 1. Promote awareness of the City's heritage resources by implementing the recommendations of the Heritage Strategy, including additions to the Heritage Register.
- 2. Support the Community Heritage Commission with reoccurring updates to the Heritage Strategy.
- 3. Encourage the protection of the integrity of the sites and buildings on the Heritage Register.
- 4. Develop guidelines for alternations for buildings on the Heritage Register.
- 5. Develop management plans for City owned heritage buildings and properties.
- 6. Continue to support the three designated municipal heritage sites in the City: R.J. Haney House, Salmon Arm Art Gallery, and the Old Court House facade.
- 7. Encourage the sensitive adaptation of heritage buildings for other uses.
- 8. Encourage new development to respect buildings, sites, and features with heritage significance, even when those features are close to rather than within the development site.
- 9. Support the addition of more streets into the Historic Street Names Program.
- 10. Support the R.J. Haney Heritage Village and Museum in preserving an important representation of the City's heritage.
- 11. Integrate heritage resources into economic development and tourism strategies.
- 12. Support educational opportunities and events that reflect the community's diverse history.

Community Services Policies

- 1. Institutional uses, including schools, places of worship, health care facilities, libraries and provincial and federal offices are only supported within the Urban Containment Boundary.
- 2. Official Community Plan Amendment applications are not required to locate Institutional uses within the Urban Containment Boundary. Public input regarding locations may be received through the Public Hearing process associated with rezoning applications for new institutional uses.
- 3. Encourage Institutional uses to locate within convenient access of major transportation routes to ensure ease of accessibility and to minimize negative impacts on residential developments.
- 4. Ensure adequate space is designated in the growth strategy to accommodate health services in the community, ensuring convenient access for residents.
- 5. Support the creation of community spaces which are safe and support connection, particularly for marginalized groups (e.g. youth).
- 5. Work with the Shuswap Recreation Society on a recreational access strategy or plan to support access to low-barrier recreation and community programs.

Social Services Policies

- 1. Community support services and uses, such as shelters, transition/youth homes, daycares and other forms of social housing, are only supported within the Urban Containment Boundary.
- 2. Official Community Plan amendment applications are not required to locate community support services and uses within the Urban Containment Boundary. Public input regarding locations may be received through the public hearing process associated with any rezoning applications.
- 3. Acknowledge the role of federal and provincial levels of government and non-profit sectors as the main providers of social programs, facilities and services within the City, and work in a cooperative and supportive capacity with these service providers.
- 4. Clearly communicate and articulate the City's role in social development as being one of a facilitator and enabler, and not one of direct service provision.
- 5. Work with the Province and community partners to expand social wellbeing programs.
- 6. Support the development and expansion of programs for people dealing with mental health and substance use issues, housing insecurity, and job insecurity, especially Indigenous peoples and newcomers.
- 7. Develop an Anti-Racism Strategy in conjunction with community partners.
- 8. Support social planning through the following measures:
 - Liaise with community groups, not-for-profit organizations, and neighbourhoods;
 - Liaise with First Nations:

- Encourage increased efforts to engage with and support those with specific needs, e.g. children, youth, families, seniors, First Nations, and people with disabilities;
- Encourage and facilitate child care facilities and services, e.g. in new developments, places of employment, education, and cultural facilities;
- Continue to expand and improve inclusive and affordable recreation, arts, and culture programs for all age groups;
- Assist groups in acquiring grants or other types of funding from senior levels of government or other sources for social needs by providing the information that is necessary and assisting with contact information;
- Work with regional partners, encourage social issues to be considered in new
 development proposals where appropriate, recognizing that social issues may include
 affordable and accessible housing; daycare; transit; access to schools, recreation and
 government services; healthy, safe and violence-free communities; and
- Explain and support social issues during the review and presentation of development proposals.

Community Protection Policies

- 1. Continue to provide and maintain police protection service levels in accordance with the growing and changing needs of the community, working with the RCMP to ensure rational costs and efficient service delivery.
- 2. Continue to provide and maintain bylaw enforcement service levels in accordance with the growing and changing needs of the community.
- 3. Utilize Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design's three basic strategies natural access control, natural surveillance, and territorial reinforcement to address the security, safety, and well-being of residents.

School and Childcare Policies

- 1. Work with School District No. 83 in the planning of new school sites to meet future needs.
- 2. Work with School District No. 83 in planning for future land use options for lands which may become surplus to the School District's needs.
- 3. Support and work with School District No. 83 in the development of a School Site Acquisition Costs program.
- 4. Encourage the joint development of neighbourhood parks, community recreation, and school sites.
- 5. Continue using the Joint Partnership Agreement with School District No. 83 for the funding and development of sports fields and related facilities, and for the use of schools for after-hour community programs.
- 6. Explore the idea of daycare as a use in all land use designations to support more childcare facilities.

Economic Development

Objectives

To maintain and improve community affordability.

To maintain low unemployment levels.

To support sustainable economic development, including low-emission industries and clean technology.

To assist in creating a diverse economy and economic base.

To help create stable employment opportunities and earn a living wage.

To ensure that jobs are well connected to housing by foot, bike, and transit.

Policies

- 1. Continue to support a strong economic base by:
 - high level planning for the servicing of new land associated with business and job creation (e.g. agricultural processing and industrial/manufacturing);
 - supporting the efforts of the Salmon Arm Economic Development Society;
 - striving to protect industrial and commercial lands for future industrial and commercial uses;
 - striving to protect the natural environment;
 - encouraging environmentally friendly industries, green infrastructure;
 - supporting the protection of heritage resources;
 - maintaining the Urban Containment Boundary, supporting development within and limited growth and development outside of the Urban Containment Boundary.
- 2. Continue to support and partner with the Salmon Arm Economic Development Society (SAEDS) as part of providing economic development services to the community.
- 3. Continue to support SAEDS to manage any Municipal and Regional District Tax (MRDT) program to disburse these funds for local economic development initiatives.
- 4. Continue to support the tourism industry and tourism development programs.
- 5. Protect commercially zoned lands from redesignation or rezoning to residential uses, unless other significant priorities or objectives are achieved.
- 6. Protect industrially zoned lands from redesignation or rezoning to residential uses, unless other significant priorities or objectives are achieved.
- 7. Through the rewrite of the Zoning Bylaw, seek to
 - expand opportunities for commercial uses (e.g. convenience stores, coffee shops, and restaurants in neighbourhood) particularly in the Canoe, Hillcrest and Raven areas;
 - the City will expand opportunities to allow live-work options in both commercial and residential areas.
- 8. In any review of transit services, the City will seek to improve connectivity especially transit connections to provide enhanced employee access to industrial areas.

- 9. Work with SAEDS to support programs aimed at increasing workforce housing and employee skills and training opportunities.
- 10. Work with SAEDS to support programs aimed at circular economy principles and programs.
- 11. Support SAEDS in promoting industrial businesses that are complementary to and utilize the strengths of the community.
- 12. Support the SAEDS in promoting commercial businesses that are complementary to and utilize the strengths of the community.



Transportation

Transportation Objectives

To provide a variety of transportation options for residents and visitors that are safe, efficient, and less carbon intensive.

To improve walking and cycling opportunities by improving sidewalks and bike routes associated with the road network.

To expand the route network and frequency of public transit.

To support improved services at the Shuswap Regional Airport (Salmon Arm).

To ensure necessary parking is available in the City while minimizing its impact on the urban character.

Transportation Policies

General Policies

- 1. Develop, improve and maintain a suitable transportation network that supports the various functions that are intended, while:
 - maintaining sufficient flexibility to respond to changing needs;
 - ensuring the provision and safety of all modes of transportation;
 - encouraging reduced reliance on private automobiles;
 - encouraging increased use of walking, cycling and transit, through the construction of new infrastructure; and
 - supporting policies respecting development of a compact community with complete neighbourhoods providing local services.

Active Transportation General Policies

- 1. Continue to encourage and support active transportation through implementation of the Active Transportation Network (ATN) Plan.
- 2. Focus on key priority connections established by the ATN Plan based on high demand and high need areas that either currently experience, or have the potential for generating, the highest levels of active trips. (e.g. uptown to downtown connection, connections to schools).
- 3. Prioritize the connections to key destinations including schools, employment centres, parks, shopping centres, healthcare, recreation sites, places of worship, and municipal buildings.
- 4. Require adequate lighting along active transportation routes taking into consideration different levels of lighting to enhance safety.
- 5. Encourage multi-use pathways in priority active transportation corridors to serve all active transportation users.
- 6. Ensure year round maintenance of active transportation infrastructure.
- 7. Identify funding sources for the installation of active transportation infrastructure.

8. Partner with School District No. 83 to promote walking or rolling to school by identifying safe routes to schools.

Pedestrian Policies

- 1. For subdivision and development purposes and capital works planning, sidewalks should be required as follows:
 - along the frontages of commercial, multi-family residential, and institutional parcels;
 - · along both sides of arterial and collector roads; and
 - along one side of local roads in low density residential areas.
- 2. Encourage the separation of sidewalks from the vehicle portion of roads with grass boulevards and street trees, where space, utilities, and topography permit.
- 3. Ensure sidewalk and multi-use path design incorporates accessible design elements. Require trail, sidewalk, or multi-use path connections between neighbourhoods through the subdivision process to create pedestrian connectivity and neighbourhood linkages.
- 4. Fill gaps in the pedestrian network based on priority.
- 5. Explore opportunities to create pedestrian-only streets, temporarily, seasonally, or permanently.
- 6. Enhance the pedestrian experience along pedestrian centered streets and in places of cultural significance.

Bicycle and Rolling Policies

- 1. Continue to enhance the safety of cyclists by improving cycling infrastructure, including the construction of bike lanes along the bike routes identified in the ATN Plan and on Map 13.1 Cycle Network Plan.
- 2. Separate bike lanes through barriers such as planter boxes, concrete barriers, flexible delineator posts, or grade changes.
- 3. Develop a complete and connected cycling network for people of all ages and abilities that connects to key destinations.
- 4. Support multi-modal trips by providing bike racks on buses and bike parking at bus stops.
- 5. Consider amendments to the Zoning Bylaw that:
 - Improve the safety of users by physically separating bicycle and rolling lanes from vehicular traffic destinations (as identified in ATN Plan or Map 13.1 or Map 10.1) in Salmon Arm based on priority.
 - Encourage end of trip facilities such as showers, lockers, ebike and escooter charging stations, bike storage, bike repair stations, and bike lock ups.
 - Provide bike lock-up facilities in key destinations such as downtown, parks and beaches, and at festivals.
 - Identify bicycle parking requirements.
- 6. Consider amendments to the Development Permit Process that will encourage bicycle parking and storage in new multi-family and mixed use developments.

Transit Policies

- 1. Expand the route network and frequency of transit as required to service demand.
- 2. Conduct a transit study and develop a plan for future transit expansion.
- 3 .Work with the Columbia Shuswap Regional District to support enhanced regional transit options.
- 4. Consider transit infrastructure and the feasibility of transit service delivery during the subdivision process.
- 5. Work with BC Transit to improve the experience of and convenience of using transit, by offering multiple payment methods.
- 6. Work with School District No. 83 to ensure routes and schedules coordinate with and meet the needs of students.
- 7. Ensure that the transit network is taken into account in the planning and design of Arterial and Collector Roads.
- 8. Coincide public transit routing and service frequency with the sequence of development in the City to address the needs of higher concentrated populations and to achieve the most cost-effective operation.
- 9. Increase HandyDART service levels.
- 10. Encourage transit use by ensuring that good pedestrian infrastructure, bike parking, and benches are located near transit stops.
- 11. Ensure transit stops are accessible by a variety of other transportation modes and by people of varying mobility levels.
- 12. Identify other funding sources for public transit service delivery.

Vehicular Policies

1. The Road Network Plan shown on Map 13.2 was developed to service current and future growth areas, recognizing provincial highway functions. The Road Network Plan consists of the following components:

Provincial Highways;

Arterial Roads:

Collector Roads: and

Local Roads.

Advanced road network plans for Growth Areas A, B, and C – with maps are under development.

- 2. Develop a Complete Streets program to create (future) road network plans.
- 3. Review existing truck routes and explore alternative routes.
- 4. Update a City wide Transportation Master Plan which should include a review of:

- traffic patterns;
- projections; and
- potential impacts along the road network, including safety for non-vehicular modes of transportation and potential mitigation strategies.
- 5. The Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw may identify exceptions to the road and highway right-of-way widths, including reductions or increases in certain locations or circumstances.
- 6. Improve road safety in rural areas by encouraging lower speeds through traffic calming infrastructure.
- 7. Ensure right-of-way widths for roads in designated areas include space for active transportation infrastructure.
- 8. Prepare policies and procedures for funding the acquisition of additional lands required to accommodate 25 metre rights-of-way for arterial roads.
- 9. All roads not designated as provincial highways, arterial roads, or collector roads on Map 13.2 Road Network Plan are classified as local roads.

Provincial Highway Policies

- 1. The designated Provincial Highways shown on Map 13.2 Road Network Plan are the Trans Canada Highway and Highway 97B.
- 2. Work with the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure (MOTI) to carefully consider subdivision or changes in land use designations which require new access requirements along Provincial Highways.
- 3. Development may be permitted in the Highway Service/Tourist Commercial and City Centre designations along the Trans Canada Highway and Highway 97B corridors in accordance with this plan prior to the development of frontage or service roads, provided that sufficient land area is reserved for same and restrictive covenants are registered on title that will prohibit direct highway access once those roads are constructed.
- 4. Work with MOTI to undertake immediate planning to establish the concept and right-of-way requirements for frontage or service roads.
- 5. Work with MOTI to improve the Provincial Highways as part of the City's long-term road network as follows:
 - plan for an additional intersection or improvements on Highway 97B for the Salmon Arm Industrial Park;
 - plan for intersection improvements at Highway 97B and 10 Avenue SE; and
 - plan for intersection improvements on the Trans Canada Highway at 50 Street NE in Canoe.
- 6. Work with MOTI to minimize the negative impacts of the Trans Canada Highway on the community by improving safety and crossing opportunities for all modes of transportation, and improving maintenance along the highway right-of-way.

Parking and Loading Policies

- 1. Review parking requirements in the Zoning Bylaw and the Downtown Specified Parking Area to ensure a sufficient parking supply while minimizing impacts on urban character.
- 2. Create a balanced parking strategy to support businesses while also encouraging alternate transportation modes.
- 3. Consider the feasibility of a parking structure/parkade downtown to free up commercial land currently used for surface parking.
- 4. Ensure adequate parking and loading zones for goods delivery in commercial areas both onstreet and through the Development Permit process.

Rail System Policies

- 1. Work with Canadian Pacific Kansas City (CPKC) Rail to explore means of addressing noise, safety and crossing opportunities for all modes of transportation, emergency situations, the transportation of hazardous goods, and the visual impacts of the railway right-of-way on the community.
- 2. Work with CPKC Rail to develop a grade-separated cyclist and pedestrian crossing of the rail line between the Growth Area C (Map 4.1) and the foreshore trail in the vicinity of the Raven neighbourhood.

Air Transport Policies

1. Figure 1 delineates the Shuswap Regional Airport (Salmon Arm) operational area and approach corridor.

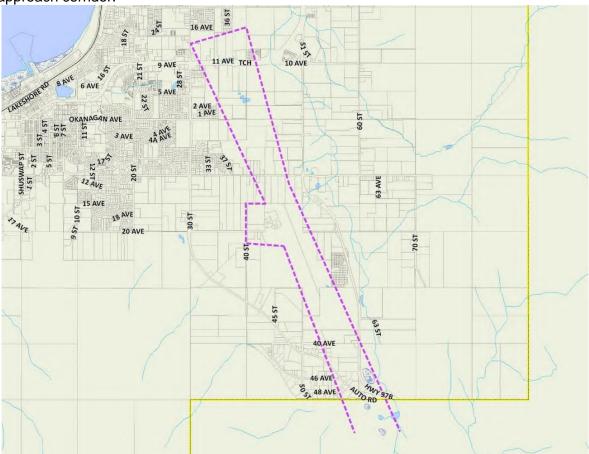


Figure 1: Shuswap Regional Airport (Salmon Arm) Operational Area and Approach Corridor

- 2. Protect the airport approach corridor for air operations by implementing the following land use criteria through a Zoning Bylaw Overlay:
 - restrict the height of buildings and structures through zoning controls or aerial easements:
 - restrict land uses which would be adversely impacted by excessive aircraft noise or contribute to conflicts with air operations;
 - implement land use controls to minimize problems of electrical interference (transmission towers, etc.), trees (e.g. height), and bird hazard (landfills, etc.); and
 - comply with operational restrictions of senior government agencies (e.g. Canadian Aviation Regulation).
- 3. Support the concept of one common use facility at the Shuswap Regional Airport (Salmon Arm) to discourage ad hoc, unlicensed facilities. Emergency helipads may be permitted elsewhere, however these are not of a general commercial nature but primarily an intermittent emergency activity to facilitate movement of patients and medical personnel.
- 4. Helipads may be permitted as an accessory use in conjunction with commercial or industrial operations subject to such facilities having no provision for on-site fueling, maintenance or storage of aircraft.

5. Continue to recognize and support the Shuswap Regional Airport (Salmon Arm) as an important transportation asset.

Water Transport Policies

- 1. Areas designated for Lake Recreation on Map A-1 Land Use may accommodate all forms of water-orientated activities including marinas and marine facilities.
- 2. Where adjoining the General Industrial designation in Canoe, Lake Recreation areas may accommodate water access and other activities ancillary to the industrial activity (e.g., log transport and storage).
- 3. Floatplane operations and support facilities may be allowed in conjunction with the City's Marine Park wharf and marina facility, provided mitigation measures are taken to address potential disturbance to environmental resources of the foreshore.
- 4. Restrict floatplanes to landing in the Lake Recreation designation area and taxiing to the wharf to address potential disturbance to environmental resources of the foreshore.
- 5. Explore the feasibility of inter community water taxis and services between Canoe and the Wharf and between Canoe and Herald Provincial Park.

Utilities and Infrastructure

Utilities and Infrastructure Objectives

To develop and manage utilities in a manner that emphasizes energy conservation, environmental sustainability, and fiscal responsibility.

To manage the City's infrastructure systems consistent with best practices.

To improve the City's stormwater system based on best practices to improve water quality and quantity in watercourses and Shuswap Lake.

To integrate green infrastructure into storm water management infrastructure and protect ecosystem function.

To improve the City's management of solid waste in partnership with the CSRD.

Utilities and Infrastructure Policies General Servicing Strategy Policies

- 1. Continue to provide water, sanitary sewer, and storm drainage utilities consistent with the phasing of Growth Areas A, B, C and E. (see Map 4.1).
- 2. Continue to carry out an infrastructure analyses through capital asset management and use this information to identify priorities for upgrading and improving the system.
- 3. Manage water, sanitary sewer, and storm drainage utilities in a manner that emphasizes energy conservation, environmental sustainability and fiscal responsibility. Consider long term maintenance programs and cost effective operation of existing and future services in relation to financial sustainability when planning new utilities.
- 4. Continue to develop demand management strategies for water (e.g. reducing water use through metering, conservation measures, low water-use fixtures and appliances).
- 5. Upgrade or require upgrading of services in existing serviced areas to accommodate cost effective redevelopment to higher densities. Priority setting and evaluation will occur primarily through formal infrastructure planning and the capital budget process.
- 6. Municipal utilities in the Forest Reserve, Salmon Valley Agriculture and Acreage Reserve zoning designations should not exceed the existing standard or be extended, except for the municipal water system outlined in Section 6 Rural & Agriculture.
- 7. Review the Development Cost Charge Bylaw on a regular basis to ensure the changes are appropriate and consistent with the Long Term Financial Plan.
- 8. Continue to use the Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw to identify the works and services (e.g., roads, water, sanitary, storm drainage, sidewalks, street lights) required at the time of subdivision, building permit or development approval.
- 9. Continue to communicate and work cooperatively with other private utility providers within the City, including annual capital planning consultations, towards the provision of a full range of efficient, effective, modern services to resident subscribers.

10. Upgrading of local infrastructure beyond current service levels may be considered through use of local service area provisions where the project is funded primarily by benefiting property owners.

Water Policies

- 1. Support extensions of the water system within the Urban Containment Boundary consistent with the phasing of Growth Areas A, B, C and E.
- 2. Consider extensions of the water system to existing developments outside the Urban Containment Boundary when the project is funded primarily by the benefitting property owners.
- 3. The City will not support the establishment of new private community water systems within the City.
- 4. The City will not assume responsibility for the maintenance and operation of any private community water systems already operating within the City.
- 5. Prepare and implement water source protection strategies for the City's potable water supply sources as follows:
- 6. Work in cooperation with other watershed stakeholders to implement the recommendations of the Water Source Protection Plan for the East Canoe Creek watershed as shown on Map 14.3 Water System.
- 7. Complete a water source protection strategy for the City's Shuswap Lake potable water source and where appropriate work with other Shuswap Lake watershed stakeholders, including the Shuswap Lake Integrated Planning Process.
- 8. Address deficiencies in fire flow capabilities (insufficient volume or pressure for firefighting) within the water system at the time of subdivision or development approval.
- 9. Update and implement a comprehensive water conservation strategy, including outdoor water use restrictions, water metering options and conservation based water rates.

Sanitary Sewer Policies

- 1. Support extensions of the sanitary sewer system within the Urban Containment Boundary (UCB) consistent with the phasing of Growth Areas A, B, C and E.
- 2. The City will not support the extension of the sanitary sewer system outside the UCB. Private sanitary sewer connections outside the UCB may be considered for existing developments where main extensions are not required, subject to Council approval.
- 3. Continue to manage the City's sanitary sewer system consistent with best practices and the City's Liquid Waste Management Plan.
- 4. Outside the Urban Containment Boundary, septic tank and ground disposal will continue to be the primary method of disposing of sewage effluent, subject to the regulations of the Interior Health Authority and Ministry of Environment. Ground disposal or satellite wastewater treatment plants may be considered for developments within the Urban Containment Boundary when connections cannot be feasibly made to the City system, and groundwater resources can be protected.

Storm Drainage Policies

- 1. Periodically review and update the City's Integrated Stormwater Management Plan, including recommendations on best practices for managing rainwater and stormwater to protect and enhance water quality and quantity in watercourses.
- 2. Encourage stormwater utilities to be designed and constructed in an environmentally sensitive manner using best management practices (e.g. with permeable absorbent landscapes, natural filtration of water using vegetation, slowing runoff rates). Communicate these best management practices to the public and to developers.
- 3. Require new development to address rainwater and stormwater management, ensuring that post-development flows off the site do not exceed pre-development flows.
- 4. Continue to use the existing natural drainage pattern as the primary storm drainage system and use stormwater detention/retention as the principal means of meeting the objective of maintaining post-development flows at pre-development levels.
- 5. Require new development to undertake on-site siltation control measures where runoff could enter the stormwater system or could damage nearby ecosystems.

Green Infrastructure Policies

- 1. Utilize the ecological services of green infrastructure (such as rainwater capture and water quality treatment) wherever possible.
- 2. Conduct an inventory of green infrastructure assets in the community.
- 3. Review the Subdivision and Development Control Bylaw to include green infrastructure provisions.
- 4. Conduct an inventory of the City's storm water ditches to determine purpose, function and the appropriate level of service.

Solid Waste Policies

- 1. Continue to use the landfill in the City and other infrastructure managed by the Columbia Shuswap Regional District for all solid waste, recycling and organics programs.
- 2. Ensure that an adequate buffer is maintained around the landfill and that appropriate land uses are allowed in the buffer, to ensure minimal impact to landfill operations.
- 3. Continue to work cooperatively with the Columbia Shuswap Regional District regarding operation and management of the landfill, and the curbside garbage, organics and recycling pick-up programs.
- 4. Continue to work cooperatively with the Columbia Shuswap Regional District regarding implementation of any recommendations of an updated Solid Waste Management Plan, and any waste prevention and diversion strategies.
- 5. Continue with and enhance the residential recycling collection program.
- 6. Support the development of proposed new recycling collection facilities in industrial areas.
- 7. Continue and review and enhance the residential organics collection program to divert more materials from the landfill, working with commercial operators and collections from multi family and

commercial properties.

- 8. Consider developing policy regarding the diversion of construction and demolition waste from the waste stream.
- 9. Develop policy around solid waste and recycling collection facilities in the multi family residential Development Permit Area Guidelines.



Potential Hazard Areas

Potential Hazard Areas Objectives

To protect human life and property from potential hazards.

To enhance community safety and resiliency from climate related hazards.

To minimize human activities and development that increase hazards.

To plan for potential hazards associated with climate change.

To direct development away from areas subject to hazards.

Potential Hazard Areas Policies

- 1. The floodplain is identified as the 1:200 year floodplain and is shown on Map 15.1 Potential Hazard Areas.
- 2. The floodplain is subject to the Potential Hazardous Development Permit Area guidelines of Section 16 Development Permit Areas.
- 3 .Steep slopes are identified as slopes over 30% as shown on Map 15.1 Potential Hazard Areas. Steep slopes are subject to the Potential Hazardous Development Permit Area guidelines of Section Section 16 Development Permit Areas.
- 4. Review and update the Hazardous Areas Development Permit Area guidelines and other development permit area guidelines, particularly to consider:
 - hazards related to wildfire;
 - creating a possible Wildfire Interface Development Permit Area; and
 - creating FireSmart BC aligned landscaping standards.
- 5. Review and update the floodplain provisions of the Zoning Bylaw.
- 6. Consider options for regulating the removal and deposition of soils and other fill materials.
- 7. To mitigate the risks associated with wildfire hazards, lands outside the Urban Containment Boundary (Map 4.1 Urban Containment Boundary), will be required, as a condition of rezoning or subdivision approval, to register a *Land Title Act* s. 219 restrictive covenant on title. The covenant shall notify land owners that the land may be at the risk of wildfire, and that owners should take appropriate precautions in accordance with FireSmart BC principles. The covenants shall also save the City harmless in the event of a wildfire.
- 8. Continue to encourage property owners to follow FireSmart BC principles to protect their property, including conducting assessments and possible incentives.
- 9. Periodically review and update its' Community Wildfire Protection (or preparedness) Plan.
- 10. Continue and expand fire smart initiatives and wildfire related educational programming through the Fire Department.
- 11. Create an annual line item / amount in the budget for wildfire management purposes and

projects.

- 12. Continue to work with the Columbia Shuswap Regional District and the Shuswap Emergency Program in preparing and responding to hazards and emergencies in the City and the region, and should participate in any multi-jurisdictional emergency management organizations if established.
- 13. Work with the Columbia Shuswap Regional District and the Shuswap Emergency Program in the preparation of any:
 - Risk assessment of hazards;
 - Emergency management plan(s); and
 - Emergency evacuation plan(s) (particularly for vulnerable populations)
 - Establishing areas for emergency response and rapid deployment
- 14. Continue to support Rap Attack services adjacent to the airport.
- 15. Consider the use of municipal facilities in case of emergencies such as cooling and warming centres.
- 16. When property located in areas of established wildfire risk is transferred to the City, the City should ensure that any wildfire fuel modification is completed prior to the transfer being completed.
- 17. Complete a corporate business continuity plan for the City.
- 18. Restrict development on steep slopes over 30%, and ensure that these areas are retained as public or private natural open space.
- 19. Consider incorporating the Guidelines for New Development in Proximity to Railway Operations, prepared by the Federation of Canadian Municipalities into the relevant provisions of the Zoning Bylaw or Development Permit Area Guidelines.
- 20. Develop a steep slopes development permit area or create steep slopes regulations within the Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw to ensure appropriate servicing standards on steep slopes, and to:
 - ensure slope stability
 - address geotechnical concerns
 - retain significant tree cover (recognizing the challenges of retaining patches of trees on steep slopes)
 - encourage tree replacement planting
 - minimize cut, fill and the need for retaining walls

DEVELOPMENT PERMIT AREA GUIDELINES

- A. Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas Development Permit Area
- B. Multi Family Residential Development Permit Area
- C. Infill Residential Development Permit Area
- D. Downtown Commercial Development Permit Area
- E. Highway Service/Tourist Commercial and Neighbourhood Commercial Development Permit Areas
- F. Industrial Development Permit Area
- G. Potential Hazard Areas Development Permit Area
- H. Farm Protection Development Permit Area

A. Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas Development Permit Area

Designation

Pursuant to Section 488(1)(f) of the *Local Government Act*, all Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas shown on Map XX Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas are designated Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas Development Permit Areas. These Development Permit Areas affect all parcels of land adjacent to or containing a watercourse or stream as defined in the Riparian Areas Protection Regulation. The Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas Development Permit Area is equivalent to the riparian assessment area of the Riparian Areas Regulation RAPR, and means:

- a) for a stream, the 30 metre strip on both sides of the stream measured from the high water mark:
- b) for a ravine less than 60 metres wide, a strip on both sides of the stream measured from the high watermark to a point that is 30 metres beyond the top of the ravine bank; and
- c) for a ravine 60 metres wide or greater, a strip on both sides of the stream measured from the high water mark to a point that is 10 metres beyond the top of the ravine bank.

Objectives

To protect Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas that, through their protection, will help in meeting the following objectives:

- a) protection of environmentally sensitive areas;
- b) prevention or reduction of air, land, and water pollution;
- c) protection of quality and quantity of groundwater and surface water;
- d) conservation of scarce resources; and
- e) protection of fish and fish habitats.

Application

Unless a Development Permit waiver has been issued, all properties shown as Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas on Map 9.1 Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas will require a Development Permit prior to:

- a) alteration of land;
- b) subdivision; or
- c) construction of, addition to, or alteration of a building or structure. For information, development as defined in the Riparian Areas Regulation means any of the following associated with or resulting from the local government regulation or approval of residential, commercial, or industrial activities or ancillary activities:
- d) removal, alteration, disruption or destruction of vegetation;
- e) disturbance of soils;
- f) construction or erection of buildings or structures;
- g) creation of non-structural impervious or semi-pervious surfaces;
- h) flood protection works;
- i) construction of roads, trails, docks, wharves, and bridges;
- j) provision and maintenance of sewer and water services;
- k) development of drainage systems;
- I) development of utility corridors;
- m) subdivision as defined in Section 455 of the Local Government Act

Exemptions

A Development Permit is not required if the proposed project or development consists only of:

- Actions and activities performed by federal, provincial or City staff or their contractors to prevent, control, or reduce flooding, erosion, slope failure or other immediate threats to life or property, including:
- b) emergency flood or erosion protection works;
- c) clearing of an obstruction from a bridge, culvert or drainage flow;
- d) repairs to bridges or safety fences.
- e) The emergency removal of dangerous or hazardous trees or tree limbs;
- f) The implementation or construction of a fish habitat restoration plan previously authorized by the relevant federal or provincial agencies;
- g) The construction or maintenance of public facilities by federal, provincial or City agencies; and
- h) A renovation or alteration that does not expand the existing building footprint; and in the case of an exterior renovation or alteration does not include any action that would be considered a disturbance of the feature being protected
- i) for farm or agricultural activities which are subject to the Farm Protection (Right to Farm)
 Act (where the Riparian Areas Regulation does not apply to agriculture). Other
 legislation such as the Federal Fisheries Act or the Provincial Water Sustainability Act
 may apply to farm or agriculture activities.

Waivers

Before making application for a Development Permit, property owners or their agents may submit a "Waiver Application" to determine whether the proposed development qualifies for a waiver of the Development Permit process. Qualifying projects may be issued a waiver in the following circumstances:

- a. The registration of a restrictive covenant on the subject property by the owner in favour of and to the satisfaction of the City that protects the riparian assessment area from development as defined in the Riparian Areas Regulation and specifies how the area is to be protected and/or maintained.
- b. Notification to the City by the Ministry of the Environment that an assessment certified by a Qualified Environmental Professional to identify the streamside protection and enhancement area has been approved in accordance with the Riparian Areas Protection Regulation and the registration of a restrictive covenant on the subject property by the owner in favour of and to the satisfaction of the City that protects the streamside protection and enhancement area identified in the assessment and specifies how the area is to be protected and/or maintained.

An applicant for a Waiver may be required to submit a plan prepared by a Qualified Environmental Professional (QEP) that identifies the high water mark (and/or top of ravine bank) and the boundaries of the riparian area assessment area and/or the streamside protection and enhancement area as identified in a certified assessment prepared by the QEP. The plan may be required to be a schedule as part of a restrictive covenant registered as a condition of a Waiver approval, and as such would need to be prepared by a BC Land Surveyor (BCLS).

Any breach of the Waiver terms may result in the cancellation of the waiver. Such cancellation may require that the property owner apply for a Development Permit. The granting of a Waiver does not absolve the applicant from other necessary approvals (e.g. Building Permits etc.). Where a Waiver cannot be granted, a Development Permit will be required before the project can proceed.

Guidelines

- 1. In issuing conditions relating to a Development Permit Waiver or in issuing Development Permit conditions, the City may specify how Development Permit objectives can be satisfied. This includes, but is not limited to, consideration of the following:
- a) Protect unique or special natural features such as land forms, rock outcroppings, mature trees and vegetation, drainage courses, wetlands, hilltops and ridge lines;
- b) Retain mature vegetation wherever possible;
- c) Use low-flow or drip irrigation systems that minimize the use of water;
- d) Where land and/or natural vegetation is disturbed or damaged, restore the area with plants indigenous to the area or other appropriate plants;
- e) Not obstructing or causing impediments to the channel or flow of a stream, creek, watercourse, ditch, drain, or sewer whether or not it is located on private property;
- f) Retain, in a largely undisturbed state throughout and after the development process (unless there exists a hazardous condition which can only be addressed by disturbing the site), an area of land immediately adjacent to the watercourse or stream as defined in the Riparian Areas Regulation. The area to remain free of development is referred to as the riparian assessment area.
- 2. The width of the riparian assessment area shall be as defined in the Riparian Areas Protection Regulation. Relaxation of a SPEA may be considered only by notification to the City by the Ministry of Environment that an assessment certified by a Qualified Environmental Professional to identify the streamside protection and enhancement area has been prepared in accordance with the Riparian Areas Regulation.
- 3. The City may consider Zoning Bylaw variances, where necessary, in order to prevent, or minimize encroachment into the riparian assessment area. The changes that may be considered include, but are not limited to:
- a) Reducing setbacks,
- b) Increasing the allowable site coverage of buildings,
- c) Increasing maximum building height,
- d) Reducing parking space requirements.
- 4. In order to determine the location of an Environmentally Sensitive Riparian Areas Development Permit Area on a parcel, a property owner/agent may be required to submit a plan prepared by a BC Land Surveyor (BCLS) that identifies the high water mark (and/or top of ravine bank) and the boundaries of the riparian area assessment area and/or the streamside protection and enhancement area as identified in a certified assessment prepared by a Qualified Environmental Professional.
- 5. The City may, where a Development Permit is required, require registration of a restrictive covenant to specify how the lands are to be protected and/or maintained.
- 6. The City may, in order to achieve satisfaction of the above-noted guidelines, issue a Development Permit Waiver or Development Permit that:
- a) imposes conditions respecting the sequence and timing of construction.
- b) varies a bylaw dealing with subdivision servicing requirements (by Council) or zoning requirements (other than issues relating to use or density).
- c) includes requirements and conditions or sets standards for:
- areas of land that must remain free of development, except in accordance with any conditions contained in the permit;

- specified natural features or areas to be preserved, protected, restored or enhanced;
- creek beds to be returned to the Crown;
- Riparian Areas to be protected;
- works to be constructed to preserve, protect, restore or enhance natural watercourses or other specified natural features of the environment including the incorporation of xeriscape (drought resistant, low water requirement) planting;
- protection measures, including that vegetation or trees be planted or retained in order to:
- conserve, protect, restore or enhance fish habitat or riparian areas,
- control drainage,
- control erosion or protect stream/watercourse banks.
- 7. The City may, where a Development Permit Waiver or Development Permit is required, request the applicant to provide, at the applicant's expense, development approval information:
- a. Development approval information may be required if the effects of the proposed development in relation to Development Permit objectives, OCP policies, and other City bylaws and regulations cannot be fully assessed based on information otherwise available. Development approval information will be used to assist the City in determining conditions or requirements to be imposed in the permit;
- b. Development approval information may include, in accordance with the Riparian Areas Regulation, an assessment approved by the Province to identify the riparian assessment area and/or streamside protection and enhancement area; and
- c. Development approval information may include a plan prepared by a BC Land Surveyor (BCLS) that identifies the high water mark (and/or top of ravine bank) and the boundaries of the riparian assessment area and/or the streamside protection and enhancement area as identified in the certified assessment prepared by the Qualified Environmental Professional.
- 8. The City may, where a Development Permit is required, require the registration of a restrictive covenant on the subject property by the owner in favour of and to the satisfaction of the City of Salmon Arm that protects the SPEA area identified in a certified assessment prepared by a Qualified Environmental Professional and specifies how the area is to be protected and/or maintained.

B. Multi Family Residential Development Permit Area

Designation

Pursuant to Section 488(1)(f) of the *Local Government Act*, all land within the Medium and High Density Residential designated areas, as shown on Map A-1 Land Use, is designated "Multi-family Development Permit Area" and shall require a Development Permit (DP) for all residential development.

Objectives

To promote quality building, site and landscape design with high architectural standards that support the objectives of this OCP.

To ensure new multiple family housing development projects respond to and address local site conditions.

To promote landscape design requiring enhanced parcel permeability and tree cover.

To encourage safe pedestrian and vehicle access within and around multi-family developments.

To encourage the development of safe, functional, and livable multi family developments and neighbourhoods.

Application Submission Requirements

Development Permit application submissions must meet the following minimum requirements:

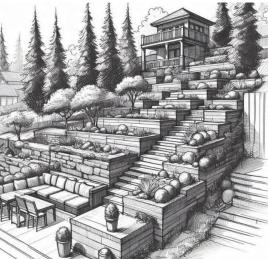
- Site plans must be scaled and include dimensioned parcel boundaries and setbacks; pedestrian and vehicular access and parking layouts; refuse and recycling container areas; and any mechanical equipment;
- Grading and drainage plans must indicate existing and proposed grades, proposed building floor elevations, coverage, layout, and elevations at top and bottom of steps and retaining walls; and surface materials with calculations of permeable surfaces, on-site infiltration areas and proposed drainage and stormwater management;
- c. Architectural drawings, prepared by a registered architect or qualified professional compliant with the BC Architect Act, must illustrate building design, massing, materials, finishes and colours;
- d. Landscape plans, prepared by a registered landscape architect or qualified/experienced horticulturalist, must indicate existing vegetation to be retained and protected; hard surfacing; steps and retaining walls; a planting plan and list showing the number, species and sizes of proposed plants. The extent and type of irrigation, and amenity features, e.g. site furniture, play areas, gathering areas; and address/directional sign plan;
- e. Applicants are recommended that prior to commencing a DP submission preparation, to consult with the City's Planning Department to determine any site-specific requirements and considerations.

Greater Site and Building-Siting Guidelines

The design approach to the site and building siting shall:

- a. take advantage of existing site topography while retaining as much natural vegetation, especially mature healthy trees, and unique site features as possible;
- b. minimize the use of monolithic retaining walls where possible, and to break any retaining structures into stepped, smaller increments not exceeding 2.0 in height for any single retaining wall;





Stepped retaining walls

c. situate the building(s) in relation to these site features and amenities, parks, greenways, etc. delineating clearly between public, semi-private and private spaces;



Public, private and semi-privates spaces are clearly defined

- d. consider the safety and security of residents in the design and layout of the development with a focus on Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles;
- e. strongly discourage walled or gated developments that completely block off visibility from the street;
- f. set parking away from the dominant street frontage with clear safe vehicle ingress/egress;



Screen parking areas from the street

g. provide and design quality outdoors spaces for residents that foster social gatherings, physical fitness for all ages, structured or unstructured play, and/or gardening;



Create quality gathering spaces

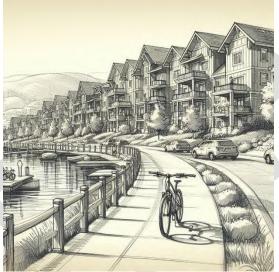
- h. prioritize on-site outdoor children's play areas in landscaped areas for those developments located in excess of 400m of a public playground;
- create safe non-vehicular transportation connections from the dominant street frontage and access points to all of the buildings outdoor spaces;
- j. create new developments that are universally accessible and inclusive for all ages, abilities, and needs.





Create safe pedestrian connections to buildings

 create pedestrian and cycling connections that provide both internal connectivity and efficient links to existing or planned neighbouring sidewalks and trails on adjacent streets or adjacent developments;





Create safe bicycle connections

- Bicycle racks, lockers or indoor storage should be provided in secure areas with good visibility, access, and lighting, and located preferably near entrances. Exterior bike parking should be covered where possible; and
- m. minimize the impact of building shading on adjacent residences and outdoor use areas;

Architectural Guidelines

- 1. Design buildings with varied facades and visual interest or in a contemporary style of high quality finishes and careful proportions, with variation of facades with setbacks or projections of 0.75 metres or more; large scale, monolithic or bland blocks of buildings are discouraged.
- 2. The requirements for varied and articulated facades will be considered in conjunction with meeting the building performance requirements of the BC Energy BC Energy StepCode or Zero Carbon "Steps" and accommodations made to meet these requirements.



Articulate building massing

- 3. Designs can incorporate a wide variety of roof styles, provided rooftops are well organized and attractive when seen from above, neighbouring buildings and the street.
- 4. Design buildings with well defined entries and walkways from entries to the street or circulation systems, and consider weather protection over entry points, balconies and porches when possible.



Homes with defined entries that face the street

- 5. Design buildings with ground floor residential units that provide a front door and direct access to the exterior where possible.
- 6. All dwelling units should have easy access to useable private or semi-private outdoor amenity space.





Provide private and semi private spaces

7. Design buildings with parking garages or carports facing away from the street as much as possible, in order that the vehicular access is not a dominant design element.





Garages don't dominate the street

- 8. Use a mix of durable and high quality building materials with consideration to maintenance and the integration of natural materials where possible.
- 9. Design and finishes of accessory structures/buildings shall be consistent with the architecture of the principal buildings.
- 10. Enable natural light into interior spaces and outdoor use areas to reduce the energy needs, using passive solar principles where possible.

- 11. Consider the use of alternative technologies for on-site energy production, e.g. solar, micro wind turbines, geothermal, fuel cells and heat pumps.
- 12. Include areas for secure bike storage and parking in all multi family developments, particularly in apartments where each unit may not have direct access to the ground floor. Bicycle racks, lockers or indoor storage should be provided in a secured area with good visibility, access, and lighting, and located preferably near entrances. Exterior bike parking should be covered where possible.
- 13. Screen roof top mechanical equipment from views in a manner that is consistent with the architectural design of the building. Locations of ground level air conditioning units and HVAC mechanical equipment should be sited in a manner that does not impact adjacent residential lots. Screening of on-grade large mechanical equipment with noise and vibration abatement material is encouraged.
- 14. Exceptions to Development Permit Area guidelines or variances to building projections into minimum setback areas and minor variances to maximum building height established by the Zoning Bylaw may be considered for energy efficient buildings that commit to achieve BC Energy StepCode or Zero Carbon "Steps" in excess of the requirements of the Building Bylaw, in order to facilitate an energy efficient form of construction.

Landscape and Screening Guidelines

- 1. Maximize the amount of landscaped areas on site and minimize the amount of impervious paved surfaces to increase the natural infiltration (absorption) of rain water and to provide a more natural character.
- 2. Limit mowed ornamental grass lawn areas to highly visible areas and locations used for recreation in order to maximize areas for native, diverse and low maintenance vegetation.
- 3. Select trees and other plants that will be readily established and provide significant visual impact upon planting, without adversely affecting daylight or sunlight penetration into buildings or open spaces when fully grown.
- 4. Select and plant native and/or drought tolerant trees and plants suitable for the local climate, using the City's "Landscape Standards and Recommended Species Guide" as a reference.
- 5. Integrate trees into landscaping plans so that they provide adequate shade to any outdoor amenity, social areas and play spaces.
- 6. Design the landscape plan with user safety, maintenance and irrigation requirements in mind.
- 7. Developments are encouraged to incorporate native, low maintenance and xeriscape (drought resistant, low water requirement) concepts in landscape plans.
- 8. Encourage the use of water filtration/re-use systems that collect stormwater and rainwater for irrigation.
- 9. Design the landscape plan to limit the need for irrigation, and limit necessary irrigation to any landscape areas dedicated to food production.

- 9. Developments are encouraged to incorporate species and plantings in accordance with FireSmart BC Landscaping Best Practices.
- 10. Consider energy efficiency and conservation in landscape design, e.g. moderate wind, provide shade in summer, allow sunlight and daylight into buildings.
- 11. Locate walkways and amenity areas (plazas, courtyards, patios, etc.) away from vehicular traffic, with maximum accessibility to residential units, and accentuate them with landscaping.
- 12. Plant a uniform alignment of street trees along public streets at the spacing recommended by the City. Appropriate spacing is 15 metres along arterials, 10 metres along local and collector roads, lower spacing for smaller trees. If boulevard tree planting is not feasible along a street right-of-way, then tree planting along the front and exterior lot boundaries may be required at appropriate intervals. For street tree selection along public boulevards, use the City's "Landscape Standards and Recommended Species Guide" as a reference.



Provide street trees

- 13. Visual screening in the form of solid landscaping and/or fencing may be required along some segments of a site's perimeter, in particular along interior and rear lot lines and around outdoor storage areas.
- 14. Where landscaping for visual screening is required, plants selected shall be of sufficient height at maturity to provide a continuous screen not less than 2 metres in height and planted at a sufficient density to provide a hedge effect. Alternate screening measures such as decorative solid fencing or decorative walls not less than 2 metres in height may be considered instead of or in combination with planting.
- 15. Avoid using fences along street frontages to screen the development. Where a fence is unavoidable, use a transparent fence, e.g. lattice, metal, and add landscaping that allows views into and from the development.
- 16. Design location and directional signs (consistent with the City's address/directional sign guidelines), maps and mail box locations to be low profile, ground oriented and externally lit with low intensity fixtures accentuated by landscaping.

- 17. Locate refuse and recycling container areas and structures where they are accessible to residents and for servicing, screen them with an appropriate durable enclosure, and provide landscaping around the enclosure where possible. Avoid direct exposure of refuse and recycling areas to public streets.
- 18. Consider the provision of a composting system to generate materials that can be used for landscape maintenance or garden plots on the site.

Access, Circulation and Parking Guidelines

- 1. Design the internal road system to discourage speeding, and provide safe pedestrian routes from sidewalks and parking lots to building entrances.
- 2. Providing shared driveway access and shared parking areas should be consider whenever possible.
- 3. Parking areas shall be hard surfaced in accordance with the City's Zoning Bylaw.
- 4. Include areas for convenient guest parking when necessary. Smaller visitor parking areas, in close proximity to individual units or buildings, are favoured over large parking areas. Include areas design to accommodate snow collection and storage for the winter months (these areas can be shared with parking requirements).
- 5. Reduce the amount of asphalt paving and introducing other materials where possible, preferably permeable, e.g. permeable pavers, reinforced grass such as Grass-Pave.
- 6. Encourage bio-swales, permeable paving, and other design techniques that allow greater infiltration of water in and around parking areas.
- 7. Provide curb let-downs from accessible parking spaces to buildings.

8. Avoid parking areas where possible in front yards. In parking areas in excess of 20 stalls, intersperse intensively landscaped islands or bioswales at least 1.5 metres wide, planted with hardy vegetation and shade trees. Provide landscaping at the ends of parking rows, within and around parking lots as needed to define parking clusters, increase human comfort, provide visual relief, and increase infiltration of rain water.





Landscaped islands in parking areas

- 9. Encourage shared driveways to units with individual vehicular access.
- 10. Encourage underground or below grade parking that is well-lit and secured.
- 11. Include low intensity lighting in parking areas, designed and constructed for safety and convenient pedestrian and vehicular access.
- 12. Design on-site lighting to minimize glare and overspill onto adjacent properties, and into the sky. Submission of a detailed lighting plan may be required.

Exemptions

Development permits under this section are not required for the following:

- a. subdivision;
- b. interior renovations:
- c. exterior renovations which do not require a building permit;
- d. an addition of less than 100 square metres of floor area, provided the design is consistent as determined by the City with the form and character of existing buildings;
- e. an accessory building of less than 100 square metres of floor area, provided the design is consistent as determined by the City with the form and character of existing buildings;
- f. development of a duplex that is not part of a multiple unit development, strata or fee simple;
- g. development of a single family dwelling, a secondary suite and/or accessory dwelling unit qualifying that the Infill Residential Development Permit Area may apply.

C. Infill Residential Development Permit Area

Designation

Pursuant to Section 488(1)(f) of the *Local Government Act*, all land within the Low, Medium and High Density Residential designated areas shown on Map A-1 Land Use, is designated "Infill Residential Development Permit Area" and shall require a Development Permit for cases where three (3) or four (4) detached dwelling units are proposed to be developed on a single parcel where permitted by the Zoning Bylaw.

Objectives

To positively contribute to and integrate quality higher density ground-oriented housing within the context, scale and fabric of the streetscape in mainly large-lot residential neighbourhoods.

To secure well-considered landscaping and site planning that provides quality private outdoor living space for each dwelling unit; provides a clear transition between the private and public realm; and protects and preserves mature trees.

To ensure that building design including massing, cladding materials and window placement are well considered and contribute positively to the neighbourhood without unduly compromising the privacy of adjacent dwelling units and properties.

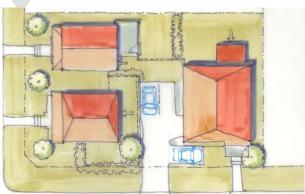
To secure clearly identified and accessible pedestrian and emergency services access to all dwelling units as well as the provision of adequate servicing, on-site parking and safe vehicle access from the public road.

Submission Requirements

For required drawing submissions, see the requirements of the Multi Family Residential Development Permit Area (DPA) section. This Infill Residential Development Permit Area shall have the same requirements.

Streetscape and Site Concept Guidelines

- 1. Respect and be generally consistent with the area streetscape by considering surrounding building heights, scale, and setbacks despite build-out limits allowed by zoning. For example, limit significant height differences between proposed and existing development by stepping down dwelling massing to reflect the scale of surrounding homes.
- 2. Overall design should respond to site characteristics; for example, taking advantage of views, topography and solar/wind orientation. Consider the location of adjacent pedestrian/trail/ cycling networks.
- 3. Individual dwellings must not comprise of identical repeated designs; instead, they should be distinct in massing with some variation of unit size and façade design all while achieving cohesion on the overall parcel.



- 4. Infill dwellings should improve upon and reflect the attributes of adjacent homes (e.g.: roof styles, porches, entrance features, materials). Where a neighbourhood may contain neglected properties, the development should set an improved standard for infill going forward.
- 5. Individual dwelling units should face and have entrances oriented to and visible from a fronting street wherever possible. In the case of parcels with flanking or double frontages, building design

should also address these streets through the orientation of entries and windows.

Landscape and Site Plan and Guidelines

- 1. Design the site and locate buildings so as to protect mature trees, where possible; and, if trees cannot be protected or if there are no trees, ensure that adequate space will protect root systems and allow shade trees to reach mature size.
- 2. Consider landscaping strategically, for example: to frame building entrances; soften edges; screen parking and waste bins; break up long building elevations; enhance privacy; and manage snow and storm water storage.
- 3. Maximize permeable surfaces across the entire parcel. Developments with extensive nonporous concrete, asphalt, and solid roofs will not be supported.

Use low fencing, gates, landscaping and a modest change in grade to define transitions from the public right of way to the private realm.

- 4. Link unit entrances to public sidewalks and parking via an accessible path of a minimum 1.2 metres width, and be adequately illuminated for pedestrian safety but not cast nuisance light into other dwellings and yards (see Figure 1).
- 5. Design and delineate a semi-private sheltered or recessed transition space at the front door of each dwelling unit. Carefully consider unit way-finding to minimize confusion for visitors (or emergency services).
- 6. Design each dwelling unit to have direct access to its own designated private outdoor amenity space that maximizes sun and daylight and can be used year-round.



Figure 1

Down-lights & signs at access path to units

Maximize the privacy of units on site and on neighbouring properties by minimizing "overlook" and direct sight lines between dwellings through strategies such as:

- off-set window locations in facing walls;
- consider dormers or clerestory windows for light;
- use of landscaping or screening;
- locate doors and patios to minimize potential noise and nuisance between units; and
- setback, angle or articulate facades where windows may compromise privacy.

7. Developments are encouraged to incorporate species and plantings in accordance with FireSmart BC Landscaping Best Practices.

Building Design Guidelines

- 1. Ensure that each building is unique, but the development remains cohesive, sharing an architectural style, proportions, and material palette.
- 2. Consider focal points at entrances, generous glazing, porches and other architectural features to emphasize the ground floor as the highest design priority.
- 3. Avoid blank monolithic walls by incorporating windows and articulating the façade with well-proportioned recesses/projections, reinforced by building material changes and with two or at most three durable, quality exterior cladding materials. Vinyl siding is discouraged.
- 4. The requirements for varied and articulated facades will be considered in conjunction with meeting the building performance requirements of the BC Energy BC Energy StepCode or Zero Carbon "Steps" and accommodations made to meet these requirements.

Servicing, Access and Parking Guidelines

- 1. Ensure that vehicle access is via one shared driveway off the secondary street or lane, where available, and minimize the impact of headlights shining into unit windows. Where vehicle access is only available via the primary street, provide for safe access/egress, eliminating the need for vehicles to back onto the public road.
- 2. Ensure that on-site parking is integrated in one common area or structure, preferably enclosed or screened, to eliminate the need to access parking and garages within individual units.
- 3. Minimize internal vehicle circulation. Where it is necessary, consider that it may serve as additional shared amenity space using strategies such as quality permeable materials (e.g. interlocking, permeable pavers), providing useable gathering and playing areas (and not large, monolithic paved areas).
- 4. Ensure the common utility and water service location is protected and remains accessible for service providers.
- 5. Ensure the site provides for combined solid waste pick-up/bin storage that is enclosed or otherwise screened from view.

D. Downtown Commercial Development Permit Area

Designation

Pursuant to Section 488(1)(f) of the Local Government Act, all land located within the Downtown designated area, as shown on Map A-1 Land Use, is designated "Downtown Development Permit Area".

Objectives

To promote quality building, site, landscape and streetscape design with the highest level of architectural standards.

To distinguish the Downtown as a leading precinct in urban design, supporting high levels of safe and varied pedestrian use and social interaction.

To provide the City with the ability to tailor new Downtown commercial development to local site conditions.

To promote environmentally sensitive building and landscape approaches.

Submission Requirements

Drawings submitted for a Development Permit application must meet the following minimum requirements:

Site plans must include:

- lot dimensions and setback dimensions taken from the building to all property lines; pedestrian and vehicular access and parking layout, with dimensions for parking stalls and travel aisles; solid waste and recycling container areas; any mechanical equipment at grade; and all surface materials such as paving and landscape areas;
- b. Grading and drainage plans indicating existing and proposed grades, proposed building floor elevations, location, layout, and elevations at top and bottom of all steps and retaining walls; and on-site infiltration areas and storm drainage;
- c. Drawings shall clearly indicate the materials, finish and colour of the buildings;
- d. A landscape plan must indicate existing vegetation to be retained and protected; hard surfaces; steps and retaining walls; mowed and rough grass areas; planting areas; and a planting plan with a plant list showing the number, species and sizes of proposed plants; extent and type of irrigation, and landscape amenity features, e.g. site furniture, gathering areas;
- e. Landscape design should integrate xeriscape and / or species that are suited to the local environment and the site conditions. Use of irrigation beyond landscape establishment is not encouraged;
- f. Building drawings shall be prepared by a registered architect;
- g. Landscape plans shall be prepared by a registered landscape architect or a landscape designer.

Siting and Building Guidelines

- 1. Design buildings to be consistent or complementary with the proportion, scale and massing of commercial buildings adjacent to the new development.
- 2. Design buildings that are comfortable and interesting for pedestrians rather than monolithic building massing.

- 3. Use quality and durable building materials to emphasize character and maintain visual continuity.
- 4. Encourage outdoor spaces that permit an activity in the building to extend onto the sidewalk without obstructing pedestrian flow, e.g. patios, courtyards, terraces, landscaped areas.
- 5. On corner sites, locate the principal building entrance at the corner, and design this as a reference point or landmark. Where building entrances cannot be located at the corner, provide a landscaped area with seating and special features at the corner.
- 6. Consider the safety and security of pedestrians in the design and layout of the development with a particular focus on the following Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles:
- Natural Surveillance: a design strategy that is directed at keeping people under observation. It is based on a simple premise that a person will be less likely to act improperly if he or she can be seen. Natural surveillance is commonly associated with the establishment of clear sightlines. Natural surveillance can be complemented by mechanical forms of surveillance (closed circuit television) and/or organized forms such as security and police patrols.
- Natural Control Access: is based on the simple premise that a person who is confronted with a clearly defined and/or strategically developed boundary, will typically show it some deference by respecting the way it guides and influences their movement as they transition from public through private space. Natural forms of access control includes fences, low walls, landscaping, gates and any barrier that is natural for the environment including topographical features, sales counters and even distance.
- Territorial Reinforcement: is a design concept that realizes that physical design can create or extend a sphere of influence so that users develop a sense of proprietorship that is noticeable to the offender. It creates clear "public," "semi-public," and "private" spaces.
- 7. Site buildings to maximize available sunlight in public spaces.
- 8. Design buildings with segments to accommodate multiple storefronts. Avoid a continuous facade of more than 10 metres without a separately defined break or articulated portion.
- 9. The requirements for varied and articulated facades will be considered in conjunction with meeting the building performance requirements of the BC Energy BC Energy StepCode or Zero Carbon "Steps" and accommodations made to meet these requirements.
- 10. Use local, durable and high quality building materials, integrating natural materials such as local stone, brick, and wood, as well as low-e glazing.
- 11. Screen roof top mechanical equipment from views in a manner that is consistent with the architectural design of the building. Do not locate intakes and outlets for ventilation adjacent to pedestrian walkways.
- 12. Create new developments that are universally accessible and inclusive for all ages, abilities, and needs.



Legend

- 1. Building façade divided into segments to accommodate multiple storefronts
- 2. The use of local materials and earth tone colours
- 3. Sign banner consistent with adjacent building
- 4. Decorative treatment of second floor windows blends with street level façade treatment
- 5. Creative sign applications for corner buildings where applicable
- 6. Pitched roof design blends well with adjacent structure
- 7. Transom windows on second unit provide interest
- 8. Rooftop HVAC equipment is concealed
- 9. Existing building with new façade treatments
- 10. New three storey building provides height and massing consistency along the street

Figure 1: Infill Building Design



- 13. The design of this building incorporates key desired principles such as:
- a pitched roof (6:12 12:12) with accents such as dormer windows
- a façade that is divided into smaller sections of 9 to 16 metres to provide an appropriate sense of scale and massing
- a setback for landscape and retail opportunities
- an architectural accent (for a building on a corner)





A good example of an interesting roof and a coordinated façade

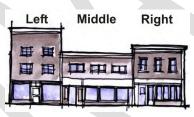
A good example of the use of material – the main entrance is accentuated with stone, the façade is limited to two primary materials, stucco and stone

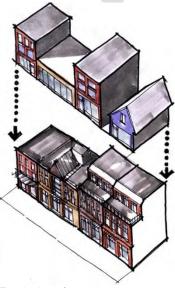


The use of local material such as stone on this building helps to create a strong identity and character in the City Centre

Figure 2: New Building Design







Photos A and B illustrate good examples of treatments for commercial building entrances, signs, and roof design

Left: a non-defined composition of the façade and poor proportions of the openings
Centre: horizontally composed façade does not contribute to a small city streetscape
Right: vertical composition of the openings provides great street rhythm and building proportions

Evolution from a streetscape with a mix of inconsistent massing and building proportions to a more harmonious and human-scale urban environment with well-designed architecture.

Figure 3: Building Treatment

Façade Design Guidelines

- 1. Provide unified architectural detailing on facades.
- 2. Use building materials and colours that complement the existing architecture and character of the Downtown.
- 3. Design the ground floor with direct visual and physical access between the ground level and the street, with pedestrian-oriented uses and easily identifiable pedestrian access points.
- 4. Avoid blank walls on the first two storeys facing pedestrian areas, encouraging windows, detailing and art. Continue windows on higher levels facing pedestrian areas.
- 5. Maintain a consistent grade between the sidewalk and entrances or public areas in front of buildings, with barrier-free access to primary building entrances.
- 6. Provide weather protection for pedestrians through the use of canopies, awnings or arcades.
- 7. Incorporate signs as an integral part of façade design, coordinating with adjacent buildings where possible.
- 8. Design building facades to step back from the street above 2 storeys, considering the need to meet the building performance requirements of the BC Energy BC Energy StepCode or Zero Carbon "Steps".
- 9. Locate facades at the setback line, stepping back only for usable urban spaces or special features.







Figure 4: Façade design

Collectively, façade design can strengthen the pedestrian environment, enhance the visual character, and improve the economic and social vitality of a city block.







Façade design can include complementary materials that provide texture and contrast to add a sense of richness to the streetscape. Generous window placement also helps to create a successful retail environment.



A quality storefront design can greatly enhance the image of the retail business and the overall character of the street



The placement of windows and doors can be used to establish a rhythm along the street



Architectural detailing, signage and landscaping provide a welldefined and pleasing entrance



A good example of a façade redevelopment in the Downtown

Figure 5: Façade Design



Legend

- 1. Base panel or kick plate with architectural material to match character of building and local context
- 2. Storefront door
- 3. Display window to promote visibility of retail goods and indoor activity
- 4. Sign band for prominent display of retail establishment
- 5. Sign lighting with external light fixtures
- 6. Transom window
- 7. Colonnade pilaster and colonnade to provide all weather comfort for pedestrians
- 8. Glass or opaque canopy
- 9. Wood trim, accents and heavy wood timbers of pilasters and columns add character

Figure 6: Storefront/Façade Design

Landscape Design Guidelines

- 1. Design with an emphasis on street trees and landscaping.
- 2. Provide landscaped areas that have special and seasonal interest.
- 3. Integrate public and private pedestrian and landscaped spaces.
- 4. Encourage public art in pedestrian and landscaped spaces.
- 5. Use quality materials for hard landscape construction to complement the high quality materials of the buildings.
- 6. Incorporate pedestrian scale lighting in outdoor use areas.
- 7. Select trees and other plants that will be readily established and provide significant visual impact upon planting, without adversely affecting daylight or sunlight penetration into buildings or open spaces when fully grown.
- 8. Select and plant native and/or drought tolerant trees and plants suitable for the local climate, using the City's "Landscape Standards and Recommended Species Guide" as a reference.
- 9. Developments are encouraged to incorporate species and plantings in accordance with FireSmart BC Landscaping Best Practices.
- 10. In the landscape plan, consider finished site grades, utilities, views, shade and sun angles, needs for privacy or screening, user safety, maintenance and irrigation requirements, and all other typical site planning criteria.
- 11. Plant a uniform alignment of street trees along public streets at the spacing recommended by the City. Appropriate spacings are 15 metres along arterials, 10 metres along local and collector streets, lower spacing for smaller trees. If boulevard tree planting is not feasible along a street right-of-way, then tree planting along the front and exterior lot boundaries may be required at appropriate intervals.
- 12. For street tree selection along public boulevards, use the City's "Landscape Standards and Recommended Species Guide" as a reference.
- 13. Perimeter landscaping to reduce the visual impact of parking may be required in some situations. This will typically be a combination of grass, low shrubs and deciduous trees to retain visibility.
- 14. Locate refuse and recycling container areas where they are accessible to businesses and to container pick-up trucks, screen them with an appropriate durable enclosure, and provide landscaping around the perimeter of the enclosure where possible. Avoid direct exposure of refuse and recycling areas to public streets.



Figure 7: Site Design

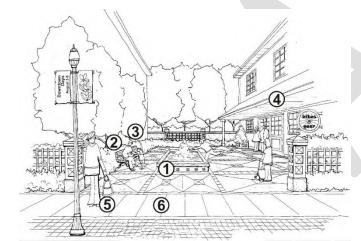


Figure 8: Courtyard Design

Legend

- 1. Parking to the rear of building
- 2. Pedestrian access at rear of building from parking
- 3. Two-way vehicular access drive
- 4. Opportunity for entrance and signage identification
- 5. Perimeter landscaping to screen parking and provide a buffer from adjacent properties
- 6. Opportunity for additional retail space or courtyard with pedestrian elements and landscape features
- 7. Identifiable building entrances
- 8. Utilities and storage contained and screened

Legend

- 1. Focal point of courtyard sculpture, water or landscape feature
- 2. Lighting, benches and site furniture
- 3. Vegetation to provide interest and comfort
- 4. Access to buildings and adjacent facilities such as parking
- 5. Courtyard is open to the street to create a safe environment and promote retail activity
- 6. Accessible surfaces to accommodate non-vehicular access from the street



Buildings with well-designed landscape treatments and rear lot parking contribute to a well designed, green and inspiring streetscape

Figure 7: Landscape Treatment



A colonnade can be constructed to improve non-vehicular access from rear lot parking areas

A building setback area can be used to maximize retail space and provide opportunities for landscaping

Figure 9: Building Setback Area

Access, Circulation and Parking Area Guidelines

- 1. Minimize potential pedestrian and vehicular conflicts through well defined streets and parking lot accesses that respect pedestrian corridors. Develop shared vehicular access points and parking lots where possible.
- 2. Locate parking lots at the rear of lots, or to the sides of buildings where required and no parking is available in the rear.
- 3. Design parking lots for efficient circulation of all types of vehicles, with a layout that discourages speeding and provides safe pedestrian routes from parking lots to sidewalks and building entrances.

- 4. Parking areas shall be hard surfaced in accordance with the Zoning Bylaw.
- 5. Maximize the amount of landscaped areas on site and minimize the amount of impervious paved surfaces to increase the natural infiltration (absorption) of rain water and to provide a more natural character.
- 6. Encourage bioswales, permeable paving, and other design techniques that allow greater infiltration of water in and around parking areas.
- 7. Provide curb let-downs to accommodate universal accessibility from disabled parking spaces to sidewalks and buildings.
- 8. In parking areas in excess of 20 stalls, intersperse intensively landscaped islands or bioswales at least 1.5 metres wide, planted with hardy vegetation and shade trees. Provide landscaping at the ends of parking rows, within and around parking lots as needed to define parking clusters, increase human comfort, provide visual relief, and increase infiltration of rain water.
- 9. Encourage underground or below grade parking that is well-lit and secured.
- 10. Include low intensity lighting in parking areas, designed and constructed for convenient pedestrian and vehicular access.
- 11. Design on-site lighting to minimize glare and overspill into the development, to adjacent properties, and into the sky. Submission of a detailed lighting plan may be required.
- 12. Rear lot parking requires a well-defined entrance and access for pedestrians and vehicles.

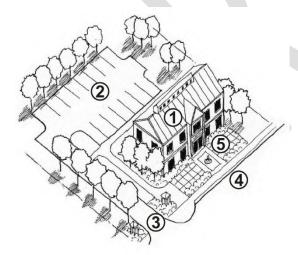


Figure 10: Parking Layout and Design

Legend

- 1. Building with strong visual connection to the street
- 2. Parking at rear of building
- 3. Two-way vehicular access
- 4. On-street parking where permitted
- 5. Landscape opportunity with direct connection to and access from the street



Figure 11: Streetscape

A combined driveway entrance can be incorporated to reduce potential pedestrian and vehicle conflicts. Organized traffic and vehicular access provides improved streetscape opportunities.

Exemptions

Development permits are not required in the Downtown Commercial Development Permit Area for:

interior renovations;

- a. an exterior renovation which does not require a building permit;
- b. an exterior addition with less than 100 square metres of floor area, in which the design is consistent with the form and character of the existing buildings as determined by the Planning Department;
- c. an accessory building with less than 50 square metres of floor area, in which the design is consistent with the form and character of the existing principal buildings as determined by the Planning Department;
- d. a subdivision application.

E. Highway Service/Tourist Commercial and Neighbourhood Commercial Development Permit Areas

Designation

Pursuant to Section 488(1)(f) of the Local Government Act, all land located within the Commercial - Highway Service/Tourist designated area, as shown on Map A-1 Land Use, and all land located outside the Commercial - Highway Service/Tourist designated area zoned C-5 (Tourist Commercial Zone), is designated "Highway Service/Tourist Commercial Development Permit Area, and all land located within the Commercial -Neighbourhood designated area, as shown on Map A-1 Land Use, is designated "Neighbourhood Commercial Development Permit Area".

Except where specifically noted in this section, the following provisions relate to both Highway Service/Tourist Commercial and Neighbourhood Commercial Development Permit Areas.

Objectives

To promote quality building, site and landscape design with high level architectural standards.

To ensure that commercial developments provide a positive impression of Salmon Arm along provincial highways, city roads and in residential neighbourhoods.

To encourage new commercial developments to promote safe non-vehicular access.

To promote environmentally sensitive building and landscape approaches.

Submission Requirements

Drawings submitted for a Development Permit application must meet the same minimum requirements as those specified in the Downtown Commercial Development Permit Area Section.

Siting and Building Guidelines

- 1. Design the site layout and building locations to:
- a. retain and protect important natural vegetation, rocks, and unique site features, including unique tree species, mature trees that are not a hazard, other significant vegetation;
- b. encourage the penetration of sunlight and natural light into interior spaces to reduce the energy needed for lighting and heating, using passive solar siting principles;
- c. work with the existing topography, minimizing the need for cut and fill or tall retaining walls.
- 2. Orient building frontages and main entrances to the dominant street frontage, with well defined entries with walkways and bicycle access to the street.
- 3. Locate parking lots at the rear of lots, or to the sides of buildings where required and no parking is available in the rear.
- 4. Design portions of buildings visible from a provincial highway or city street with architectural interest, with design features such as varying roof lines, extensive glazing, well defined entrances, business-specific signage, and high quality exterior elements.

- 5. Consider the safety and security of businesses and customers in the design and layout of the development with a particular focus on the following Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles:
- Natural Surveillance: a design strategy that is directed at keeping people under observation. It is based on a simple premise that a person will be less likely to act improperly if he or she can be seen. Natural surveillance is commonly associated with the establishment of clear sightlines. Natural surveillance can be complemented by mechanical forms of surveillance (closed circuit television) and/or organized forms such as security and police patrols.
- Natural Control Access: is based on the simple premise that a person who is confronted with a clearly defined and/or strategically developed boundary, will typically show it some deference by respecting the way it guides and influences their movement as they transition from public through private space. Natural forms of access control includes fences, low walls, landscaping, gates and any barrier that is natural for the environment including topographical features, sales counters and even distance.
- Territorial Reinforcement: is a design concept that realizes that physical design can create or extend a sphere of influence so that users develop a sense of proprietorship that is noticeable to the offender. It creates clear "public," "semi-public," and "private" spaces.
- 6. Screen roof top mechanical equipment from views in a manner that is consistent with the architectural design of the building. Screening of on-grade large mechanical equipment with noise and vibration abatement material is encouraged.
- 7. Design facades and rooflines of accessory structures and buildings in a manner that is consistent with the architectural design of the principal buildings.
- 8. Create new developments that are universally accessible and inclusive for all ages, abilities, and needs.
- 9. Consider the use of alternative technologies for on-site energy production, e.g., geothermal, photo-voltaic and fuel cells, heat pumps.

Siting and Building Guidelines for Neighbourhood Commercial Development Permit Areas Only

- 1. Site and design buildings to be compatible with the form and character of the surrounding neighbourhood.
- 2. Minimize the visual, noise and traffic impacts of commercial activity on the surrounding neighbourhood.
- 3. Design buildings with varied facades and articulated roof lines, or design in a contemporary style that offers visual interest. The intent of this guideline is to discourage large bland buildings that do not reflect the character or scale of Salmon Arm.
- 4. The requirements for varied and articulated facades will be considered in conjunction with meeting the building performance requirements of the BC Energy BC Energy StepCode or Zero Carbon "Steps" and accommodations made to meet these requirements.
- 5. Use durable and high quality building materials, integrating natural materials such as local stone, brick, and wood, as well as low-e glazing.

6. Consider weather protection over entry points, balconies and porches, e.g., roof overhangs, or area inset below the floor above.

Landscape and Screening Guidelines

- 1. Maximize the amount of landscaped areas on site to increase the natural infiltration of rain water, with landscaping along adjacent streets and adjoining residential sites.
- 2. Design the landscape to define the edges of the site, minimize the view of parking lots from the streets and adjacent residential sites, and to provide year-round interest.
- 3. Consider hard surface paving other than asphalt adjacent to streets to create more interest and reduce the visual impact of the asphalt.
- 4. Select trees and other plants that will be readily established and provide significant visual impact upon planting.
- 5. In the landscape plan, consider finished site grades, location and heights of retaining walls, underground irrigation alignments, utilities, views, shade and sun angles, needs for privacy or screening, user safety, maintenance and irrigation requirements, and all other typical site planning criteria.
- 6. Consider energy efficiency and conservation in landscape design, e.g. moderate wind, provide shade in summer, allow sunlight and daylight into buildings.
- 7. Developments are encouraged to incorporate native, low maintenance and xeriscape (drought resistant, low water requirement) concepts in landscape plans.
- 8. Select and plant native and/or drought tolerant trees and plants suitable for the local climate, using the City's "Landscape Standards and Recommended Species Guide" as a reference.
- 9. Developments are encouraged to incorporate species and plantings in accordance with FireSmart BC Landscaping Best Practices.
- 10. Plant a uniform alignment of street trees planted along public streets at the spacing recommended by the City. Appropriate spacings are 15 metres along arterials, 10 metres along local and collector roads, lower spacing for smaller trees. If boulevard tree planting is not feasible along a street right-of-way, then tree planting along the front and exterior lot boundaries may be required at appropriate intervals.
- 11. For street tree selection along public boulevards, use the City's "Landscape Standards and Recommended Species Guide" as a reference.
- 12. Visual screening in the form of solid landscaping and/or fencing may be required along some segments of a site's perimeter, particularly adjacent to residential development.
- 13. Where landscaping for visual screening is required, plants selected shall be of sufficient height at maturity to provide a continuous screen not less than 2 metres in height and planted at a sufficient density to provide a hedge effect. Alternate screening measures such as decorative solid fencing or decorative walls not less than 2 metres in height may be considered instead of or in combination with planting.

14. Locate refuse and recycling container areas where they are accessible to businesses and to container pick-up trucks, screen them with an appropriate durable enclosure, and provide landscaping around the perimeter of the enclosure where possible. Avoid direct exposure of refuse and recycling areas to public streets.

Access, Circulation and Parking Area Guidelines

- 1. Design the internal road and parking system for efficient circulation of all types of vehicles, with a layout that discourages speeding, and provides safe pedestrian routes from parking lots to building entrances.
- 2. Parking areas shall be hard surfaced in accordance with the City's Zoning Bylaw.
- 3. Locate parking lots at the rear of lots, or to the sides of buildings where required and no parking is available in the rear.
- 4. Encourage reducing the amount of asphalt paving and introducing other materials where possible, preferably permeable, e.g., permeable pavers, reinforced grass such as Grass-Pave.
- 5. Encourage bioswales, permeable paving, and other design techniques that allow greater infiltration of water in and around parking areas.
- 6. Maximize the amount of landscaped areas on site and minimize the amount of impervious paved surfaces to increase the natural infiltration (absorption) of rain water and to provide a more natural character.
- 7. Provide curb let-downs to accommodate universal accessibility from disabled parking spaces to buildings.
- 8. Encourage shared parking lot accesses to adjacent developments.
- 9. Site buildings rather than parking lots on corners where possible.
- 10. In parking areas in excess of 20 stalls, intersperse intensively landscaped islands or bioswales at least 1.5 metres wide, planted with hardy vegetation and shade trees. Provide landscaping at the ends of parking rows, within and around parking lots as needed to increase human comfort, provide visual relief, and increase infiltration of rain water.
- 11. Design on-site lighting to minimize glare and overspill into adjacent residential properties, and into the sky. Submission of a detailed lighting plan may be required.
- 12. Access, Circulation and Parking Area Guidelines for Highway Service/Tourist Commercial Development Permit Areas Only
- 13. Do not locate parking areas in excess of 20 stalls between the street frontage and buildings. Locate large areas of parking at the rear or at the side of buildings.

Access, Circulation and Parking Area Guidelines for Neighbourhood Commercial Development Permit Areas Only

Do not locate parking areas in excess of 6 stalls between the street frontage and buildings. Locate larger areas of parking at the rear or at the side of buildings.

Exemptions

Development permits are not required in the Highway Service/Tourist Commercial and Neighbourhood Commercial Development Permit Areas for:

- a. interior renovations;
- b. an exterior renovation which does not require a building permit;
- c. a subdivision application.

Development permits are not required in the Highway Service/Tourist Commercial Development Permit Areas for:

- a. an exterior addition with less than 100 square metres of floor area, in which the design is consistent with the form and character of the existing buildings as determined by the Planning Department;
- b. an accessory building with less than 100 square metres of floor area, in which the design is consistent with the form and character of the existing principal buildings as determined by the Planning Department.

Development permits are not required in the Neighbourhood Commercial Development Permit Areas for:

- an exterior addition with less than 100 square metres of floor area, in which the design is consistent with the form and character of the existing buildings as determined by the Planning Department;
- b. an accessory building with less than 100 square metres of floor area, in which the design is consistent with the form and character of the existing principal buildings as determined by the Planning Department;
- c. a subdivision application.



F. Industrial Development Permit Area

Designation

Pursuant to Section 488(1)(f) of the *Local Government Act*, all lands designated for Light Industrial, General Industrial, or Airport Industrial/Commercial use as shown on Map A-1 Land Use, and fronting the Trans Canada Highway, Highway 97B, 10 Avenue SE, or the north side of 20 Avenue SE are designated "Industrial Development Permit Area".

Objectives

To promote quality building, site and landscape design.

To ensure that industrial developments provide a positive impression of Salmon Arm along provincial highways and city streets.

To promote environmentally sensitive building and landscape approaches.

Submission Requirements

Drawings submitted for a Development Permit application must meet the following minimum requirements:

- a. The site plan must include lot dimensions and setback dimensions taken from the building to all property lines; non-vehicular and vehicular access and parking layout, with dimensions for parking stalls and traffic aisles; refuse and recycling container areas, mechanical equipment at grade, and all surface materials such as paving and landscape areas;
- b. A grading and drainage plan must indicate existing and proposed grades, proposed building floor elevations, location, layout, and elevations at top and bottom of all steps and retaining walls; and onsite infiltration areas and storm drainage;
- c. Drawings illustrating the building appearance shall indicate the materials, finish and colour of the buildings;
- d. A landscape plan must indicate existing vegetation to be retained and protected; hard surfaces; steps and retaining walls; mowed and rough grass areas; planting areas; and a planting plan with a plant list showing the number, species and sizes of proposed plants; extent and type of irrigation, and landscape amenity features.

Development permit application drawings should be prepared by a registered architect or a draftsperson with experience in urban design.

Landscape plans should be prepared by a registered landscape architect or a landscape designer.

Prior to formal site planning, applicants are encouraged to consult with the City's Planning Department to determine which natural features should remain on the development site.

Siting and Building Guidelines

- 1. Design the site layout and building locations to:
- a. retain and protect important natural vegetation, rocks, and unique site features, including unique tree species, mature trees that are not a hazard, other significant vegetation, nesting areas, and other wildlife habitat:
- b. work with the existing topography, minimizing the need for cut and fill or tall retaining walls; and
- c. provide a buffer for surrounding residential developments.

- 2. Orient main entrances to the dominant street frontage, with well defined entries.
- 3. Design entrances and portions of buildings visible from a provincial highway or city street with some architectural interest.
- 4. Consider the safety and security of businesses and customers in the design and layout of the development with a particular focus on the following Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles:
- Natural Surveillance: a design strategy that is directed at keeping people under observation. It is based on a simple premise that a person will be less likely to act improperly if he or she can be seen. Natural surveillance is commonly associated with the establishment of clear sightlines. Natural surveillance can be complemented by mechanical forms of surveillance (closed circuit television) and/or organized forms such as security and police patrols.
- Natural Control Access: is based on the simple premise that a person who is confronted with a clearly defined and/or strategically developed boundary, will typically show it some deference by respecting the way it guides and influences their movement as they transition from public through private space. Natural forms of access control includes fences, low walls, landscaping, gates and any barrier that is natural for the environment including topographical features, sales counters and even distance.
- Territorial Reinforcement: is a design concept that realizes that physical design can create or extend a sphere of influence so that users develop a sense of proprietorship that is noticeable to the offender. It creates clear "public," "semi-public," and "private" spaces.
- 5. Screen roof top mechanical equipment from views in a manner that is consistent with the architectural design of the building. Screening of on-grade large mechanical equipment with noise and vibration abatement material is encouraged.
- 6. Consider the use of alternative technologies for on-site energy production, e.g. geothermal, photovoltaic and fuel cells, heat pumps.

Landscape and Screening Guidelines

- 1. Maximize the amount of landscaped areas on site to increase the natural infiltration of rain water, with landscaping along adjacent streets and adjoining residential sites.
- 2. Select trees and other plants that will be readily established and provide significant visual impact upon planting.
- 3. In the landscape plan, consider finished site grades, location and heights of retaining walls, utilities, views, shade and sun angles, needs for privacy or screening, user safety, maintenance and irrigation requirements, and all other typical site planning criteria.
- 4. Consider energy efficiency and conservation in landscape design, e.g., moderate wind, provide shade in summer, allow sunlight and daylight into buildings.
- 5. Developments are encouraged to incorporate native, low maintenance and xeriscape (drought resistant, low water requirement) concepts in landscape plans.
- 6. Select and plant native and/or drought tolerant trees and plants suitable for the local climate, using the City's "Landscape Standards and Recommended Species Guide" as a reference.

- 7. Developments are encouraged to incorporate species and plantings in accordance with FireSmart BC Landscaping Best Practices.
- 8. Plant a uniform alignment of street trees planted along public streets at the spacing recommended by the City. Appropriate spacings are 15 metres along arterials, 10 metres along local and collector roads, lower spacing for smaller trees. If boulevard tree planting is not feasible along a street right-of-way, then tree planting along the front and exterior lot boundaries may be required at appropriate intervals.
- 9. For street tree selection along public boulevards, use the City's "Landscape Standards and Recommended Species Guide" as a reference.
- 10. Visual screening in the form of solid landscaping and/or fencing may be required along some segments of a site's perimeter, particularly adjacent to residential development.
- 11. Where landscaping for visual screening is required, plants selected shall be of sufficient height at maturity to provide a continuous screen not less than 2 metres in height and planted at a sufficient density to provide a hedge effect. Alternate screening measures such as solid fencing not less than 2 metres in height may be considered instead of or in combination with planting
- 12. Locate refuse and recycling container areas where they are accessible to businesses and to container pick-up trucks, screen them with an appropriate durable enclosure, and provide landscaping around the perimeter of the enclosure where possible. Avoid direct exposure of refuse and recycling areas to public streets.

Access, Circulation and Parking Area Guidelines

- 1. Design the internal road and parking system for efficient circulation of all types of vehicles, with a layout that discourages speeding and provides safe pedestrian routes from parking lots to building entrances.
- 2. Encourage permeable materials for parking areas where possible, including gravel for areas that are used less frequently.
- 3. Encourage bioswales, permeable paving, and other design techniques that allow greater infiltration of water in and around parking areas.
- 4. Maximize the amount of landscaped areas on site and minimize the amount of impervious paved surfaces to increase the natural infiltration (absorption) of rain water and to provide a more natural character.
- 5. Provide curb let-downs to accommodate universal accessibility from disabled parking spaces to buildings.
- 6. Encourage shared parking lot accesses to adjacent developments.
- 7. Design on-site lighting to minimize glare and overspill into adjacent residential properties, and into the sky. Submission of a detailed lighting plan may be required.

Exemptions

Development permits are not required in the Industrial Development Permit Areas for:

- a. interior renovations;
- b. an exterior renovation which does not require a building permit;
- c. an exterior addition with less than 100 square metres of floor area, in which the design is consistent with the form and character of the existing buildings as determined by the Planning Department;
- d. an accessory building with less than 100 square metres of floor area, in which the design is consistent with the form and character of the existing principal buildings as determined by the Planning Department; or
- e. a subdivision application.



G. Potential Hazard Areas Development Permit Area

Designation

Pursuant to Section 488(1)(b) of the *Local Government Act*, the areas shown as slopes over 30% and the 1 in 200 year floodplain on Map 15.1 Potential Hazard Areas, are designated as the "Potential Hazardous Areas Development Permit Area".

Objectives

To protect people and property from hazardous conditions such as flooding, mud flows, debris torrents, erosion, land slippage, rock falls and subsidence which may, in some cases, be reasonably abated with appropriate precautionary measures.

Application

Unless a Development Permit Waiver has been issued, all properties designated as Potential Hazardous Areas Development Permit Areas will require a Development Permit prior to:

- a) alteration of land; or
- b) subdivision; or
- c) construction of, addition to or alteration of a building or structure.

Waivers

Before making application for a Development Permit, property owners or their agents may complete a "Waiver Application" form to determine whether the proposed development qualifies for a waiver of the Development Permit process. Qualifying projects may be issued a waiver that may specify conditions. The City may also require registration of a restrictive covenant to specify how the lands are to be protected and maintained. Any breach of the waiver terms may result in the cancellation of the waiver. The granting of a waiver does not absolve the applicant from other necessary approvals, e.g. Building Permits. Where waivers cannot be granted, a Development Permit will be required before the project can proceed.

A Development Permit will not be required if the proposed development consists only of: Actions or activities performed by the federal or provincial government, or the City or their contractors to prevent, control, or reduce flooding, erosion, slope failure or other immediate threats to life or property, including:

- emergency flood or erosion protection works;
- clearing of an obstruction from a bridge, culvert or drainage flows; and
- emergency repairs to roads, bridges or any other municipal infrastructure.

A renovation or alteration that does not expand the existing footprint or increase the use or occupancy on the property; or

Actions which have been assessed by a qualified professional who has provided a report (to the satisfaction of the City) which concludes that the land is not subject to hazards.

Guidelines

- 1. In issuing conditions relating to a Development Permit Waiver or Development Permit, the City may specify how Development Permit objectives can be satisfied. This may include consideration of the following guidelines:
- 2. Require the registration of a restrictive covenant to save the City of Salmon Arm harmless from any future damage that may result from the hazard.

- 3. Require that development will be directed to areas with slopes of less than 30%. Where it can be demonstrated by an appropriate registered geotechnical professional that the proposed development will present no hazards to persons or property, development may be permitted on land with a slope greater than 30%.
- 4. Require that natural vegetation should be retained on slopes in order to control potential erosion, land slip and rock falls.
- 5. Require that an applicant wishing to propose development on slopes in excess of 30% or in areas of known geological hazard, to submit a report prepared by a registered geotechnical professional providing information on the anticipated on-site and off-site geotechnical impacts on the proposed development.
- 6. Consider and review geotechnical reports / plans for areas of known geotechnical hazard.
- 7. Require that an applicant wishing to propose development within the floodplain area, submit a report prepared by a registered hydrogeological professional providing information on the anticipated on-site and off-site impacts on the proposed development, including any transference of risk resulting.
- 8. Require that no buildings or structures be located within the Shuswap Lake, Canoe Creek or Salmon River floodplains as established by the City's Zoning Bylaw.
- 9. Require that no structural development be located below any flood elevation level established in the City's Zoning Bylaw.
- 10. The City may, in order to achieve satisfaction of the above noted guidelines, issue a Development Permit that:
- a) imposes conditions respecting the sequence and timing of construction;
- b) supplements a bylaw dealing with subdivision servicing requirements or zoning requirements;
- c) includes requirements and conditions or sets standards for:
 - i. areas of land that may be required to remain free of development, except in accordance with any conditions contained in the permit;
 - ii. an area that the permit designates as containing unstable soil or high ground water where the City requires that no septic tank, drainage and deposit fields or irrigation or water systems be constructed.
- 11. The City may, where a Development Permit is required, request the applicant to provide, at the applicant's expense, development approval information, in accordance with Section 484 of the Local Government Act. Development approval information may be required if the effects of the proposed development in relation to Development Permit objectives, OCP policies, and other City bylaws and regulations cannot be fully assessed based on information otherwise available, particularly with respect to potential impacts that may result on:
- a) municipal infrastructure;
- b) transportation patterns including traffic flow;
- c) public facilities including parks; and
- d) the natural environment.

Development approval information may be used to assist the City in determining conditions or requirements to be imposed in the permit.

H. Farm Protection Development Permit Area

Designation

Pursuant to Section 488(1)(c) of the Local Government Act, the Farm Protection Development Permit applies to all development lands adjacent to ALR Boundary (may be bisected by ALR Boundary on same parcel or road/trail/ etc.) or lands Agriculturally zoned.

Objective

To preserve and protect current and future food production within the City boundaries.

To limit the impact of adjacent residential, commercial, industrial or institutional uses that share boundaries with agricultural land

Application

All Subdivision or Building Permit applications on lands adjacent to the ALR Boundary (may be bisected by ALR Boundary on same parcel or road/trail/ etc.) or on lands Agriculturally zoned.

Guidelines

- 1. Urban-side development includes buildings, amenity and landscape areas, trails, roadways and utility corridors.
- 2 To implement land design and management to ensure minimal negative impacts or intrusions to agricultural-side by ensuring that the urban-side development includes:
- 3. In subdivision design density, road, and lot patterns should gradually transition to agricultural boundary, utilizing open space, landscaping and fencing to provide buffering between the urban-side development and agricultural land.
- 4. Dead-ending of roads and utilities to agricultural land is strongly discouraged.
- 5. Urban-side traffic patterns should avoid agricultural land boundaries. Buffers between roadways are strongly encouraged.
- 6. Amenity areas on the urban-side, without adequate physical buffers consistent with edge planning practices, are strongly discouraged.
- 7. Residential building locations should be at least 15m from the property line, 8m for commercial or industrial and 15m for institutional. Variances to setbacks may be supported when clustering of development prioritizes the gradual transition of urban-side development to agricultural lands.
- 8. Landscape plans for development on the urban-side avoid trees and shrubs that shade farm crops or are known to harbor insects or diseases harmful to crop production.
- 9. Select and plant native and/or drought tolerant trees and plants suitable for the local climate, using the City's "Landscape Standards and Recommended Species Guide" as a reference.
- 10. Developments and landscape plans are encouraged to incorporate species and plantings in accordance with FireSmart BC Landscaping Best Practices.

- 11. Storm and ground water management that are designed as coordinated between urban-side development and nearby farms are encouraged.
- 12. Best practices for buffer installation and maintenance provided within the 2015 Edge Planning Guide by the Ministry of Agriculture is encouraged for buffer and landscape areas on the urban-side development. All landscaping installed is to be maintained by the urban-side development.
- 13. Tools such as covenants or easements may be used to support the installation and maintenance of the buffer and landscape areas.

Exemptions:

Development permits are not required in the Farm Protection Permit Area for the following:

- a) Development on City owned land for the purpose of public use(s);
- b) Areas of slope greater than 30% or where topography or natural boundary provides a boundary between agricultural lot line and urban-side development of at least 15m;
- c) Areas separated by a street identified as an arterial or collector road;
- d) Construction, addition or alteration not exceeding 100m2 where no variances to the Zoning Bylaw are required;
- e) Interior / exterior building alterations that do not expand the existing building foundation;
- f) Repair, maintenance, alteration or reconstruction of existing legal buildings, structures or utilities, providing there is no expansion of the footprint; or
- g) Replacement of a building that has been destroyed by natural causes, in cases where the replacement building is identical to the original in location, floor area and height



Temporary Use Permits

Designation

All lands designated as shown on Map A-1 Land Use, are designated Temporary Use Permit Area.

Objectives

As outlined in the Local Government Act, the Temporary Use Permit Area designation is intended to apply to uses which are temporary in nature and where the existing zoning does not permit the use.

Temporary Use Permit Policies

- 1. A Temporary Use Permit is a short-term zoning that permits uses on a specific property for a period of time set by Council for no more than a three year period. The proposed temporary use should be defined in the Zoning Bylaw and permitted in other zones, but a Temporary Use Permit may be considered for a use not defined, or not clearly defined in the Zoning Bylaw. Despite the zoning of a property, Temporary Commercial or Industrial Use Permits for temporary uses may be supported in the Temporary Use Permit Area, subject to approval by Council, or where delegated pursuant to the Development Procedures Bylaw.
- 2. Mineral and aggregate processing Temporary Use Permits may be permitted in areas of high aggregate potential, as identified on Map 6.2 Aggregate Potential or based on site investigations in other areas where the impacts can be effectively mitigated.
- 3. Guidelines for Temporary Use Permits include the following:
 - a maximum time of three years is required for the use;
 - appropriate parking and/or loading spaces are available;
 - the proposed hours, size and scale of the use will be compatible with adjacent land uses:
 - the use will be compatible with adjacent land uses in terms of noise, odours, dust, pollution, lighting, aesthetics, parking and traffic;
 - compliance with Provincial Environmental Management Act and Riparian Areas Protection Regulation;
 - the proposed use will not have negative impacts on the natural environment.
- 4. The City may require security in the form of a letter of credit and may impose reclamation and performance measures as conditions for the issuance of a Temporary Use Permit.
- 5. Specific permit conditions may address mitigation measures for potential negative impacts identified in the review process.
- 6. Non-residential Temporary Use Permits will not be considered in residentially zoned areas, except to allow for temporary uses and buildings connected and supporting a Building Permit issued by the City.

Submission Requirements

Submission requirements for Temporary Commercial Use Permits include but are not limited to:

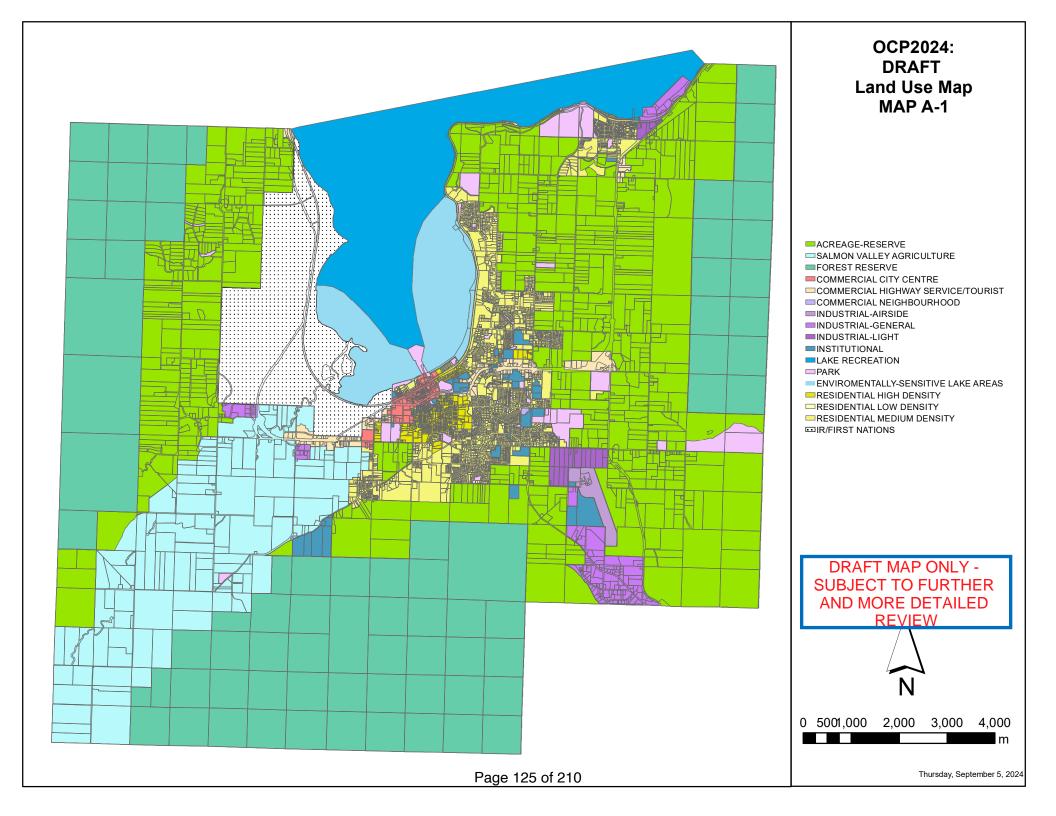
- the proposed length of time of the use:
- access and the availability of parking and loading;
- the proposed hours of the use;

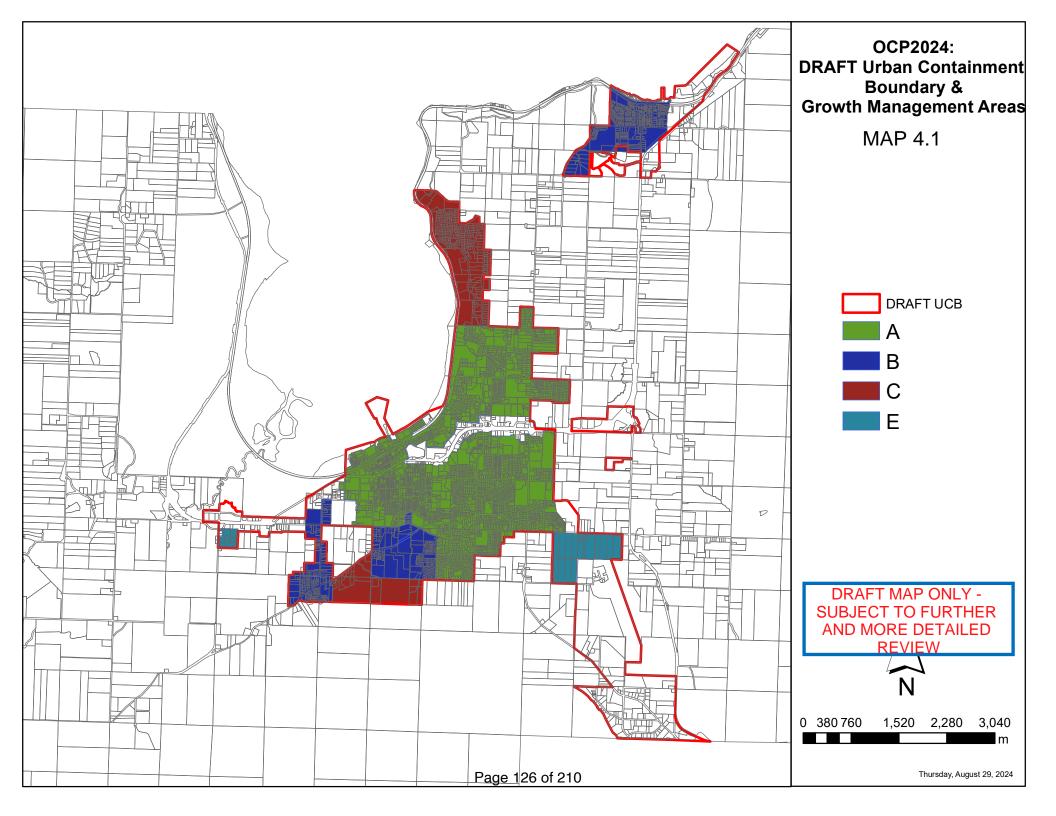
- the proposed size and scale of the use;
- any requested site servicing plans, site plans and building elevations and floor plans;
- description of noise, odours, dust, pollution, lighting, aesthetics, parking and traffic;
- appropriate safety and site control plan(s) approved by the RCMP and/or City Fire Department;
- Approval for proposed uses or development as defined by the Agricultural Land Commission or Ministry of Environment;
- Remediation or reclamation plan with appropriate estimates and;
- Mitigation of the potential impact of the proposed use on the natural environment.

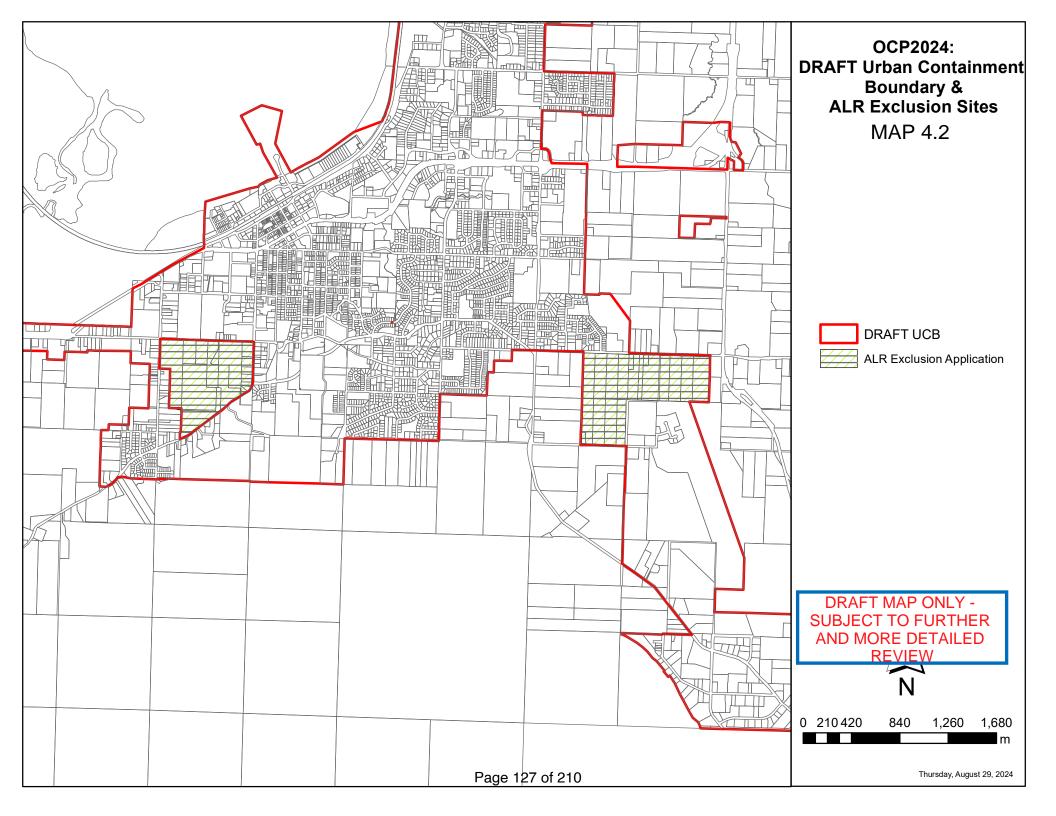
Expiration of Permit

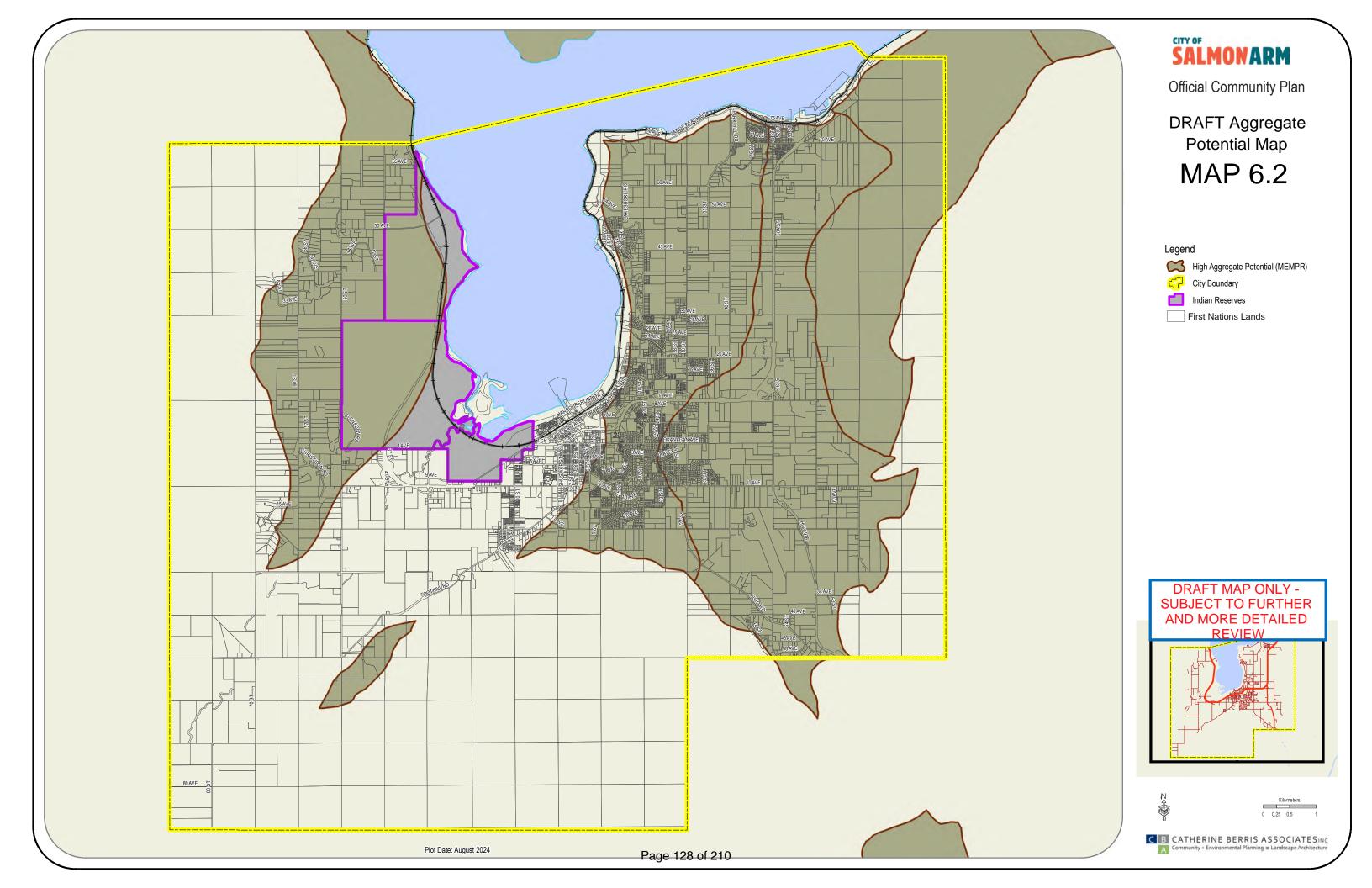
Upon expiration of a Temporary Use Permit, the uses of the property shall revert to those outlined in the current Zoning Bylaw. The applicant may, prior to the expiration of the Temporary Use Permit, apply for a permit renewal of up to three years, approval of which will be at the discretion of Council or staff where delegated pursuant to the Development Procedures Bylaw.

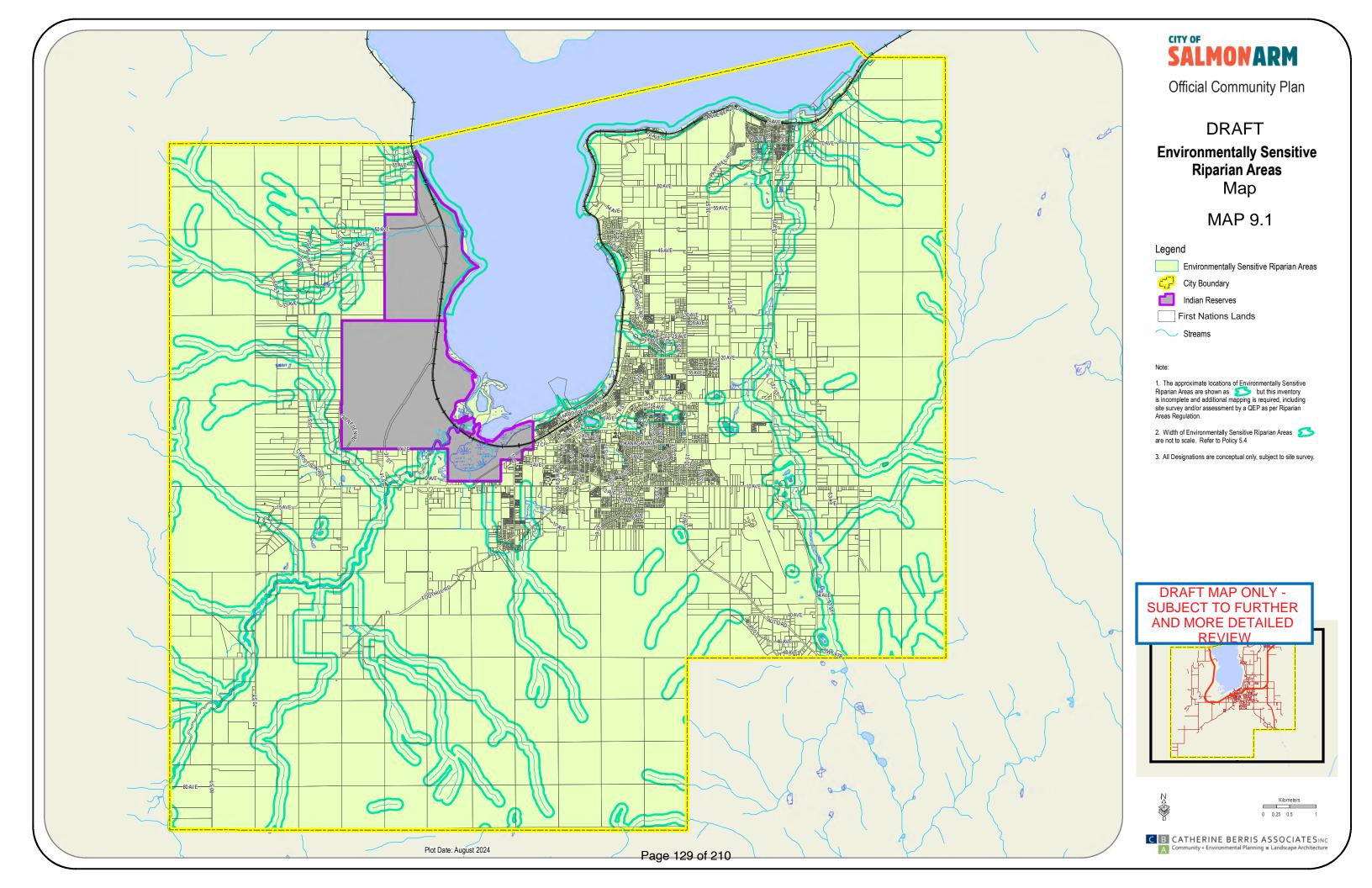


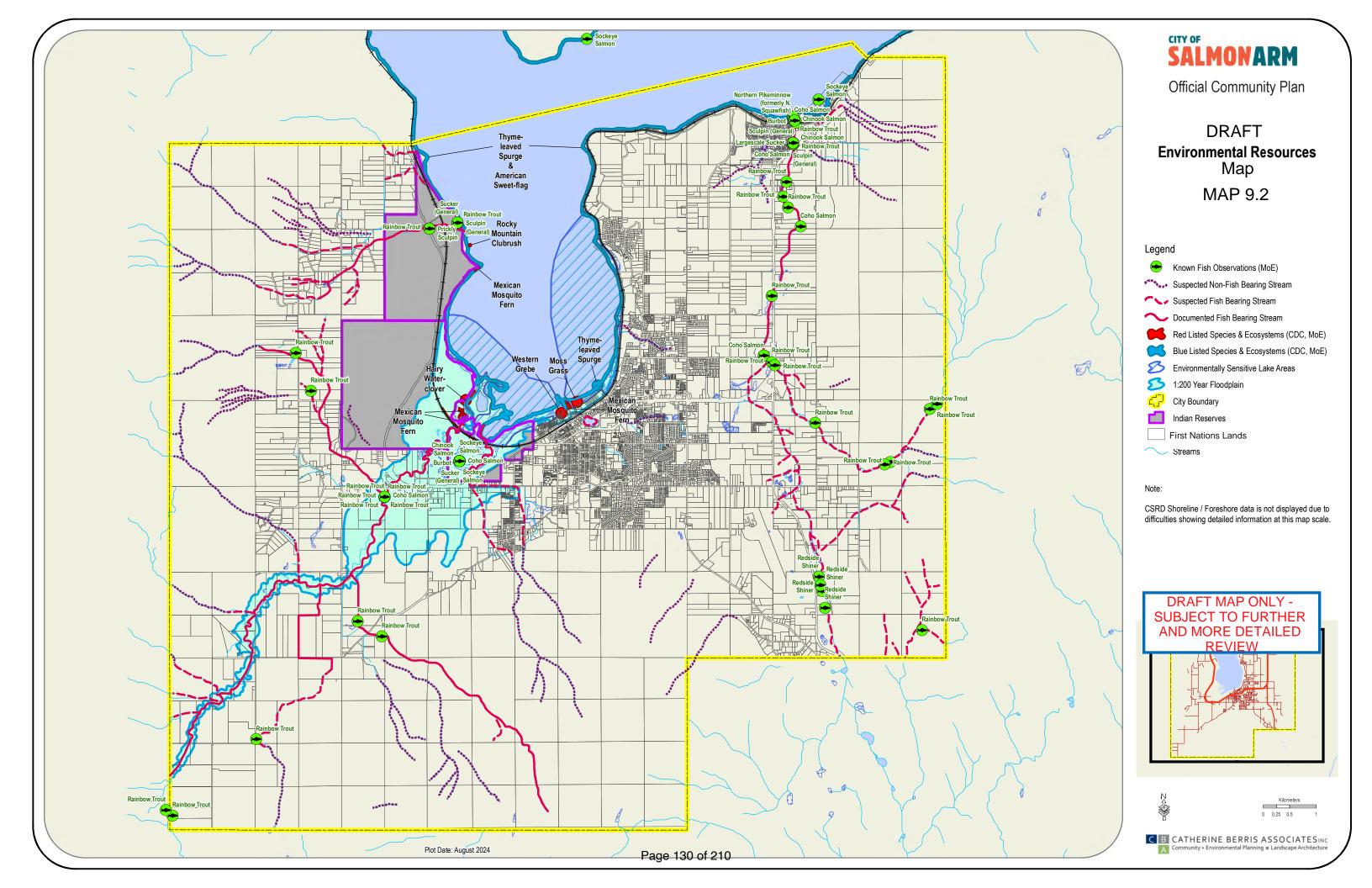


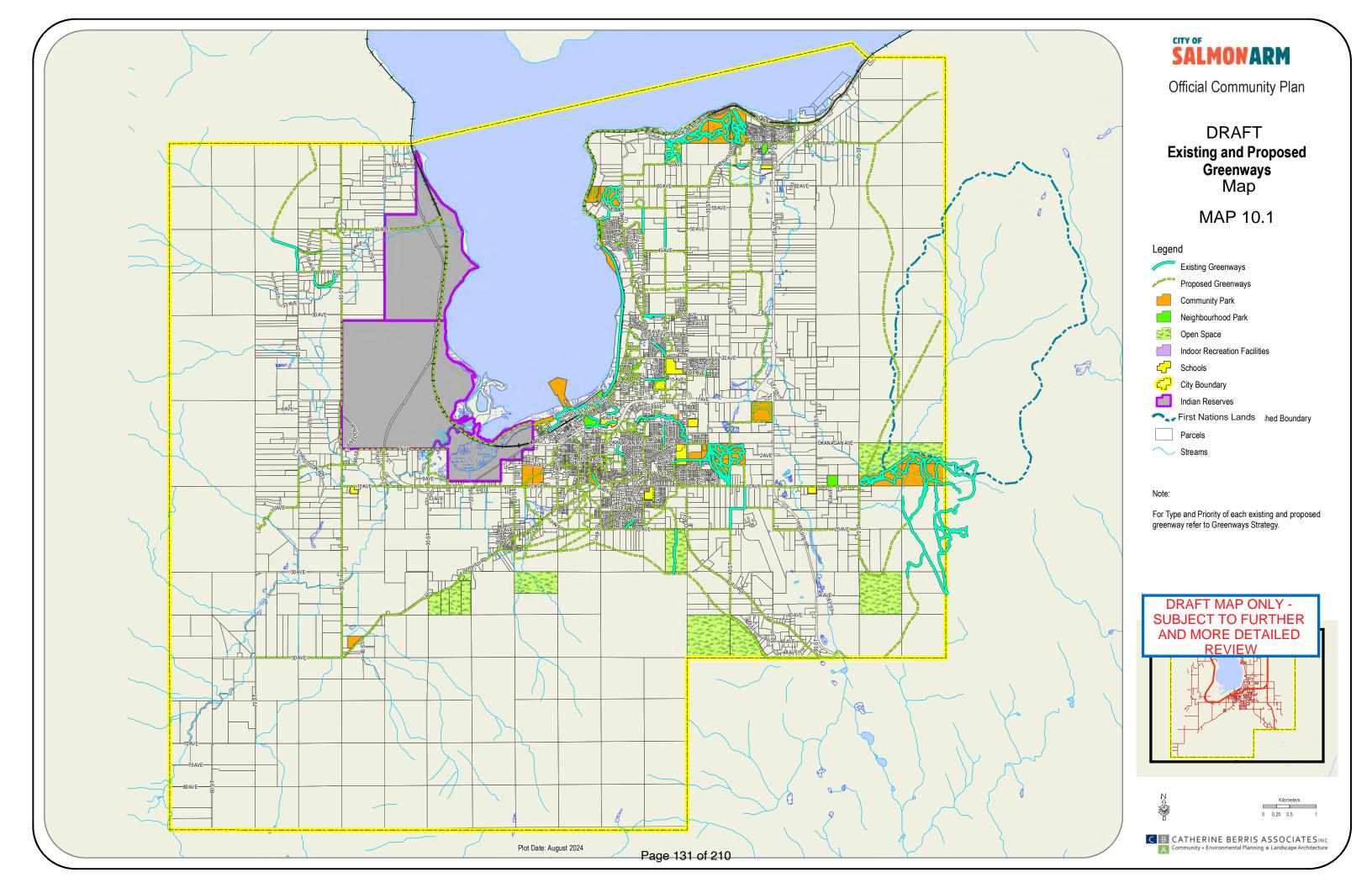


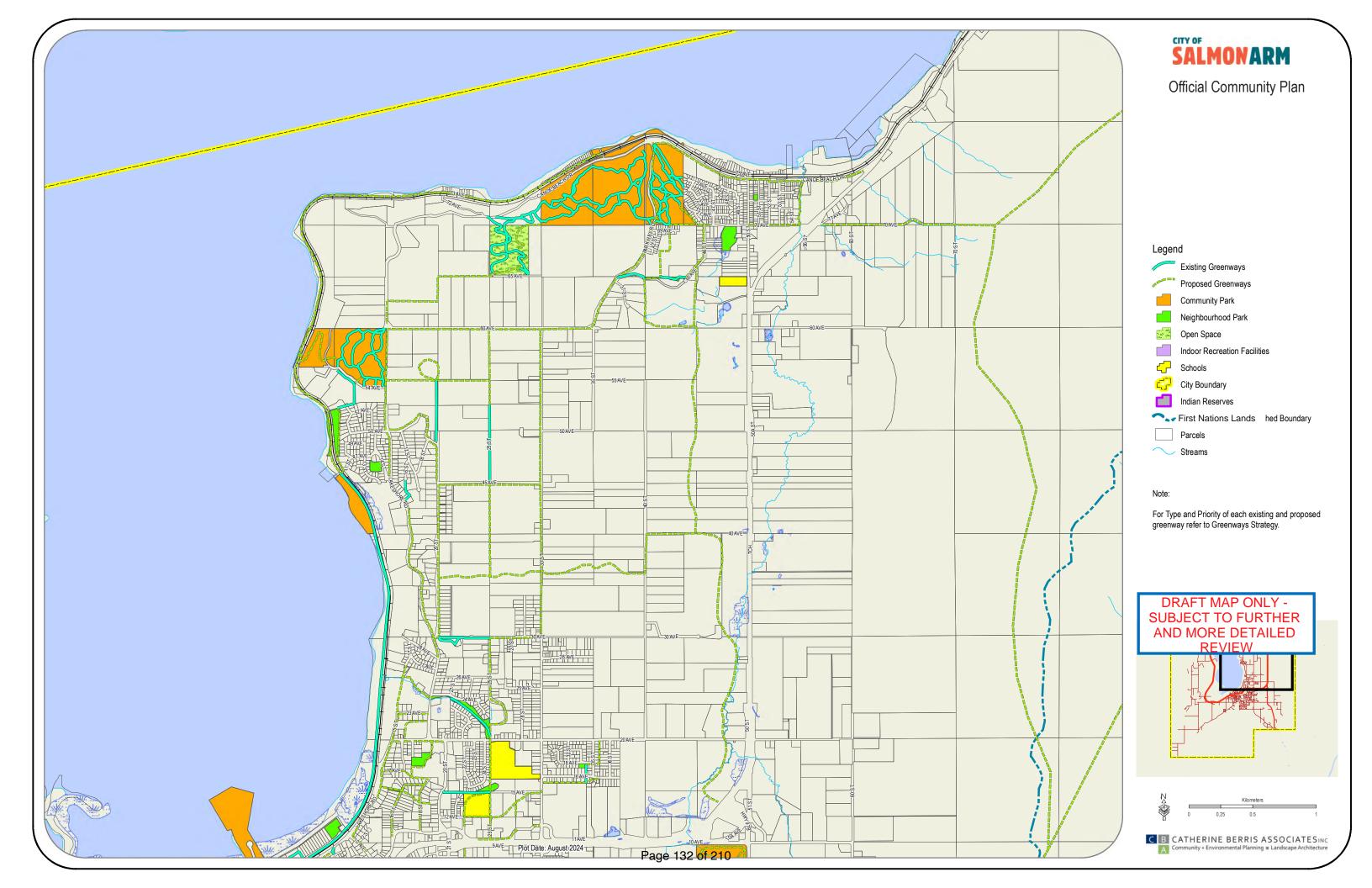


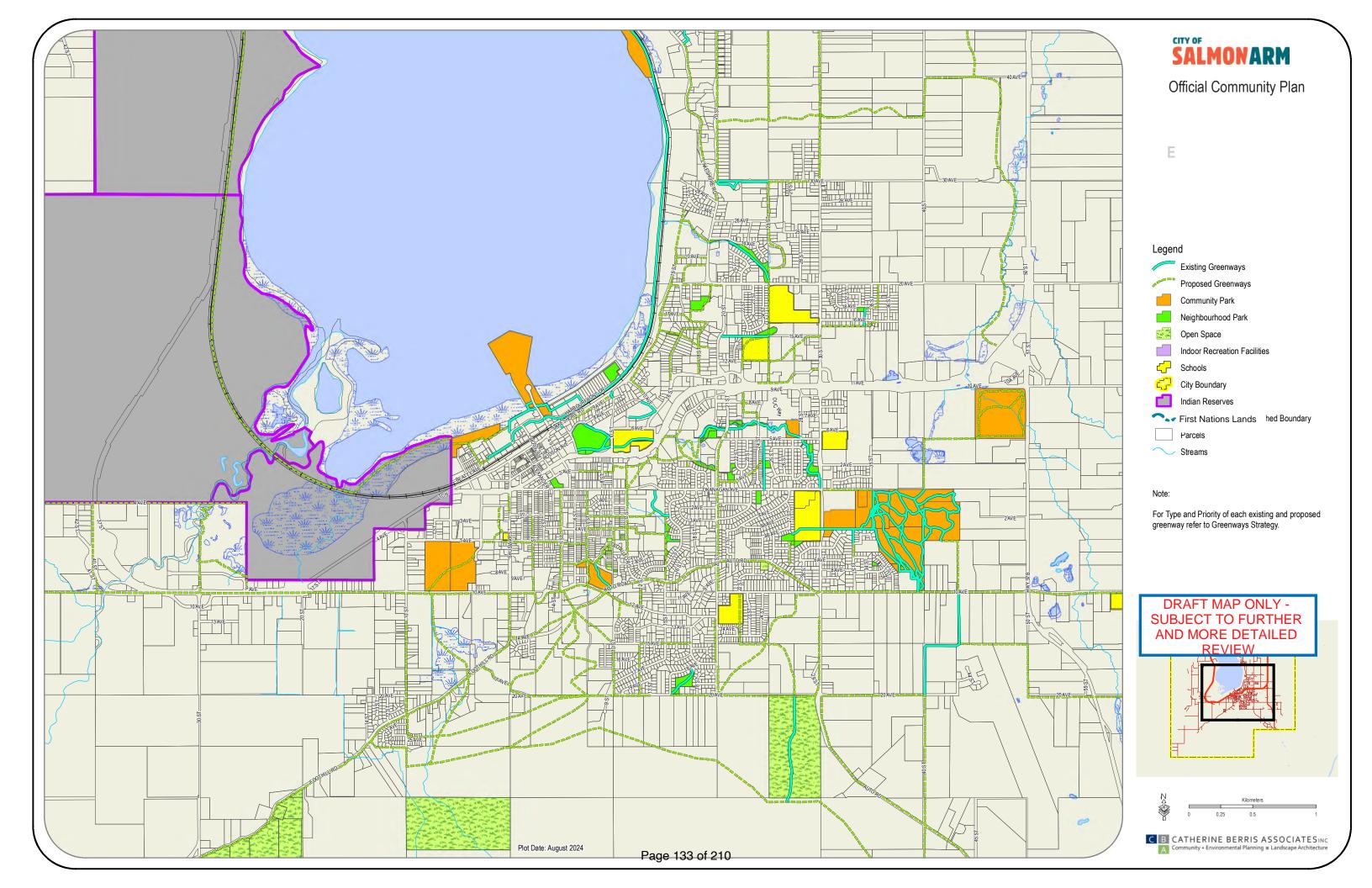


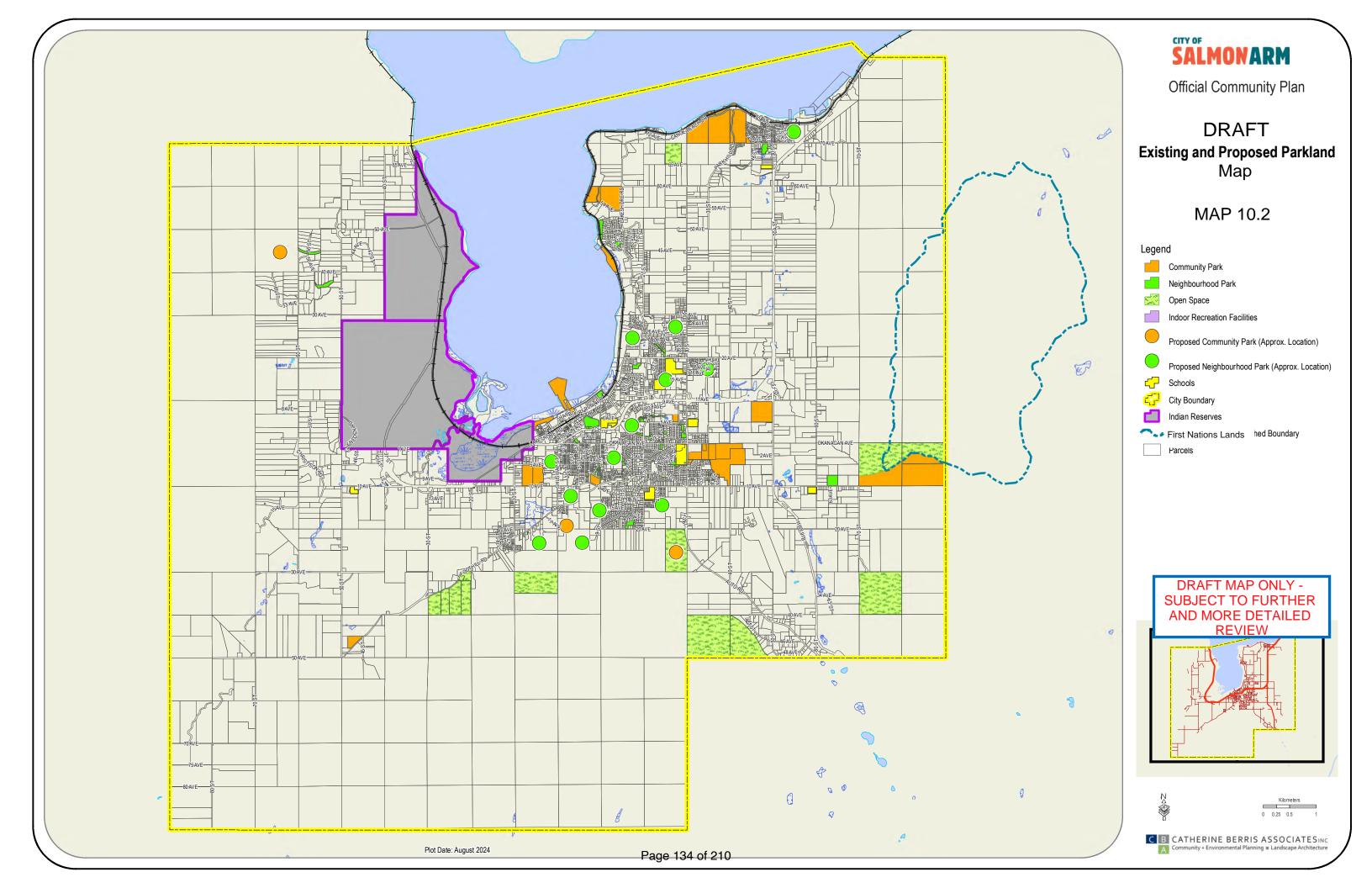


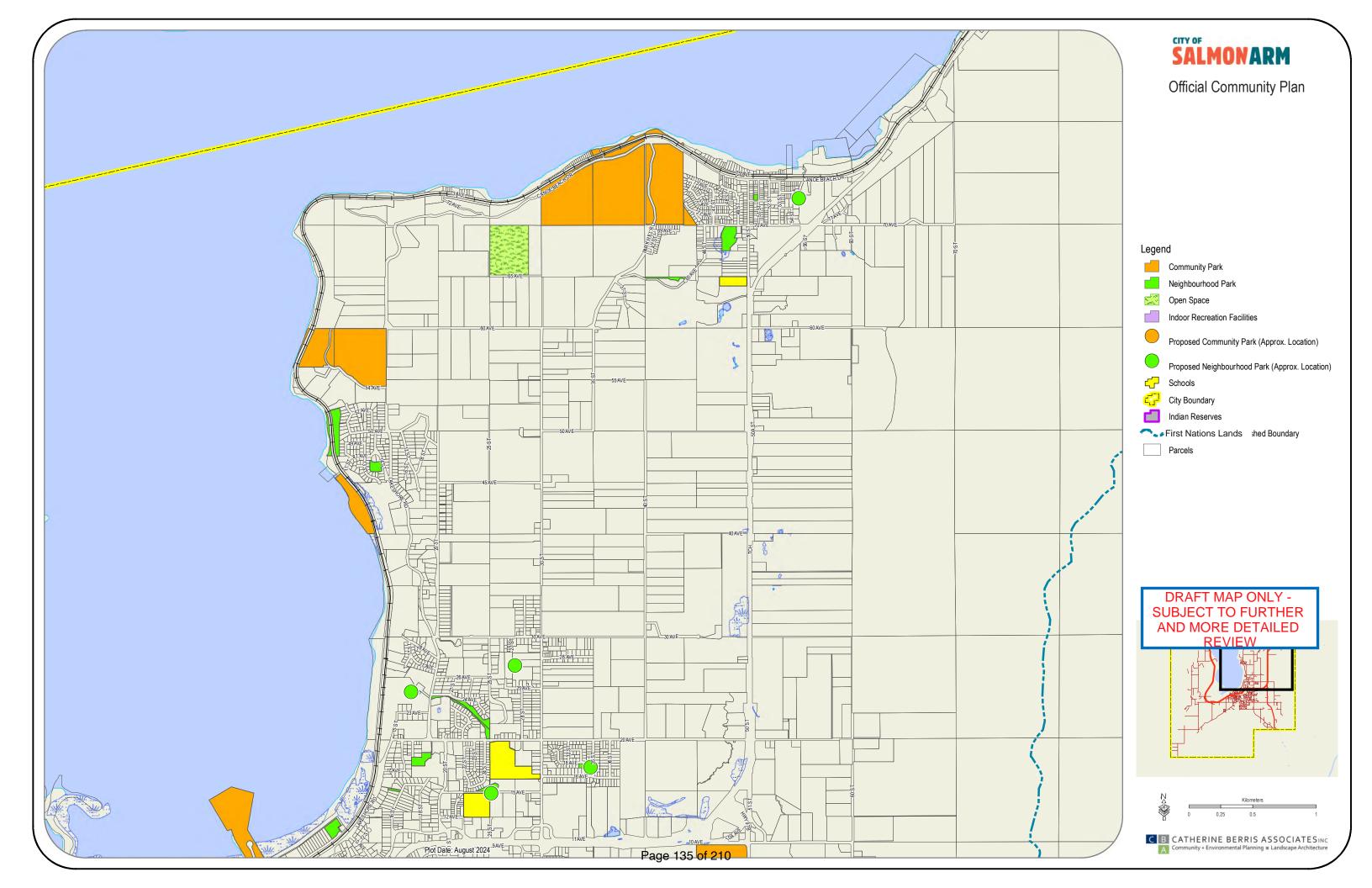


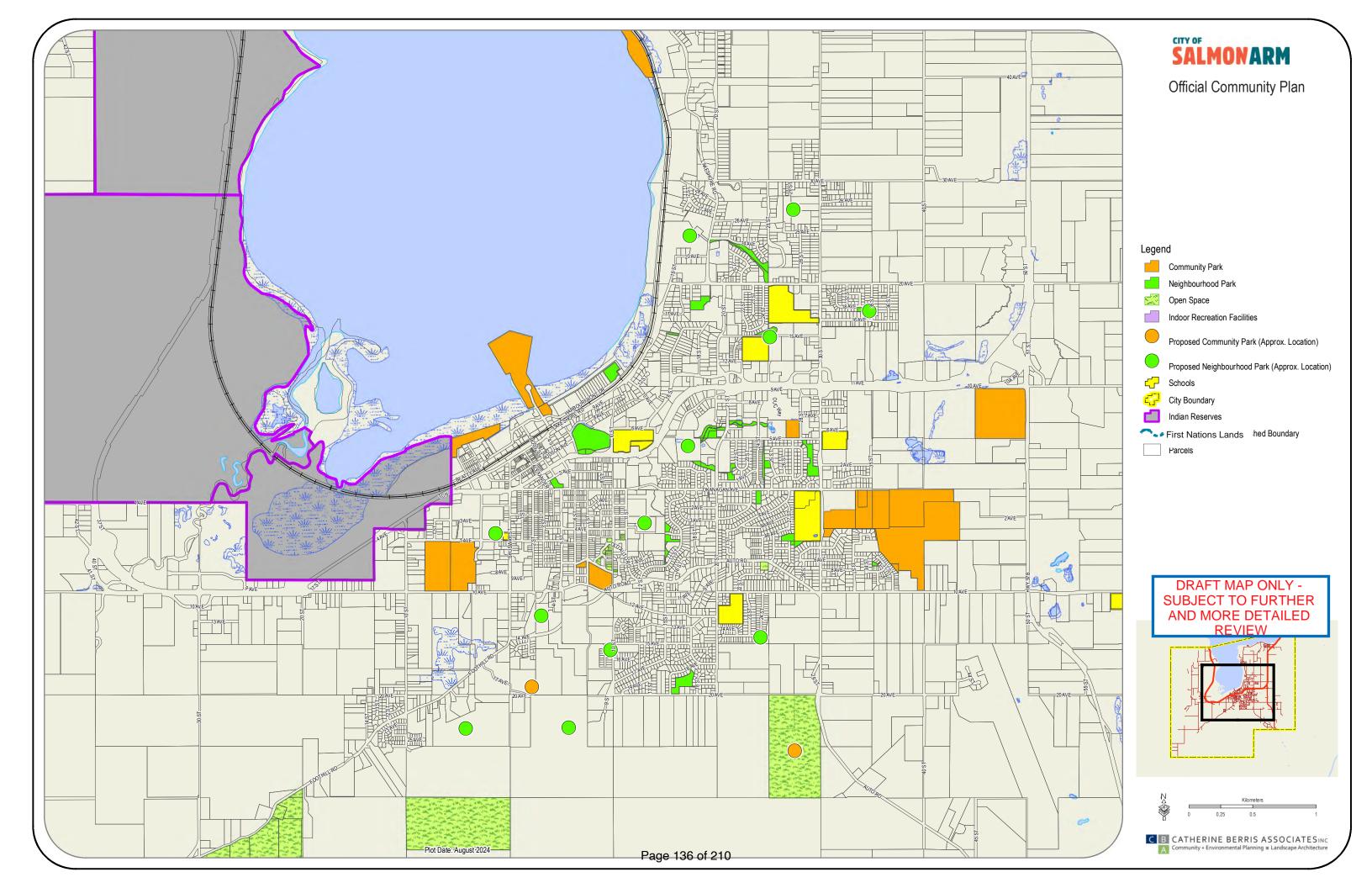


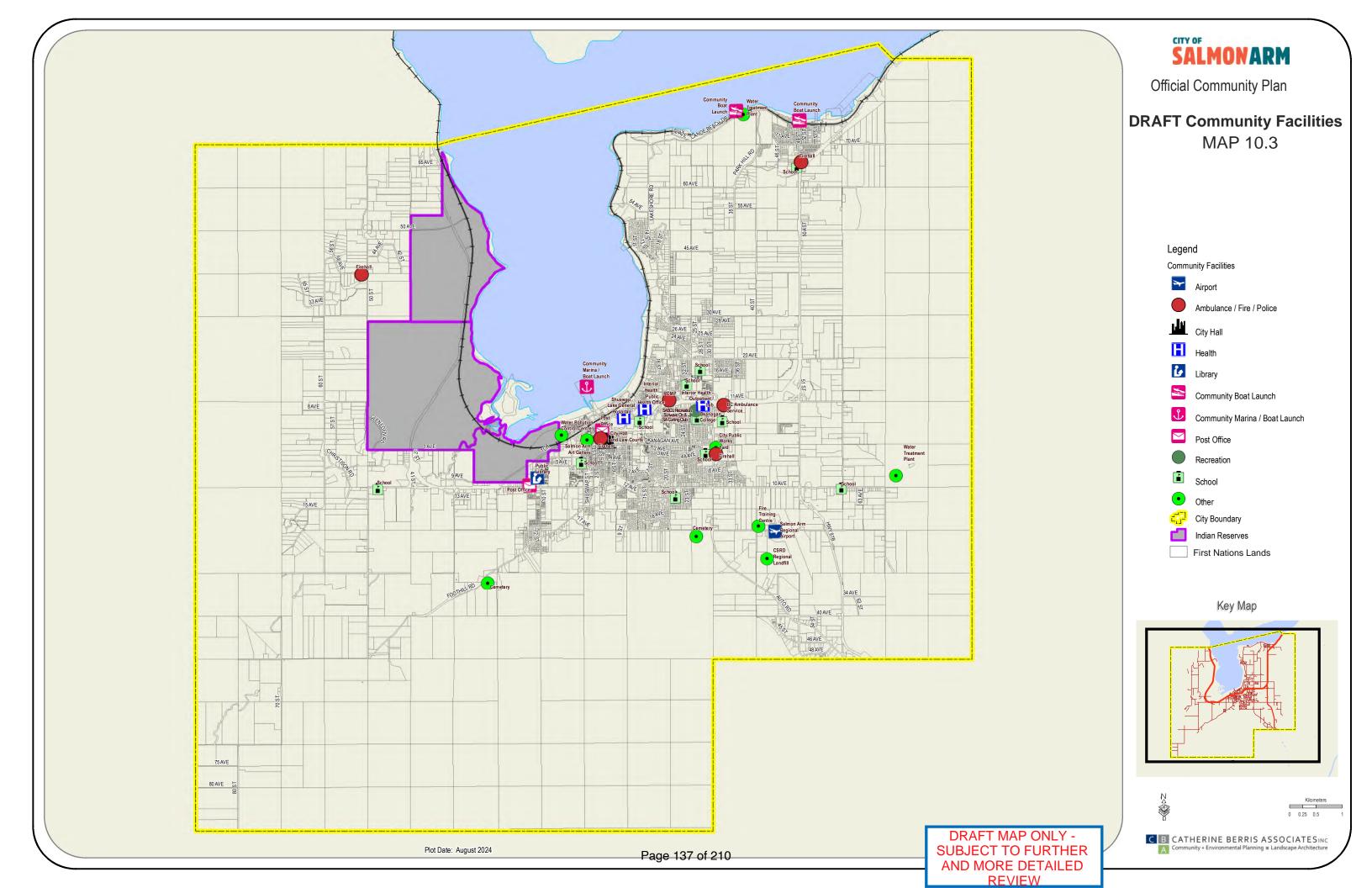


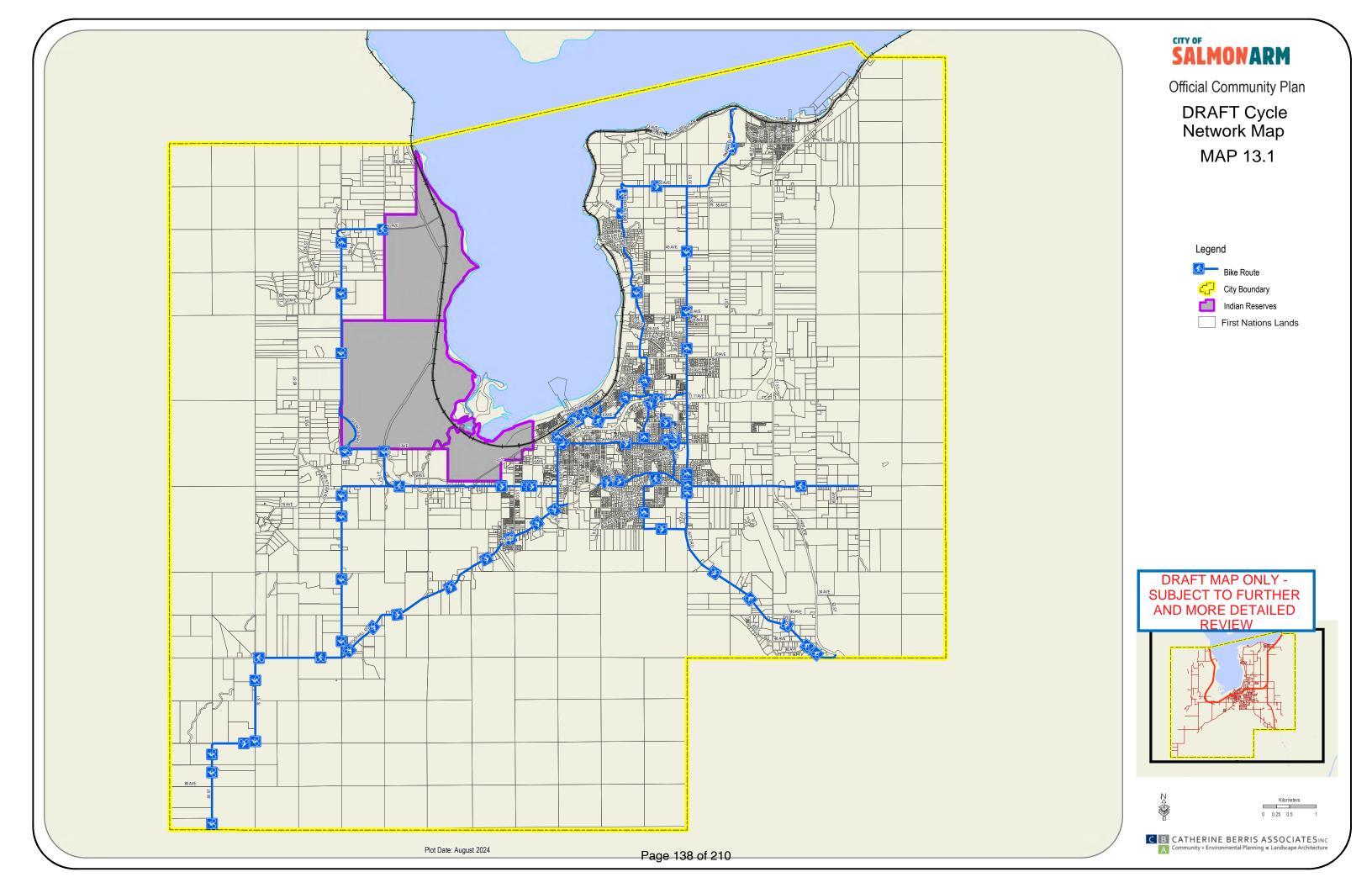


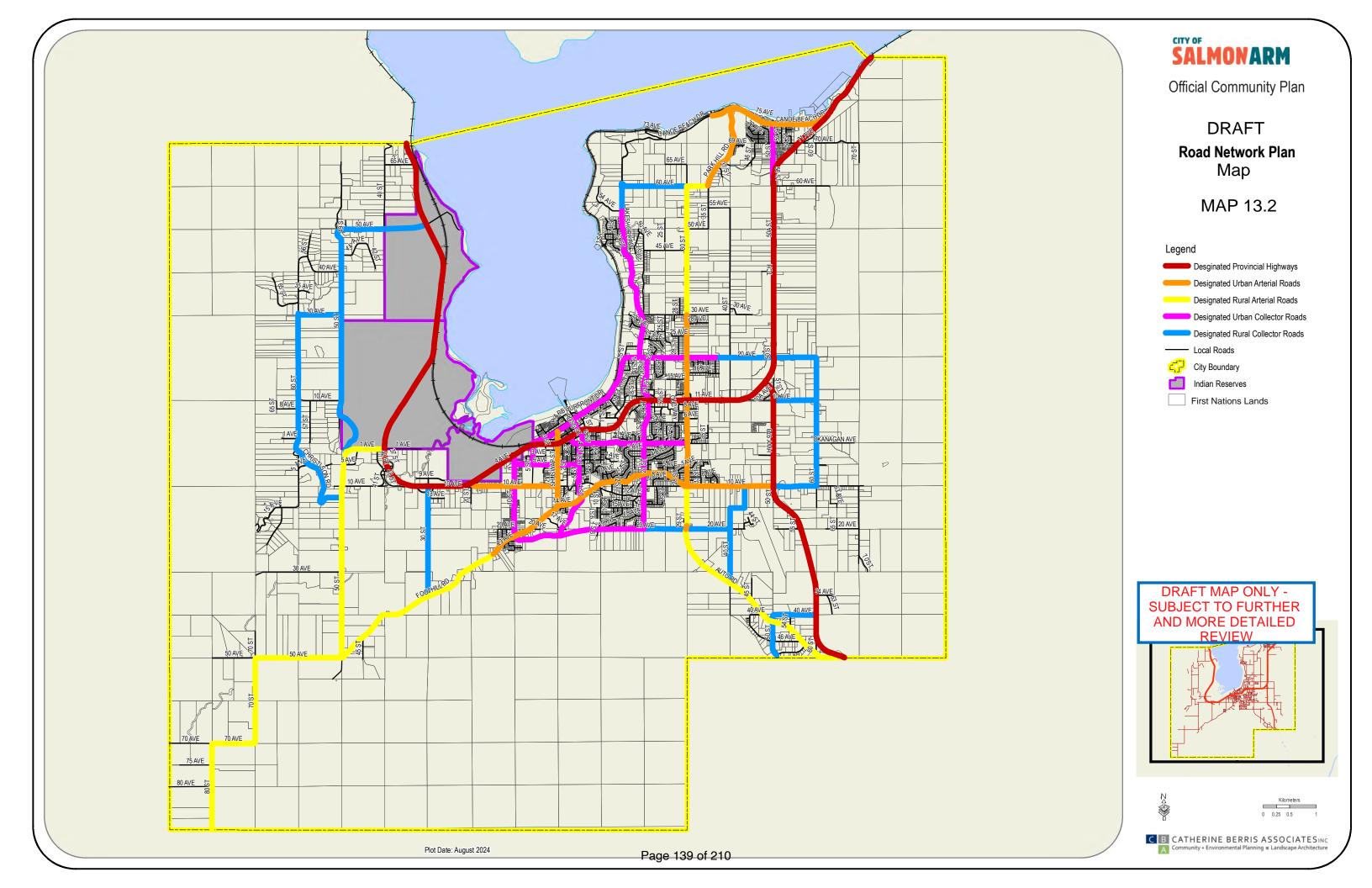


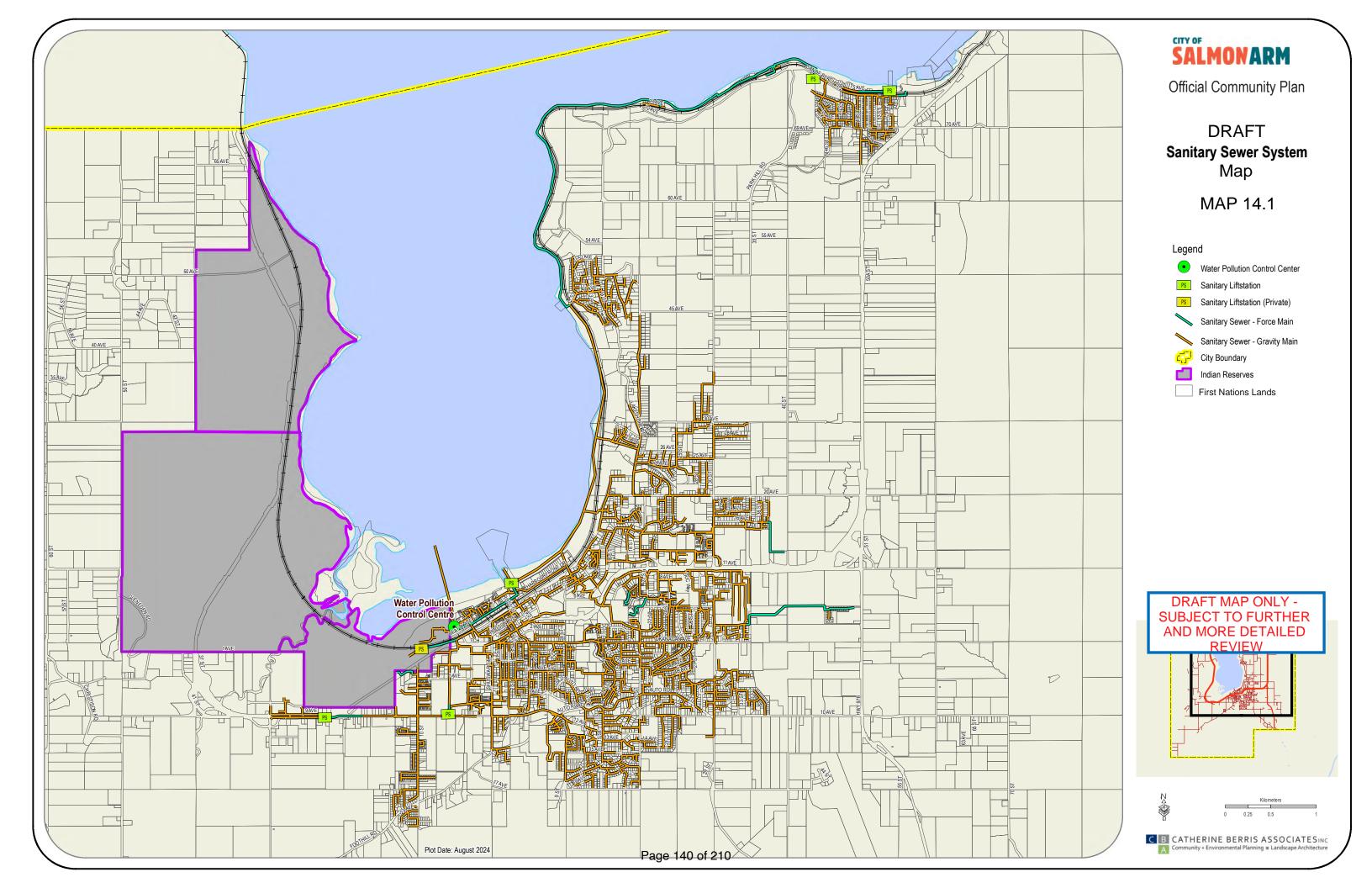


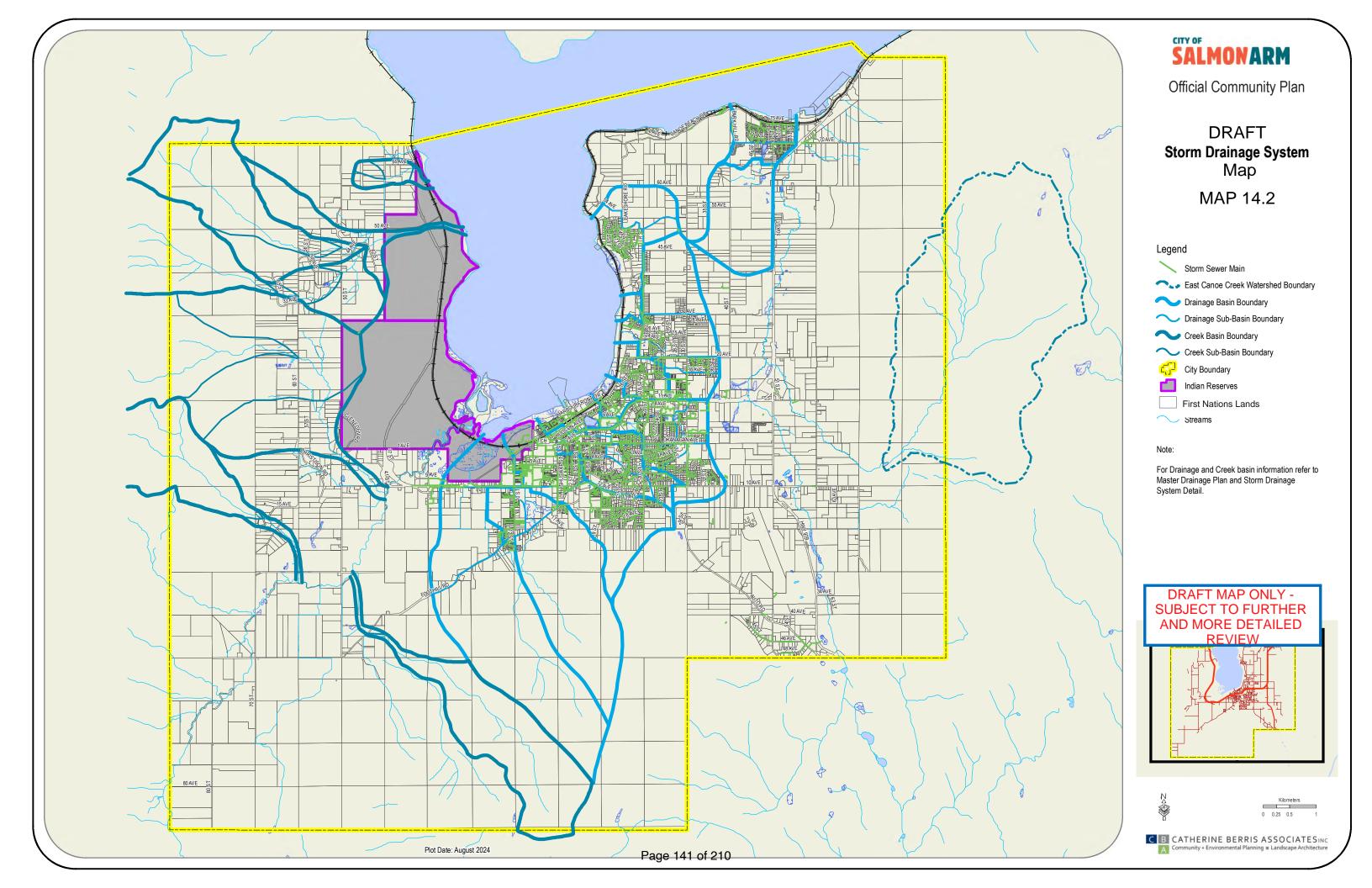


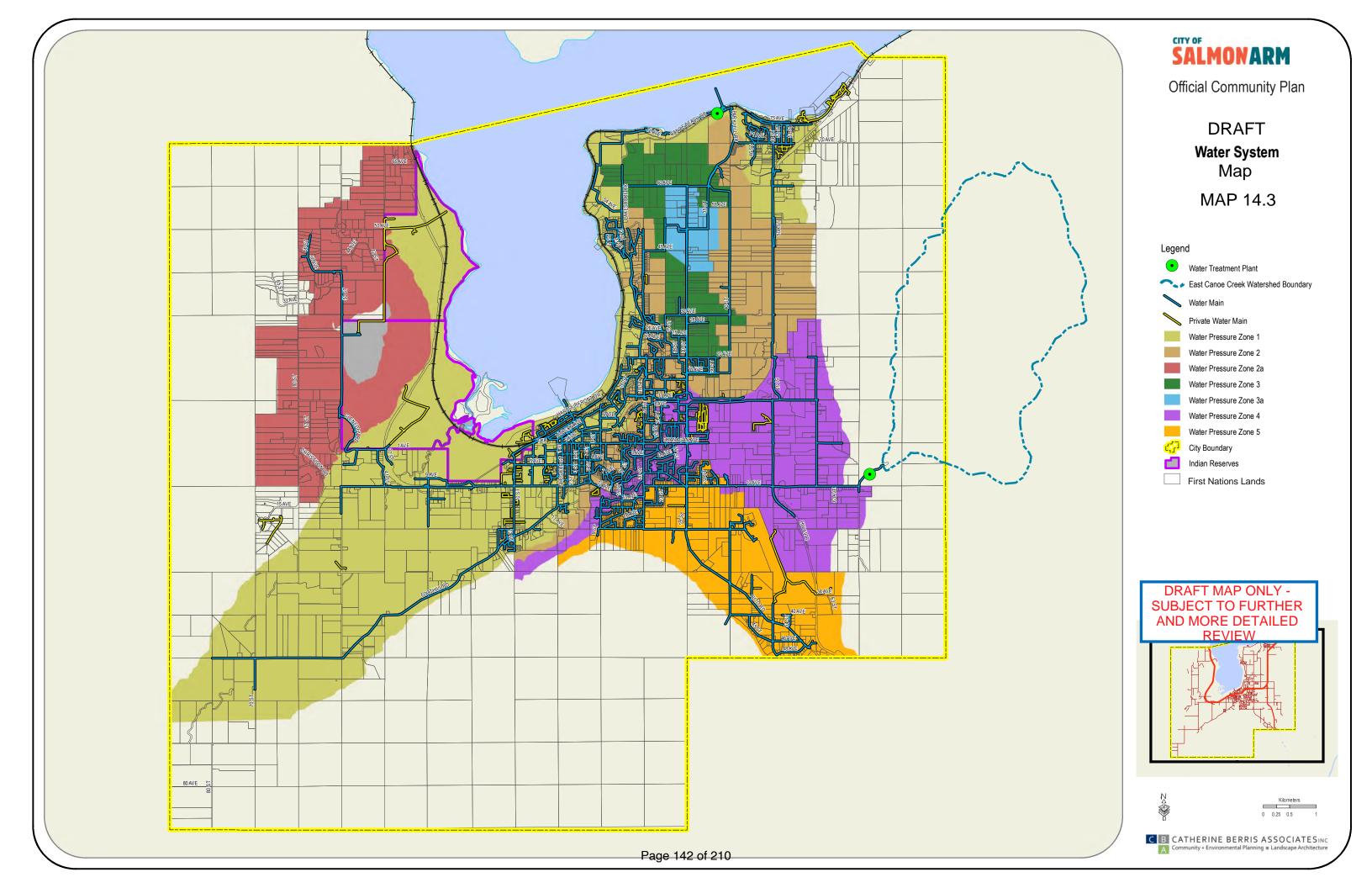


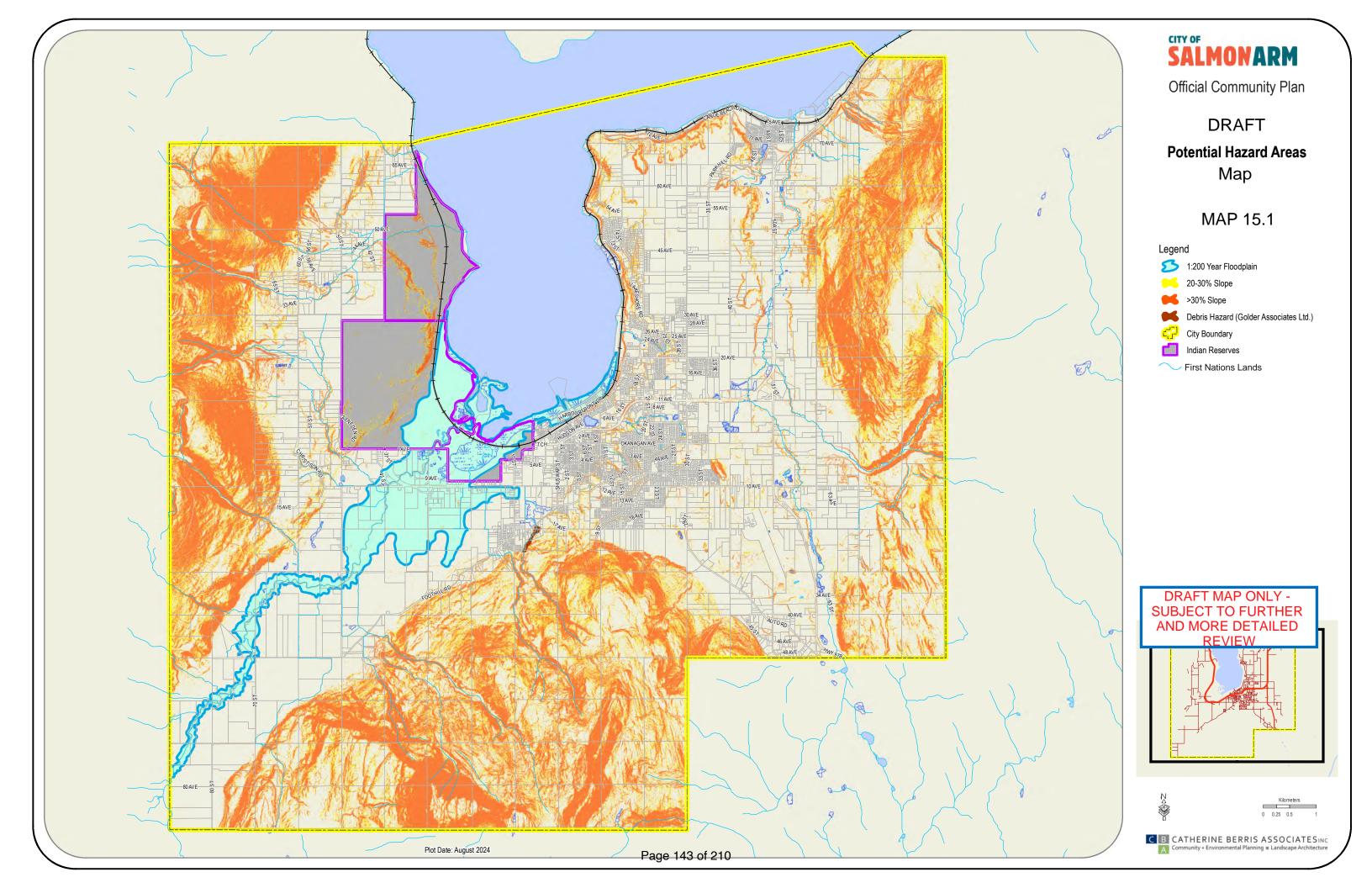












Questions for Council

What are the top 3 priorities in the new OCP?

- Housing density and diversity, mixed neighbourhoods, neighbourhoods aging as people age
- Transportation
- Financial planning, big expenses coming up
- Climate change, stand alone section?
- Multi-family zoning
- Higher density
- Tree protection, no net tree loss
- Wildfire interface areas, steep slopes area, development policies in hazard areas
- Priority areas A B C
- Urban agriculture policies
- Urban containment boundary, community input
- Rural policies
- ALR exclusions, review



Questions for Council

What is missing from the Current OCP?

Where do we need to create new policy?

- Climate action
- Active transportation strategy for how Development and Servicing Bylaw will address bike lanes, upgrades
- Higher density increase locations allowed
- UCB, ALR in middle of city, fringe area planning
- Salmon arm as a hub for working people, parking, EV charging
- Pending legislation from the province, housing policies, monitoring and alignment
- Emergency readiness, plan creation
- Water source protection, water availability and capacity for servicing development
- Food production and security, landscaping
- Tax exemption for types of housing we want and need
- Neighbourhood parks and parklets
- Review of greenway possibilities in B and C development areas, update
- DCC exemptions for non-profit housing





INFORMATION ONLY

To: Mayor & Members of Council

Title: City Engineer - Canoe Sanitary Extension - Local Area Service Request

Date: September 9, 2024

Information Only **Background:**

The City has received several enquiries regarding the extension of sanitary sewer in the south east section of Canoe, from the current termination point in front of North Canoe School to the south east corner of Highway Commercial lots abutting 60 Ave NE (Refer to Figure 1 – Canoe Sanitary Extension). The extension is required for any development in the Urban Containment area and the cost of extending sanitary sewer was frequently cited as a reason development was not occurring on the highway commercial properties east of the Trans Canada Highway.

Extensions of mains are generally completed by developers and triggered by the Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw; otherwise, general taxpayer dollars are being used to subsidize development or business costs. The *Community Charter* contains a provision for a Local Area Service (LAS) whereby the City constructs the infrastructure and the benefiting properties pay back the infrastructure over a set amount of time via a LAS tax, which can help to bridge gaps where important infrastructure is determined to be too expensive for one parcel to bear upfront.

Due to the numerous informal requests from a variety of property owners and the unknown feasibility of extending the sewer via gravity (staff were not supportive of constructing a City owned pump station for a small number of parcels), the City completed a detailed design of the work in early 2021. The sanitary extension proved feasible via gravity and was estimated at approximately \$524,444.75 in a March 2021 estimate (this would equate to approximately \$650,000 inflated to 2024 dollars).

LAS's have significant legislation regarding how they are initiated, how they are approved and how the costs are apportioned to each benefiting parcel. Specific to the Canoe properties, there are several complicating factors which include right-of-way requirements, parcels outside of the Urban Containment Boundary requesting access, undevelopable parcels or agricultural properties fronting the extension and complex parcels. LAS's can be initiated by the City or by the benefiting parcels via a petition.

An informal petition was received by the City of Salmon Arm in January 2024. Six parcels signed the petition of which two parcels are outside of the urban area anticipated to be serviced; however these parcels may still be able to be included pending professional advice. The four parcels represent the vast majority of benefiting land area east of the Trans Canada Highway.

Approximately 11 parcels front the anticipated extension; however, several of the parcels in question may be excluded due to various reasons pending professional advice. The petition is not considered a valid petition pursuant to Section 212 of the *Community Charter*. To be considered a valid petition, the petition must contain a description of the service, a definition of the boundaries, the estimated cost of the service, all relative information if the funds are to be borrowed and the financial implication thereto and the proposed cost recovery (i.e. tax impact) to the residents defined within the boundaries of the Local Area Service and any other future costs.

With the level of support indicated by the informal petition along with the environmental benefits (decommissioning of septic systems adjacent to Canoe Creek) and economic benefits (expediting development opportunities) of extending the sanitary sewer, staff see the value of the initiative; however note the following:

- Staff capacity is stretched with priority projects; this project is not currently within our priority list and will require redirecting resources.
- There is a limit on City borrowing capacity and it is anticipated that priority projects may encompass the majority of that borrowing capacity in the near future.

Council has several options for next steps:

1. Reject request and encourage residents to seek their own resolution:

Council may reject the request for any reason; however, the benefiting properties can continue the process towards the Canoe Sanitary Extension via the following options:

- O Hire an agent to complete design and contract administration services through a shared funding agreement with the interested parties and move forward with the extension under a Highway Use Agreement. The City would be an approval agent for the design (MoTI approval also required) and assume the works upon completion, but would not be financially involved.
- Continue the process of a LAS by hiring an agent to prepare a formal petition pursuant to Section 212 of the Community Charter. Staff resourcing would still be required with this option as external parties would not be able to determine the source of City funding and loan details, etc. Staff would require funding for professional review due to the complexity of the LAS. It is anticipated that professional costs could be absorbed into existing budgets and tracked for allocation purposes to any future LAS; however, these funds may not be recoverable if the petition fails.

2. Proceed with investigation and formal petition of LAS (internal resources)

Staff would be required to complete background work to help petitioners prepare a formal petition pursuant to Section 212 of the *Community Charter*. The LAS would then be tested for electoral approval through one of three processes (Petition in favour, Petition Against or Alternative Approval Process). More details of these processes would be discussed in a future memo to Council once the appropriate background work had been completed. Staff would require funding for professional advice due to the complexity of the LAS. It is anticipated that these costs could be absorbed into existing budgets and tracked for allocation purposes to any future LAS; however, these funds may not be recoverable if the petition fails. Staff do not recommend this option as it will require priority projects to be delayed.

3. Proceed with investigation and formal petition of LAS (external resources)

Council would authorize staff to hire external resources to complete background work and professional review to facilitate the petitioners in creating a formal petition pursuant to Section 212 of the Community Charter. The LAS would then be tested for electoral

approval as above. Staff would propose a budget of \$25,000 to be put forward in the 2025 budget to hire a consultant. Any expended funds would be tracked for allocation purposes to any future LAS; however, these funds may not be recoverable if the petition fails.

Staff recommend proceeding with Option 3 should Council wish to move forward with the LAS request as it will likely result in the lowest staff effort while still resulting in the desired product.

Legislative authority / plans / reports:

	Official Community Plan	Master Plan
Χ	Community Charter	Other
	Bylaw/Policy	Corporate Strategic Plan
	Zoning Bylaw	2024-2028 Financial Plan
		Long Term Financial Plan

Local Service Taxes are addressed in sections 210 through to 219 of the Community Charter.

A municipal council may, by bylaw, provide for services to only a portion of the municipality (i.e. a local service area). The tax levied within this area is referred to as a local service tax. A local service tax is a property value tax or parcel tax levied over a "sub-area" of a municipality.

A municipal council may establish a local area service to provide any type of service that will benefit a portion of the municipality. For example:

- Sewer service
- Water service
- Sidewalks for a neighbourhood
- Downtown revitalization
- Recreation facilities to serve a part of a large municipality

A local service must be established through bylaw with the approval of the municipal council. In addition, the bylaw must receive the approval of the property owners or electors within the proposed local service area. There are three methods that may be used by the municipality to obtain the approval of owners/electors:

- Petition: A successful petition must be signed by:
 - o at least 50 percent of the owners of properties;
 - o representing at least 50 percent of the assessed value of land and improvements that will be subject to the local service tax.
- **Council initiative:** An initiative of the municipal council would be successful, providing no more than the following petition against the proposed local service area within 30 days of a public notice of the initiative:

- less than 50 percent of the owners of properties;
- o representing less than 50 percent of the assessed value of land and improvements that will be subject to the local service tax.
- **Assent voting:** Often known as a referendum; electors in the proposed local service area vote whether or not to provide the service.

A municipality may borrow money for capital works required by a local area service through a loan authorization bylaw. If all of the costs of borrowing for a local area service are to be recovered by a local service tax, the loan bylaw does not require the approval of the broader municipality. However, the loan bylaw does require the approval of the owners/electors within the local service area through petition, council initiative, or assent voting.

Financial Considerations:

Alternatives & Implications:

Alternatives are noted above and should Council wish to proceed, the resulting motions have been written below.

- Reject request in favour of a formal petition prepared by residents representative:
 THAT: Staff assist residents agent by preparing and providing relevant information as necessary for the resident's agent to prepare a petition pursuant to Section 212 of the Community Charter.
- 2. Proceed with investigation and formal petition of LAS (internal resources)
 THAT: Council authorize staff to prepare a report detailing the background information and process to proceed with an assent process for a Local Area Service pursuant to Section 212 of the *Community Charter* for the Canoe Sanitary Extension.

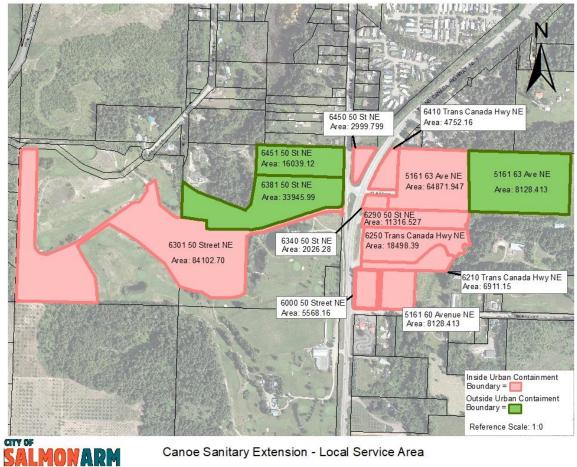
Communication:

In the event of a Council decision, Staff will communicate next steps to the requestors.

Prepared by: City Engineer

Reviewed by: Chief Financial Officer
Approved by: Chief Administrative Officer

Attachments: Figure 1 – Service Area



Canoe Sanitary Extension - Local Service Area



INFORMATION ONLY

To: Mayor & Members of Council

Title: City Engineer – 13 Avenue SW Sanitary Sewer Extension Request

Date: September 9, 2024

Background:

The City has received annual requests to include an extension of sanitary sewer main and storm main to service the businesses along 13 Avenue SW (refer to Figure 1 - 13 Avenue SW Main Extensions). The extension of sanitary main and road and drainage upgrades are required for any development in the Urban Containment area and the cost of extending sanitary sewer is cited as constricting development on the light industrial parcels on 13 Avenue SW.

Due to the numerous informal requests and the potential opportunity for grant funding for the project, the City completed a detailed design of the work in late 2017. The total project cost was estimated at \$850,846.10 (this would equate to approximately \$1,370,000.00 inflated to 2025 dollars). The sanitary extension portion of the work was estimated at approximately \$425,000.00 (this would equate to approximately \$685,000.00 inflated to 2025 dollars).

More recent requests have focused on the sanitary main extension and in February of this year, Council directed staff to present a preliminary update report to Council to review the current factors underlying the request and to begin consideration of the options for future budget cycles.

Extensions of mains are generally completed by developers and triggered by the Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw; otherwise general taxpayer dollars (from the sewer utility) are being used to subsidize development or business costs. Where services are extended past the subject parcel frontage or are oversized to allow capacity for other parcels, the 'excess or extended' portion of the works can be reimbursed to, or recuperated by the developer either directly by the City, through a Latecomers Agreement or by DCC credits (up to the amount due by the development).

The requests for sanitary extension do not reference a Local Area Service; however, staff note the benefiting businesses could bring forward a petition to Council for a Local Area Service. The Community Charter contains a provision for a Local Area Service (LAS) whereby the City constructs the infrastructure and the benefiting properties pay back the infrastructure over a set amount of time via a tax, which can help to bridge gaps where important infrastructure is determined to be too expensive for one parcel to bear upfront.

Currently the request for the sanitary sewer extension is only coming from one business. There are approximately ten benefiting properties within the urban containment boundary. While staff

recognize there are economic benefits (increased land use) of extending the sanitary sewer, staff are unaware of other underlying factors such as environmental concerns. While Staff recognize the value of the sanitary extension, staff are generally not supportive of funding the initiative based on the following:

- The requestor is requesting the users of the sanitary utility pay to extend the sanitary sewer benefiting their business; this could be construed as the City subsidizing select businesses within the community.
- The sanitary utility requires significant increases to user fees to fund high priority projects such as the Water Pollution Control Centre Stage IV upgrade and foreshore main replacement; minimizing additional expenditures is necessary to minimize the impact to the user fees.
- Staff capacity is stretched with priority projects; this project is not currently within our priority list and will require redirecting resources.
- There is a limit on City borrowing capacity and it is anticipated that priority projects may encompass the majority of that borrowing capacity in the near future.

Staff recommend that Council does not move forward with the construction of the sewer extension funded from the sewer utility. Should the business want to move forward with the sanitary extension there are other options available to potentially recuperate the costs as outlined above.

Legislative authority / plans / reports:

	Official Community Plan	Master Plan
Χ	Community Charter	Other
	Bylaw/Policy	Corporate Strategic Plan
	Zoning Bylaw	2024-2028 Financial Plan
		Long Term Financial Plan

Financial Considerations:

Should Council elect to fund the project through the Sanitary Sewer Utility, the options available would include an increase to the Sanitary Sewer User Fee or Frontage Parcel Tax. Assuming no other change to the Sanitary Sewer Budget, \$685,000 in additional funding could be derived by:

1) Increasing the sanitary user fee by approximately 24.30%:

Annual Rate Residential User								
Existing User Fee								
\$385.00	\$385.00 \$478.60 \$93.60							

2) Increasing the sanitary sewer frontage parcel tax from approximately \$1.98 to \$3.33 per taxable foot:

For a Lot with 60 Feet of Taxable Frontage								
Existing SFP	Existing SFP New SFP Additional Total							
Tax Cost								
\$118.80	\$199.86	\$81.06						

As addressed in the prior year, the current annual allocations to Major Maintenance Reserves are significantly below that estimated for sustainable replacement of assets. Rate increases are necessary to reduce the funding gap for sustainable asset replacements and therefore funding from existing reserves is not recommended.

Alternatives & Implications:

THAT: Council direct staff to add the 13 Avenue SW sanitary extension project in the amount

of \$685,000.00 for consideration in the 2025 budget, to be funded from an increase

to sanitary sewer user fee.

THAT: Council direct staff to add the 13 Avenue SW sanitary extension project in the amount

of \$685,000.00 for consideration in the 2025 budget, to be funded from an increase

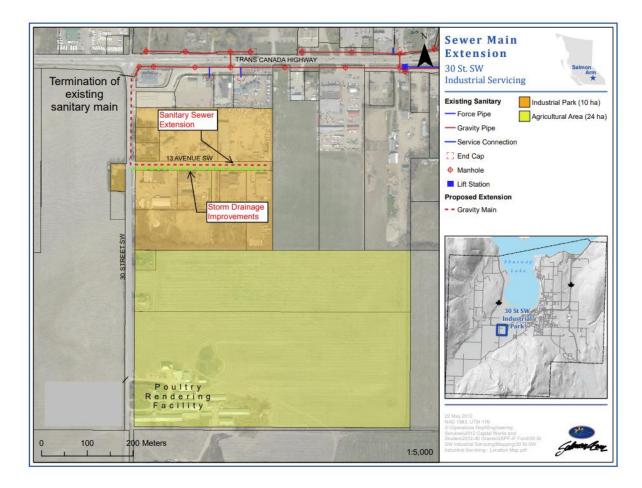
to the sanitary sewer frontage parcel tax.

Communication:

Prepared by: City Engineer

Reviewed by: Chief Financial Officer
Approved by: Chief Administrative Officer

Appendix A – Project Location



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CITY OF SALMON ARM

BYLAW NO. 4669

A bylaw to amend "District of Salmon Arm Zoning Bylaw No. 2303"

The Council of the City of Salmon Arm, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. "District of Salmon Arm Zoning Bylaw No. 2303" is hereby amended as follows:

Rezone Strata Lots 1 to 38, Section 13, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Strata Plan K171 located at units 503 to 599 24 Street NE and 2207 – 2299 5 Avenue NE, Salmon Arm, BC from R-10 (Residential Zone) to R-14 (Compact/Strata Multi-Family Residential Zone) attached as Schedule "A".

2. SEVERABILITY

If any part, section, sub-section, clause of this bylaw for any reason is held to be invalid by the decisions of a Court of competent jurisdiction, the invalid portion shall be severed and the decisions that it is invalid shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this bylaw.

3. ENACTMENT

Any enactment referred to herein is a reference to an enactment of British Columbia and regulations thereto as amended, revised, consolidated or replaced from time to time.

4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This bylaw shall come into full force and effect upon adoption of same.

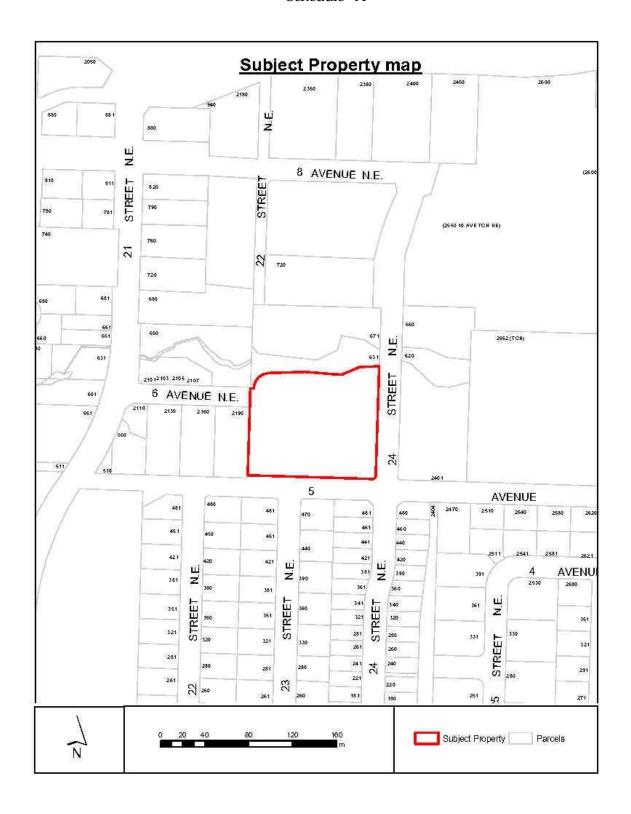
5. CITATION

This bylaw may be cited as	"City of Salmon	Arm Zoning Amendment Bylaw No. 4669"
3	<i>J</i>	5

READ A FIRST TIME THIS	26	DAY OF	AUGUST	2024
READ A SECOND TIME THIS	26	DAY OF	AUGUST	2024
READ A THIRD TIME THIS	26	DAY OF	AUGUST	2024
ADOPTED BY COUNCIL THIS		DAY OF		2024

MAYO
CORPORATE OFFICE

Schedule "A"



CITY OF SALMON ARM

BYLAW NO. 4670

A bylaw to amend "District of Salmon Arm Zoning Bylaw No. 2303"

The Council of the City of Salmon Arm, in open meeting assembled, enacts as follows:

1. "District of Salmon Arm Zoning Bylaw No. 2303" is hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 46 - CD-8 Comprehensive Development Zone - 8

- a) Section 46.3 add "multiple family dwellings" as a permitted use;
- b) Section 46.4 increase maximum principle building height from 12 m to 19 m for a residential family dwelling building;
- c) Section 46.6 reduce minimum parcel size/site area from 5 to 0.5 acres;
- d) Section 46.8 reduce the minimum setbacks as per the attached site plan:
 - Building P from 6 m to 1.3 m,
 - Building N from 6 m to 2.6 m,
 - Residential Building A from 6 m to 3.2 m,
 - Residential Building B from 6 m to 0.7 m,
- e) Parking reduce the residential multiple family parking requirement from 1.25 to 0.82 stalls per dwelling

2. SEVERABILITY

If any part, section, sub-section, clause of this bylaw for any reason is held to be invalid by the decisions of a Court of competent jurisdiction, the invalid portion shall be severed and the decisions that it is invalid shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this bylaw.

3. ENACTMENT

Any enactment referred to herein is a reference to an enactment of British Columbia and regulations thereto as amended, revised, consolidated or replaced from time to time.

4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This bylaw shall come into full force and effect upon adoption of same.

5. CITATION

This bylaw may be cited as "City of Salmon Arm Zoning Amendment Bylaw No. 4670"

READ A FIRST TIME THIS	26	DAY OF	AUGUST	2024
READ A SECOND TIME THIS	26	DAY OF	AUGUST	2024
READ A THIRD TIME THIS	26	DAY OF	AUGUST	2024

APPROVED PURSUANT TO SECTION 52 (3) (a) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ACT ON THE $_{\mbox{\scriptsize 4}}$ DAY OF September $_{\mbox{\scriptsize ,}}$ 2024

For Minister of Transportation & Infrastructure

ADOPTED BY COUNCIL THIS DAY OF 2024.

MAYOR

CORPORATE OFFICER

CITY OF SALMON ARM

BYLAW NO. 4545

A bylaw to amend "District of Salmon Arm Zoning Bylaw No. 2303"

WHEREAS notice of a Public Hearing to be held by the Council of the City of Salmon Arm in the Council Chambers at City Hall, 500 – 2 Avenue NE, Salmon Arm, British Columbia and by electronic means, on March 25, 2024 at the hour of 7:00 p.m. was published in the March 13 and March 20, 2024 issues of the Salmon Arm Observer;

AND WHEREAS the said Public Hearing was duly held at the time and place above mentioned;

NOW THEREFORE the Council of the City of Salmon Arm in open meeting assembled enacts as follows:

1. "District of Salmon Arm Zoning Bylaw No. 2303" is hereby amended as follows:

Rezone Lot 3, Section 10, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Plan 5001 Except Parcel A (DD 143254F) and Plan B6688 from R-1 (Single Family Residential) to C-3 (Service Commercial Zone), attached as Schedule "A".

SEVERABILITY

If any part, section, sub-section, clause of this bylaw for any reason is held to be invalid by the decisions of a Court of competent jurisdiction, the invalid portion shall be severed and the decisions that it is invalid shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this bylaw.

ENACTMENT

Any enactment referred to herein is a reference to an enactment of British Columbia and regulations thereto as amended, revised, consolidated or replaced from time to time.

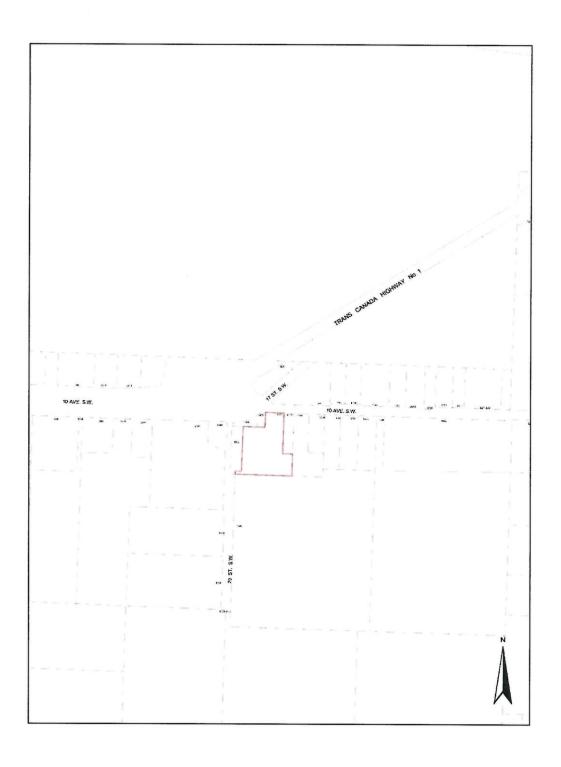
4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This bylaw shall come into full force and effect upon adoption of same.

CORPORATE OFFICER

					0	
5.	CITATION					
	This bylaw may be cited as "City of	Salmo	n Arm Zoning	Amendment Byl	aw No. 4545"	
	READ A FIRST TIME THIS	11	DAY OF	MARCH	2024	
	READ A SECOND TIME THIS	11	DAY OF	MARCH	2024	
	READ A THIRD TIME THIS	25	DAY OF	MARCH	2024	
	APPROVED PURSUANT TO SECTION THE 5 HAD DAY OF		, 2024 S		EVELOPMENT OF	FICER
	ADOPTED BY COUNCIL THIS		DAY OF		2024	
					MAYOR	

Schedule "A"



Page	163 of 21	0

COMMUNITY EVENTS

City Parks & Spaces

September 2024

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
1	2	Travelling Tots Playgroup 8:30 am Junior Mountain Bike Rides 5:00 pm	4	5	6	Downtown Farmer's Market 9:00 am to 1:00 pm Shuswap Children's Association Summer Bash @ Blackburn Park
8	9	Travelling Tots Playgroup 8:30 am Junior Mountain Bike Rides 5:00 pm BC 55+ Games	11 BC 55+ Games	BC 55+ Games Community Dance	BC 55+ Games Concert & Passing the Flag	Downtown Farmer's Market 9:00 am to 1:00 pm BC 55+ Games Volunteer
15	16	Travelling Tots Playgroup 8:30 am Junior Mountain Bike Rides 5:00 pm	18	19	20	Downtown Farmer's Market 9:00 am to 1:00 pm
22	23	Travelling Tots Playgroup 8:30 am Junior Mountain Bike Rides 5:00 pm	25	26	27	Downtown Farmer's Market 9:00 am to 1:00 pm
29	30	Dress the Town Pink Campaign Begins October 1-15 Junior Mountain Bike Rides 5:00 pm	2	3	4	5

SALMONARM

CITY OF SALMON ARM BUILDING DEPARTMENT REPORT AUGUST 2024

LAST YEAR (2023)
CURRENT MONTH YE

YEAR-TO-DATE

CURRENT YEAR (2024)
CURRENT MONTH YEAR

YEAR-TO-DATE

		NO.	VALUE	NO.	VALUE	NO.	VALUE	NO.	VALUE
1	New Single Family Dwellings	2	1,357,904	24	12,448,184	3	1,325,000	14	7,105,000
2	Misc. Additions etc. to SFD's	13	1,046,000	48	3,514,021	5	330,000	37	2,340,647
3	New Single Family Dwellings with suites	1	500,000	10	5,413,000	6	3,320,000	17	7,070,000
4	New Secondary/Detached Suites	2	575,000	10	2,001,854	2	66,000	12	2,342,608
5	New Modulars/MH's (Factory Built)	1	174,398	5	971,398	1	220,000	5	1,641,790
6	Misc. Additions etc. to Modulars/MH's	-	-	4	54,219	1	3,000	4	28,000
7	MFD's (# Units)	1 (2)	728,000	4 (10)	2,956,000	_	-	3 (10)	2,500,000
8	Misc. Additions etc. to MFD's	2	32,500	2	32,500	_	-	1	38,000
9	New Commercial	-	-	-	-	_	-	2 (140)	23,300,000
10	Misc. Additions etc. to Commercial	1	147,000	16	3,235,000		-	4	142,005
11	New Industrial	2	670,000	4	3,443,000		-	-	-
12	Misc. Additions etc. to Industrial	1	450,000	3	520,000		-	1	35,000
13	New Institutional	-	-	2 (49)	11,054,165	_	-	1	55,000
14	Misc. Additions etc. to Institutional	-	_	1	124,282	1	58,000	2	68,000
15	Signs	2	28,955	19	172,791	2	1,200	8	85,712
16	Swimming Pools, Pool Buildings	-	-	6	448,000	-	-	4	340,000
17	Demolitions	1	-	5	-	1	_	5	-
18	Temporary Trailers, A & B Permits	-	_	3	-	-	-	1	-
19	Misc. Special Inspections, etc.	1	-	22	-	2	_	22	-
	TOTAL PERMITS ISSUED	29	5,709,757	188	46,388,414	24	5,323,200	143	47,091,762

MFD's - Apartment, Row, Duplex, Strata (# of dwelling units created) Farm building values not included

BUILDING PERMITS - YEARLY												
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEPT	ОСТ	NOV	DEC
2001	585,500	11,938,550	12,265,250	12,842,790	13,534,790	14,712,550	16,330,650	17,717,625	19,031,075	19,895,255	21,318,855	21,458,195
2002	585,500	1,952,500	3,340,850	3,821,240	5,455,840	6,411,690	8,844,690	10,932,510	15,780,890	16,705,600	17,738,200	17,923,700
2003	130,110	920,780	2,974,020	4,486,120	5,993,320	13,294,120	15,555,250	17,937,005	20,318,920	22,000,340	24,005,740	24,782,360
2004	430,700	1,506,500	5,903,780	8,379,104	10,122,768	12,086,319	14,779,343	21,598,763	30,371,023	33,614,173	34,957,458	35,881,343
2005	1,072,000	2,269,650	4,344,750	6,806,152	12,110,482	28,031,457	29,985,585	34,743,645	37,600,445	42,915,856	45,525,611	47,576,746
2006	815,550	3,224,468	8,012,449	11,501,929	16,084,809	20,066,533	23,714,194	26,370,890	36,479,806	37,278,358	42,332,995	43,077,170
2007	1,531,087	3,901,669	16,148,674	22,413,118	27,232,134	32,401,472	35,657,297	42,829,750	51,945,799	55,703,387	65,885,802	66,289,555
2008	1,797,604	4,203,429	12,947,058	27,647,379	33,857,533	36,582,025	39,759,375	42,395,454	45,412,474	50,699,301	53,383,541	53,522,880
2009	409,369	864,839	2,039,460	5,207,311	6,763,615	7,800,085	9,677,455	11,579,746	18,882,737	20,713,554	23,523,664	24,337,664
2010	1,518,563	2,708,062	5,931,546	10,081,816	12,260,236	13,526,546	16,597,121	18,790,511	19,848,804	21,174,632	22,953,692	27,249,702
2011	568,645	2,003,976	5,063,837	7,449,773	9,471,416	11,761,850	12,794,028	14,222,970	18,194,801	19,682,061	30,563,013	31,934,415
2012	2,189,660	3,128,562	4,794,040	6,337,260	10,000,544	12,120,246	17,883,185	24,375,078	26,118,787	26,493,820	28,130,500	28,666,430
2013	881,740	1,440,110	13,907,060	15,814,195	17,433,454	20,194,778	23,204,628	24,180,485	26,567,302	29,195,224	30,890,086	31,231,349
2014	665,304	2,806,404	8,075,941	20,789,869	27,574,834	29,877,686	33,456,523	41,971,923	42,784,769	44,804,191	46,460,471	47,707,993
2015	1,172,285	1,853,539	3,894,754	6,750,389	8,575,425	18,388,180	20,475,407	26,442,225	29,143,303	31,248,595	35,417,465	37,368,595
2016	1,268,865	2,298,280	4,987,625	8,904,610	12,253,660	16,279,464	19,265,124	23,811,029	29,823,014	36,084,949	40,154,959	41,418,659
2017	1,183,280	2,841,725	7,219,495	11,761,657	18,136,656	23,823,576	30,793,243	36,066,891	52,130,226	59,858,542	63,366,686	64,675,041
2018	1,970,104	3,943,104	10,028,787	14,363,122	20,252,322	30,488,747	37,540,412	40,421,060	55,689,215	59,634,580	64,988,531	66,797,572
2019	6,060,645	6,835,345	10,699,845	18,074,843	22,220,523	26,015,593	31,103,281	45,971,877	48,902,359	52,267,409	56,765,409	58,511,534
2020	2,218,950	4,293,250	6,900,060	9,289,060	12,891,318	23,340,638	26,757,691	32,516,960	37,062,215	46,505,927	51,472,227	54,065,527
2021	3,180,132	5,500,747	9,538,939	14,603,678	21,402,310	29,030,210	33,528,039	37,494,801	41,729,005	46,006,620	50,263,120	53,739,370
2022	2,742,700	4,614,700	11,785,510	15,199,184	19,664,691	26,059,056	29,452,833	40,073,183	43,982,753	51,601,717	56,752,469	60,172,009
2023	3,950,582	5,205,782	8,532,882	12,340,016	16,985,808	23,285,030	40,678,657	46,388,414	50,736,914	59,507,376	62,245,626	62,906,026
2024	2,084,444	25,312,444	26,546,239	31,584,039	38,196,091	40,401,496	41,768,562	47,091,762				,000,020

Rhonda West

From:

Barb Puddifant

Sent:

Wednesday, August 28, 2024 8:06 AM

To:

Rhonda West; Erin Jackson

Subject:

FW: [External] For Mayor and Council

----Original Message----

From: Heather and Mitch Stefanek

Sent: Tuesday, August 27, 2024 4:38 PM

To: Barb Puddifant

Salmonarm.ca>

Subject: [External] For Mayor and Council

To our City representatives,

Wel recently became aware through an article in the Salmon Arm Observer that there is not yet an option for Green Burials in Salmon Arm. We were surprised and disappointed to learn this. There are many towns and cities in the province where this is possible, and we hope that you will expedite approval of this option, rather than waiting the three to five year plan for development, as stated in the above mentioned article. There are lots of seniors who live in this community, and I'm sure many are contemplating this more natural and environmentally friendly option for their body when they die.

Sincerely, Heather and Mitch Stefanek **APPROVAL REQUEST:** SMS HOCKEY program Sea Can Storage placement on Property corner of 8th Ave NE and 24th Street NE (The old Mino's restaurant location)

To: Mayor and Council of the City of Salmon Arm

My name is Derek Gecse and I have been a teacher for 25 years in School District #83 and have been facilitating a Hockey class from Shuswap Middle School for the past eight years. I'm writing this letter to please request the temporary placement (from Sept 16th 2024 to May 5th 2025) of an 8ft x 20ft sea-can container on the property on the corner of 8th Ave NE and 24th Street NE (The old Mino's restaurant location)for the purpose of storage for hockey equipment for players in the School District #83 SMS Hockey class from Shuswap Middle School. I have provided a street view google maps link for clarification and location information: https://maps.app.goo.gl/nJ3sEHzPSiPqf2ij7

This school and community program is trying to engage and connect students in their education experience and motivate them to learn through this passion-based hockey program. It is also has proven to be an excellent way to build community partnerships with the school district and youth through sport, such as hockey. Please visit the following link to see information and comments from players and parents who have participated in the program. https://dgecse.weebly.com/sms-hockey-class.html

The storage container would be used for players to put equipment in after their morning ice session before returning to Shuswap Middle School and for their families to then at sometime throughout the day retrieve the equipment. A lock box with a code is provided to families and they then use the code to access a key to open and close the container. I will check and monitor the storage container daily as I have with previous storage situations. Storage has been an evolving and ongoing dilemma for 8 eight years. When arena dressing rooms were no longer an option, a trailer was provided by Ian Gray for storage, but he has since retired and the trailer is no longer available. Big Steel Box is willing to provide a sea-can to help the SMS Hockey, but the Shuswap Recreation Society will not allow a sea-can on the Rogers Rink empty lot. However they will support placement on the property noted above as received in an email from David Knight and the Shuswap Rec Society(SRS) ruling:

. . .Through our discussion however, the empty lot located southwest of the Arena (old Mino's parking lot) was identified as a potential location where this sea-can could be placed as a close proximity and alternate location. This location would still require a letter to council for approval, however, the board and staff would support that letter in encouraging this a location for your program.

David Knight also indicated the SRS and staff would provide a letter of support for the placement of a sea-can on the property noted above to the City of Salmon Arm council.

Thank you honorable mayor and city council for your time and I look forward to hearing from you on this application for request for the temporary placement of a storage container on the noted property above. I am also more than willing to meet to discuss placement and any further details.

Sincerely, Derek Gecse

Derek Gecse

Teacher | B.ED. M.ED.

Shuswap Middle School | School District No. 83 (North Okanagan-Shuswap) Phone: (250) 832 - 6031, Ext 223 | Fax: (250) 832 - 7114

E-mail: dgecse@sd83.bc.ca

Mail: 171 - 30th St. SE, Salmon Arm, BC, V1E1J5





320 A - 2nd AVENUE N.E., SALMON ARM, B.C. V1E 1H1 PHONE (250) 832-7000 • FAX (250) 833-0550

August 20, 2024

City of Salmon 500, 2nd Ave. NE Salmon Arm, BC V1E 1H1

Dear Mayor Harrison and Council,

On behalf of the Seniors Resource Centre (Salmon Arm) Society, I would like to extend a heartfelt thank you to you and the council for your financial support for the next 5 years. Having a place where we are known and trusted in the community will allow us to continue to make a difference to the seniors in Salmon Arm. We are pleased to be working with the City to keep serving the seniors in our area.

We look forward to using the funds to keep the Centre going and growing in the near future. Seniors have been a great part of the growth of Salmon Arm, and we strive to help them in their senior years to stay as independent as possible and in their own homes. We continue to look for new and innovative ways to do that in collaboration with community partners. We welcome any ideas or direction where the council might see a need..

Again, our thanks for the generous support from the City.

arelyn Djockman

Sincerely,

Marilyn Bjorkman SRC President

Lending a Hard

Cc Darin Gerow, AScT | Manager of Roads & Parks Cc Catherine Auld, Mental Health & Substance Use Clinician with Interior Health

This letter is being presented to you, with hopes of being reviewed and considered at the next regular council meeting. I am writing as a person with lived experience of addiction and as a person in recovery.

One of the most significant outcomes for someone facing an addiction, can unfortunately be death. With this public health crisis ongoing since 2016; I have had the honor of supporting many individuals who have survived in my role as a Peer with *Interior Health* and through my work at the Marshlands shelter / via the *Canadian Mental Health Association*. Amongst the actual people using substances, there are countless other family members, friends and community members who have lost people to toxic drug poisonings in our community.

Last year to commemorate the annual <u>International Overdose Awareness Day</u> (August 31) I was a part of an education booth with Interior Health and Naskonlith Band; that taught community members how to use Naloxone (the remedy for toxic drug poisoning) at Piccadilly Mall. During this event, countless people from all walks of life shared their stories and recounted their personal connection to "someone" in their lives that has been touched by this crisis.

Since then, we have been exploring options, to establish a "memorial type" structure with a tribute to those lost to this crisis in the Salmon Arm area. This led to speaking with the *Shuswap Foundation*, and considered their memorial walkway – however feedback form the community was that this may get lost "in the shuffle" – and there is a hopefulness for a more substantial memorial that people can gather at. Ideally a bench, like the Penticton community in the link below has established.

Penticton's Memorial Bench for overdose victims to be unveiled this summer - Penticton Western News

We would like to formally request that a bench with a plaque affixed be allowed to be installed at **Ross Street Plaza**, alternatively, a plaque installed on an existing bench at the plaza. We will be undertaking fundraising campaign similar to the process Penticton initiated, to raise funds for the bench and its installation as well as / or the plaque; and will of course abide by all regulations in doing so.

<u>International Overdose Awareness Day</u> – is coming up August 31, 2024 – and we would love that to be an opportunity to announce that there will be a bench coming and kick-stating the fundraising campaign.

Thank you so much for your support of the project thus far Darin, and please don't hesitate to reach out with any questions at all,

Warm Regards,

Kayla Belcher

Rhonda West

From:

noreply@civicplus.com

Sent:

Thursday, September 5, 2024 9:52 AM

To:

Alan Harrison; David Gonella; Debbie Cannon; Kevin Flynn; Louise Wallace-Richmond;

Sylvia Lindgren; Tim Lavery; Erin Jackson; Rhonda West

Subject:

[External] Online Form Submittal: Mayor and Council

Mayor and Council

First Name

Stephen

Last Name

Williamson

Address:

Return email address:

Subject:

Piccadilly New Bus Stop on 10th Street

Body

The new Bus Stop, on 10th Street by the Canadian Tire Entrance, needs a Proper Bus Shelter. Many infirmed and Elderly transit passengers will be using this Bus Stop. Previously, especially in Hot and Cold weather, bus

passengers could wait just inside the mall doors or under the canopy for the Bus. This new Bus stop is quite a distance from the main doors of the Mall. Having at least a place to shelter in until the bus arrives is important to all but especially the Elderly

and disabled.

It would be nice to have this shelter before the bad weather

starts.

Thankyou for considering this.

Would you like a

Yes

response:

Disclaimer

Written and email correspondence addressed to Mayor and Council may become public documents once received by the City. Correspondence addressed to Mayor and Council is routinely published within the Correspondence Section of Regular Council Agendas.

Email not displaying correctly? View it in your browser.



August 26, 2024

The Honourable David Eby
Premier of the Province of British Columbia
Via email: Premier@gov.bc.ca

Dear Premier Eby,

Re: Urgent Request for Provincial Support in Addressing Homelessness in Campbell River

I am writing to you on behalf of the City of Campbell River to express our deep concern regarding the challenges our community is facing in providing adequate temporary shelter for individuals experiencing homelessness. Provincial case law establishes the obligation of local governments to provide an adequate location for overnight camping (temporary shelter) for unhoused persons. However, the sites currently available on City land are limited and do not fully meet the needs of the community or the individuals who require these services.

For a location for overnight temporary shelter to be adequate, it must be relatively close to services and supports typically accessed by individual experiencing mental health, substance use and other health conditions who are also homeless. The location of these services in Campbell River is primarily in the downtown core. The provincial decision to place these services in proximity of residential, commercial, cultural and recreational assets means the City has very limited options in terms of land availability outside of parking lots, and high value Parks and green spaces enjoyed by our residents and visitors.

Considering these challenges, we respectfully request that the Province of British Columbia take immediate action by making provincially regulated land available for temporary overnight camping in Campbell River. We understand the provincial position on use of sites such as off season use of the Quinsam campground given that the aim is to have such assets available for the recreating public and not set precedent for their use as alternative housing. However, the City would respond that these camp sites are not used during the off season and are typically closed; moreover, the City faces the very same challenge when it comes to use of our Parks and green spaces but is nonetheless forced to move forward with this under the circumstances. The availability of provincial land would greatly enhance our ability to provide safe and appropriate spaces for those in need. In that instance, the City would agree to provide all necessary services including fencing, portable washrooms, garbage bins and removal, contract security, bylaw enforcement and ongoing monitoring.

Furthermore, we ask that the province provide additional funding to expand our winter shelter program. By doing so, we can reduce the demand for temporary overnight shelter, especially during colder

months, and ensure that those without permanent housing have access to safe, warm, and secure environments. We would also like to explore funding availability to establish a Homeless Encampment Action Response Team (HEART) to better integrate the response of the City, RCMP and service providers to homelessness and complement our partnership on the HEARTH rapid housing initiative.

The City of Campbell River is committed to working collaboratively with the provincial government to address the pressing issue of homelessness in our community. We believe that with the province's support, we can make significant progress in providing the necessary resources and spaces to meet the needs of our most vulnerable residents.

We appreciate your attention to this matter and look forward to your prompt response.

Sincerely,

Kermit Dahl

Mayor

Know the Signs and Signals

FLASHING RED LIGHTS

STOP when flashing. DO NOT proceed until the lights stop flashing. If the lights begin flashing after you start crossing the tracks, keep going.

CROSSBUCK ······

YIELD if a train is approaching. Trains always have the right-of-way.

LOWERING GATES AND FLASHING RED LIGHTS -

A train is approaching (even if you don't see it yet). DO NOT proceed until the lights turn off and the gates go up. It's illegal and dangerous to go around lowered gates.

Multiple tracks are present. Multiple tracks may mean multiple trains. Wait until you can see clearly down the tracks in both directions before proceeding.





PAVEMENT MARKINGS

A large "X" and a wide white line on the road mean you're approaching a railway crossing. Stay behind the white stop line while waiting for a train to pass. No stop line? Stop at least 5 metres from the nearest rail.

EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION SIGN (ENS) ·

This is the first phone number to call if a vehicle is stuck or stalls on the tracks (this number may also be found on the signal house). You can also dial it to report people, vehicles or debris on the tracks, as well as damaged signs or signals, or obstructed views. The mile post and subdivision listed on the sign will help the railway to identify your location.

LOW GROUND CLEARANCE CROSSING

Raised crossing ahead. If you drive anything low to the ground — like a bus, truck, sports car or trailer — you're at risk of getting hung up on the tracks. DO NOT proceed until you know your vehicle will clear the tracks.

ADVANCE WARNING

Slow down, look, listen, and BE PREPARED TO STOP. Typically, this is the first sign you see when approaching a railway crossing.





OperationLifesaver.ca LookListenLive.ca

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

FILE: 01-0410-02

August 29, 2024

The Hounourable David Eby
Premier and President of Executive Council
Via Email: premier@gov.bc.ca

Dear Premier Eby:

Re: Infrastructure Investment for Complete Communities

During the City of Mission's Regular Council meeting of August 19, 2024, our Council unanimously carried the following resolution:

- 1. That the City of Mission write to the Premier to express:
 - Mission's continued support for the creation of affordable and supportive housing;
 - The need for simultaneous provincial investment in schools, healthcare, safety and infrastructure to sustainably accommodate growth; and
 - Mission's intention to review our housing bylaws after one year to ensure that sustainable growth is occurring; and
- 2. That the letter be copied to all UBCM members.

The City of Mission acknowledges the significant need for affordable housing in our community and across the entire country. We have witnessed the dramatic increase in people living in unsafe and unstable conditions and are acutely aware of the need to accelerate housing production in the marketplace. Further, we are alert to the visible growth in unhoused persons in our midst, demonstrating the need for more supportive housing options in our community.

Because we share the Province's concerns about housing, we have been hard at work at the local level, finding ways to incentivize the development of affordable housing, accessible medical spaces and supportive housing. In the last four years, we have:

CITY OF MISSION | OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

- Created a density bonusing program for builders who create below market housing and medical spaces.
- Authorized Mission's first 11-storey building because it offered 100% affordable housing, as well as community kitchen and laundry space.
- Created our *Neighbourhood Engagement Policy* to improve and expedite community engagement.
- Planned the *Stave Heights Neighbourhood* to add multi-family housing for 3800 people (with many units already under construction).
- Added to our Planning and Building Department staffing and made affordable housing applications a top priority.
- Invested in new software and technology to expedite development and building applications.
- Hosted educational Builders' Forums, in partnership with the Fraser Valley Homebuilders Association, to help builders avoid delays.
- Contributed park space to BC Housing for supportive housing and offered more public land to BC Housing and local agencies.
- Approved and implemented an innovative *Community Wellness Plan* in conjunction with every social and healthcare agency in our City.
- Hosted two housing forums to encourage partnership in developing more below-market housing.
- Dedicated approximately 100 acres (1/3) of land in our Waterfront Revitalization Strategy to multi-family housing.
- Adopted a suite of new policies to ensure affordable housing, including an amnesty program to allow registration of unauthorized secondary suites and a bylaw to protect residents of Mobile Home Parks.

We are doing all we can, with even more work in our pipeline, and it is showing in Mission's dramatic growth numbers. I am absolutely confident that other communities across BC are working with the same earnestness and creativity.

The policy and legislation changes brought forward by your government are sure to have a profound effect on our housing supply, but I hope you will agree with Mission when we say that there is much more that needs to be done to ensure that we are creating not just houses, but homes.

In consultations with our advisory committees, local organizations, and community engagement, we continuously hear a series of challenges that we believe will undermine our

shared housing efforts if not addressed. Three solutions have emerged from this work:

- 1. Ensure that the Province funds investments in social and physical infrastructure to facilitate growth. We cannot continue with the existing and long-standing practice of only adding to schools, healthcare, transit, highways, and policing once demand has reached crisis levels. The development community has expressed these same concerns. People need housing in areas where their children can access schools and medical services. Without simultaneous investments in provincial infrastructure, we will create significant inequities at the community level and will force local governments to accept further downloading.
- 2. Address parking concerns in communities that have traditional downtowns that are not-yet-fully transit ready. Across BC, there are many communities like Mission with constrained downtowns. While the obvious solution to the parking issues of these areas is enhanced transit, it must be acknowledged that working residents and parents simply cannot rely on transit as a substitute for cars at this time. While our community has invested in major transit improvements (with more on the way) we cannot anticipate that residents, workers and consumers in that neighbourhood will be able to entirely rely on transit for their daily mobility. Mission strongly supports Transit-Oriented Development. Indeed, it is fundamental to our Downtown and Waterfront Revitalization initiatives, but we have already been told to expect that multiple in-stream applications will now be altered to remove resident parking. Mission has created a parking plan for the area grounded in a costly analysis but the government's policy leaves no room for that evidence to come into our planning.
- 3. Restore the dexterity that comes with developer-municipality partnerships in master developments. As you have recently heard from Coquitlam and Burnaby, many master developments rely on place-making to benefit both existing residents and newcomers. Building around shared public spaces is desirable to the private and public sector, facilitating investment and financing, and allowing for a vision that the public can embrace. Density-bonusing, phased development agreements and other negotiated approaches are needed in our toolkit if we are to realize our Waterfront Revitalization. In short, true density and transit-oriented development will be hampered or halted if we are left with the tool of ACCs. As an example, the expected addition of more than 10,000 home in our master-planned Silverdale area would simply not have been possible were it not for our ability to share staffing costs, arrange for future public lands and establish mechanisms for front-ending underground servicing with Polygon. When it comes to large scale projects, we believe the Province needs to create exceptions wherein win-win negotiations are possible.

CITY OF MISSION | OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

The City of Mission may not be the largest municipality in the Province, but we pride ourselves on being progressive and resourceful. We have engaged in master planning for our housing future as far back as 1966. While we support the Province's view that affordable housing must be a priority, we believe it will be much more constructive to work in a collaborative fashion, and to see concomitant development by the province of the physical and social infrastructure that defines healthy communities.

Mission has recently adopted our versions of SSMUH and TOA bylaws, and we will adopt revised DCC and ACC legislation soon. In each case, those new bylaws include a one-year review clause. We will be looking to the Provincial government to ensure that there is room for learning, revision and, most importantly, considerable investment in community-level infrastructure.

Allow me to close by saying, Mission is keen to participate in dialogue. If our City can play a role in providing feedback, data or other insights, please do not hesitate to reach us.

Sincerely,

PAUL HORN MAYOR

Cc. The Honourable Ravi Kahlon, Minister of Housing HOUS.minister@gov.bc.ca
The Honourable Rob Flemming, Minister of Transportation and Infrastructure Minister.MOTI@gov.bc.ca
The Honourable Pam Alexis, Minister of Agriculture and Food and MLA, Abbotsford-Mission

Pam.Alexis.MLA@leg.bc.ca

Bob D'Eith, MLA, Maple Ridge-Mission D'Eith.MLA, Bob <u>Bob.Deith.MLA@leg.bc.ca</u>
City of Mission Council
City of Mission Regular Council Agenda – Correspondence
UBCM Member Municipalities



REQUEST FOR DECISION

To: Development & Planning Services Committee

From: Senior Planner

Title: Development Permit Application No. 457

Legal: Lot 1, Sections 13 and 14, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Plan EPP136050

Civic: 981 – 12 Street SE

Owner: Terra Civis Inc., Inc No. 3106873
Agent: Browne Johnson Land Surveyors

Date: September 3, 2024

Executive Summary/Purpose:

Development of this project featuring 38 multi family residential units within 10 residential buildings has proceeded under an approved Development Permit (DP-429). Through the development of the site, the need for two over-height retaining walls has been determined and changes to the previously approved designs of two of the 10 buildings requires amendment.

Motion for Consideration:

THAT: Development Permit No. 457 be authorized for issuance for Lot 1, Sections 13 and 14, Township 20, Range 10, W6M, KDYD, Plan EPP136050 (981 – 12 Street SE) in accordance with the drawings dated June 11, 2024 and attached to this memorandum;

AND THAT: Development Permit No. 457 include the following variance to Zoning Bylaw No. 2303:

Section 4.12.1a – increase the maximum height of a retaining wall and fence in an interior yard from 2.0 metres (6.5 feet) to 2.6 metres (8 feet) in accordance with the attached drawings; and

Section 4.12.1b – increase the maximum height of a retaining wall in an exterior yard from 1.2 metres (3.9 feet) to 3.7 metres (12.1 feet) in accordance with the drawings attached as Appendix 7.

Staff Recommendation:

Staff recommend issuance of Development Permit No. 457 and the associated variances.

Proposal:

Amendments to the form and character of two previously approved multi family buildings as well as two over-height retaining walls are requested.

Background:

The irregularly shaped subject parcel is located at 981 – 12 Street SE, situated south and above Auto Road SE, and has an area of just under 2.4 acres (Appendix 1). The parcel is being developed for 38 multi family residential units within 10 residential buildings under an approved Development Permit (DP-429) approved by Council in April 2022. The development is supported by the Medium Density Residential designation in the Official Community Plan (OCP), and permitted by the R14 Compact/Strata Multi-Family Residential Zone in the Zoning Bylaw (Appendix 2). Site photos are attached (Appendix 3).

As described in the applicant's letter and the elevation drawings (Appendix 4 and 5), the design of two of the buildings (Buildings A and B) has been changed: the rear yards are now accessed via a visible lower level, while the lower level was below the ground elevation in the previously approved designs under DP-429. Essentially the south facing elevation has increased from two levels to three in height. This change is to account for the grade of land across the site.

Further development work on the site related to the grade has also precipitated the need for retaining walls to support the driveway, with detailed designs indicating the need for retaining walls in excess of the maximum permitted height (Appendix 6 and 7).

Offsite frontage improvements have been required, including street lighting, fire hydrant installation, curb, boulevard, and multi-use pathway installation, all largely completed. Landscaping including street trees is required to be completed as a condition of DP-429.

Additionally, staff note that DP-429 included a variance for building height, which is no longer applicable with the City's new definitions for "height" and "grade". Furthermore, Development Variance Permit application VP-577, a servicing variance, was considered and supported waiving a section of water main extension and two fire hydrant installations along Auto Road which were viewed as redundant as all surrounding parcels were found to have sufficient coverage.

Relevant Policy(ies):

The applicant is advancing a 38 unit multi family development in the form of 10 residential buildings, each with 3 or 4 units, under the previously approved DP-429. The development is supported by the Medium Density Residential designation in the Official Community Plan (OCP), and permitted by the R14 Compact/Strata Multi-Family Residential Zone in the Zoning Bylaw (Appendix 2). The development is subject to the guidelines of the "Residential Development Permit Area" as described in the section 8.4 of the OCP, suggesting characteristics under the topics of siting and building, landscape and screening guidelines, as well as access, circulation and parking area. These elements have been considered and approved to advance under the previous DP-429.

Changes to two buildings are under consideration with this application. These buildings as illustrated have footprints of approximately 180 square metres each and are comprised of three storeys in height.

Siting and Building

The two buildings are sited in alignment with DP-429 along the south parcel boundary in the southeast corner of the parcel, with the building designs featuring a contemporary style with varied facades, colours, and peaked rooflines reasonably unified on all elevations and providing visual interest. Multiple buildings generally present less of an impact than a single larger building in terms of overall massing on the site, allowing for sightlines between buildings. High quality and varied materials are incorporated with proposed wood and fiberboard siding. Rear yards offer some outdoor amenity space.

The two buildings under consideration were previously proposed to be built into the slope, with only the upper two levels visible to the south. However, the approach to development on this site has changed with respect to grade and these buildings will no longer be built into the slope and three levels will be visible above ground. The proposed height meets the regulations and the form and character of these buildings aligns with the OCP guidelines, essentially matching what was previously approved for the other buildings on the site under DP-429 (Appendix 9).

Landscape and Screening

A landscape plan has been approved in consultation with the OCP guidelines associated with DP-429. Aligned with OCP policy, surface parking is broken up and screened with landscaping, while screening is also proposed for the garbage/recycling collection and between buildings. Street trees are proposed as per OCP Policy 8.4.28 along the Auto Road and 12 Street SE frontages. If boulevard planting is not feasible, planting along the exterior lot boundaries will be required. This should serve to enhance the Auto Road streetscape.

Subdivision and Development Servicing Bylaw

Frontage improvements to the Urban Interim Arterial Road (RD-4 – Auto Road SE) and the Urban Local Road (RD-2 – 12 Street SE) standards have been required, with installation of curb, boulevard, and multi-use pathway lighting largely completed.

Zoning Bylaw

Retaining wall regulations are specified by the Zoning Bylaw. While retaining walls were noted in the consideration of DP-429, details were not specified at that time and assumed to comply with the applicable regulations. The purpose of the retaining walls is to support the driveway access to the residential units.

Two over-height retaining walls are now requested for consideration under this application:

- The proposed wall and fence along the northeast interior parcel line is subject to Zoning Bylaw Section 4.12.1a, and the request is to increase the maximum height of a retaining wall and fence from 2.0 metres (6.5 feet) to 2.6 metres (8 feet) in accordance with the attached drawings; and
- 2. The proposed wall at the northwest exterior parcel line is subject to Zoning Bylaw Section 4.12.1b, and the request is to increase the maximum height of a retaining wall from 1.2 metres (3.9 feet) to 3.7 metres (12.1 feet) in accordance with the attached drawings.

Staff are not concerned with the first requested variance; the wall is a reasonable size and a fence on top of the wall for safety is reasonable. This wall is of a size that is consistent with similar walls on adjacent parcels, the position of the wall does not significantly affect the streetscape, and the slope over the site presents a reasonable rationale for such a feature.

The second request is more substantial, increasing the maximum height of a retaining wall from 1.2 metres (3.9 feet) to 3.7 metres (12.1 feet) on a highly visible exterior parcel line. However, in support of this requested variance, staff note that this is the steepest point on the site amongst the following applicable factors:

- 1. The proposed 3.7 m retaining wall is not an unreasonable size considering the grade at this location on the site.
- 2. The wall design features a natural rock look with an irregular stepped shape, which overall also diminishes the size and visual impact.
- 3. The required street / boulevard trees will provide some screening and break up the potential impact of a wall. A total of 14 street trees are proposed along the Auto Road SE frontage. "Amur Maple" trees are proposed and are expected to reach 5-to-6 m in height.
- 4. The wall is reasonably consistent with existing retaining walls throughout this generally sloping residential area.
- 5. The sloping terrain at this particular location provides a reasonable rationale for some form of retaining wall to create level access, and is a common approach for residential developments.

Staff note that OCP Policy 8.3.22 suggests minimizing cut, fill and retaining walls on hillside areas, and the applicant appears to have made some effort to do so, stepping this retaining wall and utilizing a more natural looking product which should blend reasonably well with plantings and rock landscape finishing on the site.

The proposed retaining walls and the street trees are located on private property and future maintenance will be the responsibility of the owners once construction and installation is complete.

Referral Comments:

Fire Department

No Fire Department concerns.

Building Department

No limiting distance concerns and Fire Department access should be satisfactory.

Engineering Department

No concerns.

Design Review Panel

With the proposal for multi family development, the application was referred to the Design Review Panel (DRP) for review. The August 7, 2024 DRP meeting minutes are attached as Appendix 8.

Panel members asked questions to clarify and discussed the proposal, positively noting the proposed retaining wall's design and finishes at this key visible location. The DRP noted no concerns with the proposed buildings or the retaining wall variances. The DRP moved to support the application as presented.

Planning Department

The applicant is applying for a Development Permit to support multi family residential development. In the opinion of staff, the proposed changes to the two buildings aligns with the Development Permit Area guidelines as described in the OCP and the previously approved DP-429.

With respect to the retaining wall variances, staff have no concerns with the smaller request for a combined retaining wall and fence. With the larger retaining wall request, typically staff would not be in support of a variance of such magnitude and note that Council is not bound to any precedent in their consideration of this proposal. However, staff note that the steep slope present at this specific location provides some supportive rationale for the proposal, this proposed retaining wall is reasonably consistent with other walls on residential parcels in the area, and the design of the stepped retaining wall proposed allows for visual interest and landscaping.

Considering the above, staff recommend approval of Development Permit No. 457 and the associated variances.

Financial Considerations:

Staff note that neither proposed retaining wall is expected to impact development on adjacent parcels and future maintenance will be the responsibility of the owners.

Committee Recommendations:

N/A

Public Consultation:

Pursuant to the *Local Government Act* and *City of Salmon Arm Development Permit Procedures Bylaw* notices are mailed to land owners within a 30m radius of the application. The notices outline the proposal and advises those with an interest in the proposal to provide written submission prior to the Hearing and information regarding attending the Hearing. It is expected that the Hearing for this application will be held on September 9, 2024.

Alternatives & Implications:

N/A

Prepared by: Senior Planner

Reviewed by: Manager of Planning and Building

Reviewed by: Director of Planning and Community Service

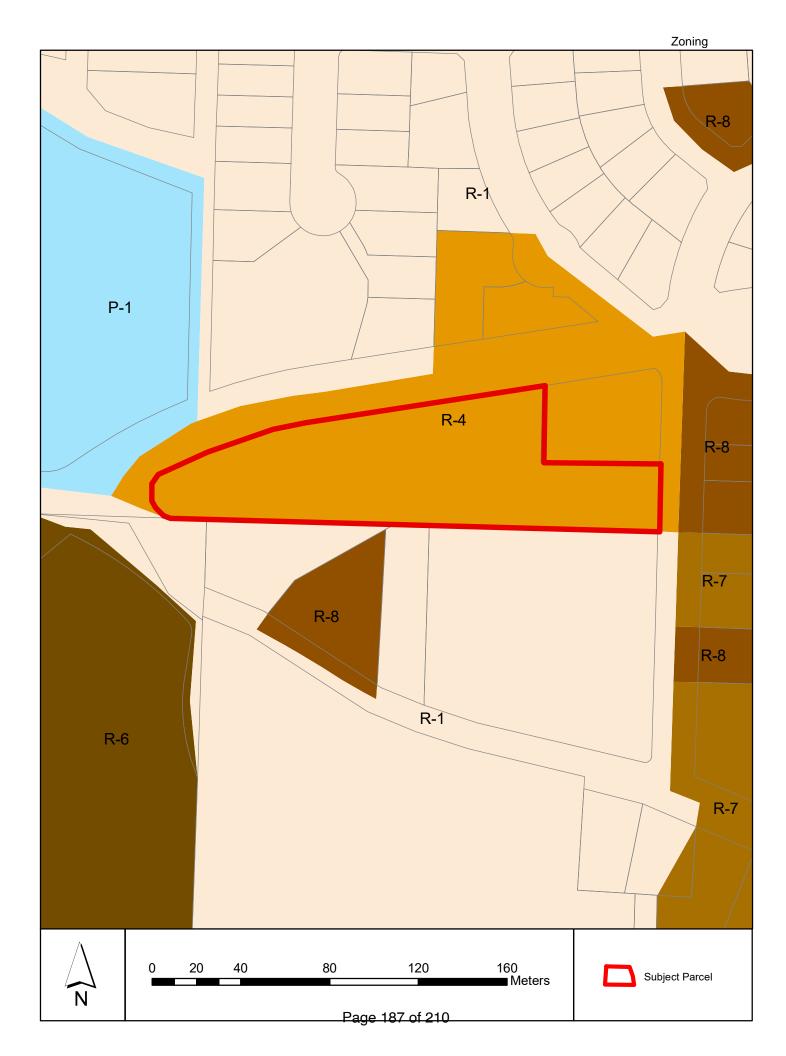
Approved by: Chief Administrative Officer

Attachments:

- Appendix 1 Aerial
- Appendix 2 Zoning
- Appendix 3 Site Photos
- Appendix 4 DP-457 Letter of Proposal
- Appendix 5 DP-457 Elevations
- Appendix 6 Retaining Wall Letter of Proposal
- Appendix 7 Retaining Wall Elevations
- Appendix 8 DRP Minutes

• Appendix 9 – DP-429 Site Plans & Elevations







View southeast from Auto Road SE



View northwest from 12 Street SE



View southwest from 12 Street SE



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office@brownejohnson.com

OUR FILE: 52-24 July 3, 2024

City of Salmon Arm Box 40 Salmon Arm, BC V1E 4N2

RE: DP-457 981 12th St SE "Beuno Vista Lane"

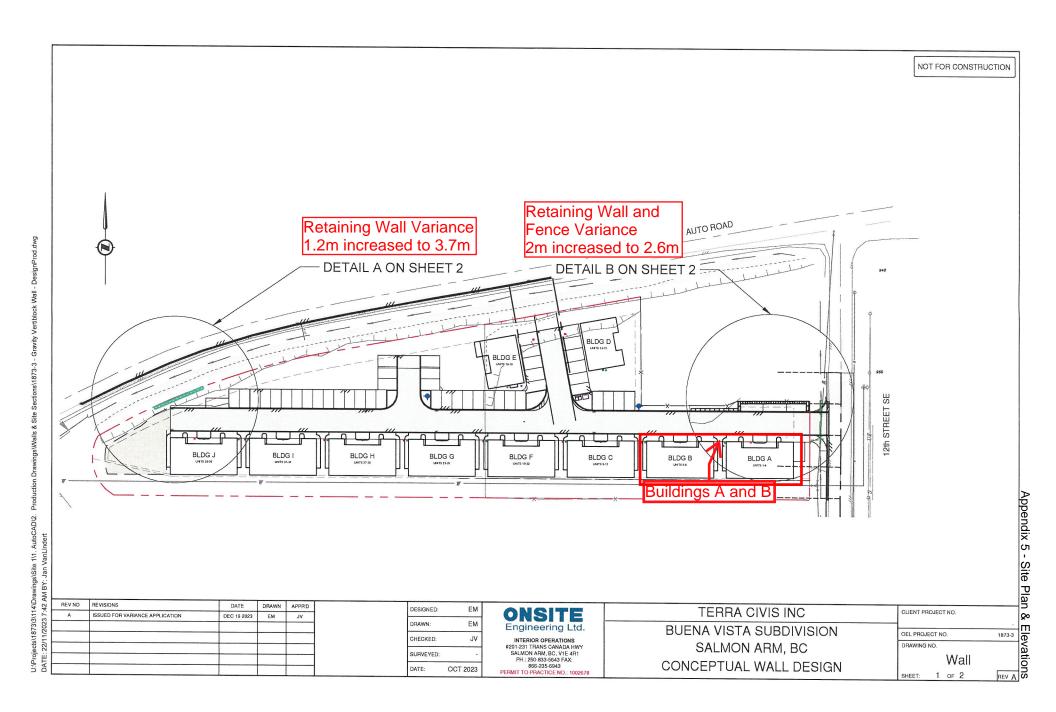
There is a development permit DP-457 for the development on 981 12th St SE called Beuno Vista Lane. There was a DP submitted in the past (DP-429) for a 10 building development. There are eight - 4 unit buildings and two- 3 unit buildings. Each unit will have its own back yard space. Eight of the buildings are still being built according to development permit (DP-429). Buildings A & B have some changes. Initially the rear walk out was on the 2nd story of the buildings. Now the rear walk out will be from the lower level.

Onsite has previously requested a variance to the fence and retaining wall height as shown on the attached sketch.

Landscaping will be completed phase by phase. Landscaping for phases 1-3 should be complete by the end of July.

Thank you

Melanie Howard







Building A Left Side Elevation

Buena Vista Lane



Bldg A - Left (East) Elevation:

Building A Right Side Elevation

Lane

Buena Vista l



Bldg A - Right (West) Elevation:





Buena Vista Lane - bldg B

Address: 601 12th 61. 6E Sulmon Aus, BC Design Contest: Mid-that Thissess 250. 253. 6041 Builder Cordest: Build Hayde

Rudy Hayds 200, 604, 6041 why Date: 24, 60, 11 do (UNO): 3¢ = 1-4°

Building B Rear Elevation





Bldg B - Left (East) Elevation:

Address: 601 12th Bt. 6E Statuen Aum, BC Design Contest: Michael Thinness

Buena Vista Lane

bldg B

200. 200. 5041 ullder Content: Rudy Hoydo 250. 604. 6041

Density Date: 24. 08. 11 Bools (UNO); 3/r = (1-8)*

Building B Left Side Elevation





SOT 12th St. SE Statem Arm, BC

Buena Vista l

bldg B

ndyn Contest Michael Thioseen 200, 200, 8041

Party Hoydo 200. 604. 604 homby Date:

24.00.11 looks (UNO): Xr=147

Building B Right Side Elevation





Head Office-Salmon Arm 201-231 Trans Canada Hwy PO Box 2012 Salmon Arm, BC V1E 4R1 Tel: 250-833-5643 Fax: 1-866-235-6943 Office Locations: Salmon Arm Campbell River Prince George

Abbotsford North Vancouver Nanaimo Golden Port Alberni Courtenay

August 13, 2024

City of Salmon Arm 500-2nd Avenue NE Salmon Arm, BC V1E 4N2

OEL File#: 1873-3 City File#: DP-429

Attn: Salmon Arm Mayor and Council, Director of Development Services

Re: Letter of Rationale for proposed retaining wall heights for the new Development Permit Application at 981 – 12 Street SE and 1017 – 10 Avenue SE

On behalf of our client, we request a variance of retaining wall heights, as required by Zoning Bylaw 2303. This request is part of the new Development Permit Application.

In April 2023 City Staff approved the engineering plans for the subject development Buena Vista. The site plan indicated several retaining walls, but details regarding width, height or material was not provided. The design for the walls is now completed and it is noted that two walls exceed the maximum allowable wall height of respectively 1.2 meters along an internal lot line, and 2.0 meters along the Auto Road fronting lot line.

The wall at the entrance of development was constructed using Lock-Blocks. It has an approximate height of 1.4 m over approximately 22.5 m, but it tapers down over the remaining distance of the wall. We propose to install a 1.2 m privacy fence on top of the wall along the property line with 932 12th Street SE. We have been and still are communicating with the neighbor about the appearance of the fence. Please see attached figures for pictures of the installed wall.

The toe of the wall facing Auto Road is at the property line. It will be constructed using grey and brown stained Verti-blocks, and it will have a varying height and width. The maximum exposed height of the wall will be 3.66 m (12 ft, or 6 Verti-blocks). The top row of blocks will be 7.32 m, and then each row down will step out 1.83 m (6 ft, or 1.5 Verti-blocks); the longest row will be 21.96 m (72 ft, or 18 Verti-blocks). Please see attached figures for IFC drawings of the proposed wall and the proposed staining.

We request the variance for the following reasons:

 The wall along the strata access road entrance is needed to retain the parking stalls and driveway. The wall height itself is below the maximum allowable height. The developer intends to install a 1.2 m privacy fence on top of the wall to provide some privacy between for the neighbouring properties, and to provide a physical barrier to allow for safer parking maneuvers.

<u>www.onsite-eng.ca</u> Page **1** of **4**

• The wall along Auto Road is only visible from Auto Road and no residents are directly affected by a visual disturbance. The increase in height is not too substantial and the wall is located at a fair distance from the Multi Use Path. We have determined that the wall is required to retain the strata access road, which encroaches on the 5 m setback at the west end of the subdivision; this encroachment was approved in the original Development Permit. A sloped embankment would require reducing the driveway length and access to Building J would no longer be feasible.

The wall location will have a minor effect on the location of the trees shown in the landscaping plan. The two trees located within the footprint of the wall will need to be shifted, with the following restrictions on their final placement:

- Minimum 5 m behind the back of the wall
- Minimum 2.5 m beyond the ends of the wall

Once the wall is installed, we recommend the tree locations be finalized in the field.

We trust this will meet with your requirements at this time. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Sincerely,

Onsite Engineering Ltd.

Prepared by:

Megan McColl, EIT Junior Engineer

Reviewed by:

Joel McAllister, P.Eng.

Principal and Project Manager

www.onsite-eng.ca Page 2 of 4



Photo 1: Lock-Block retaining wall along property line between 981 12 Street NE and 931 12 Street NE. Development Permit application proposes to install a privacy fence along the top of the retaining wall.

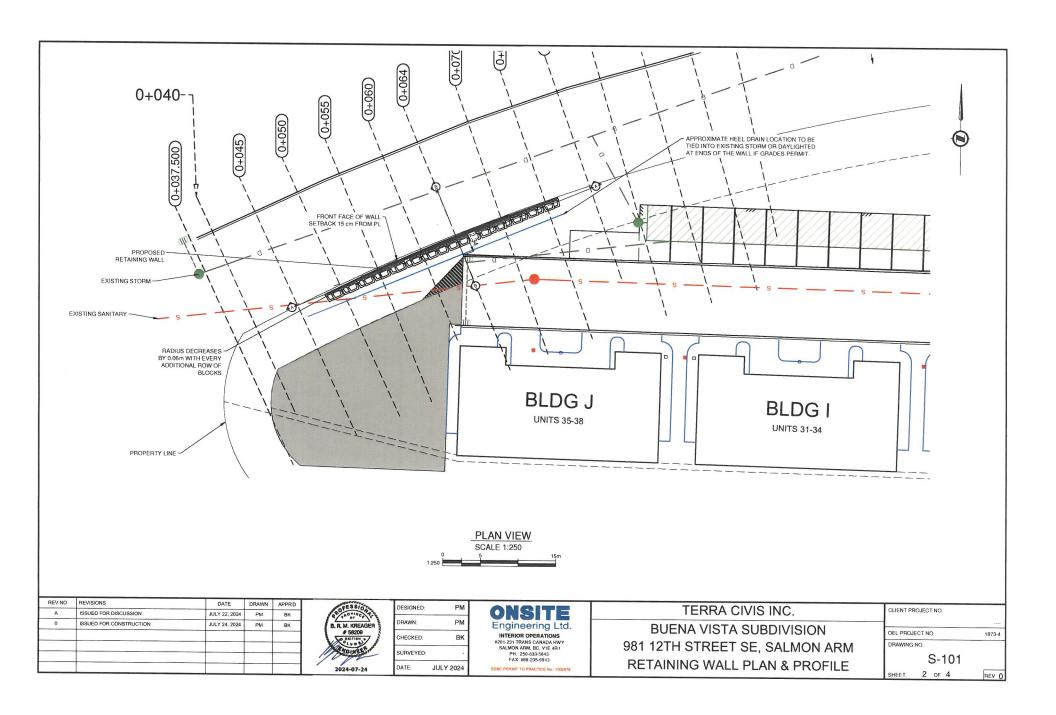


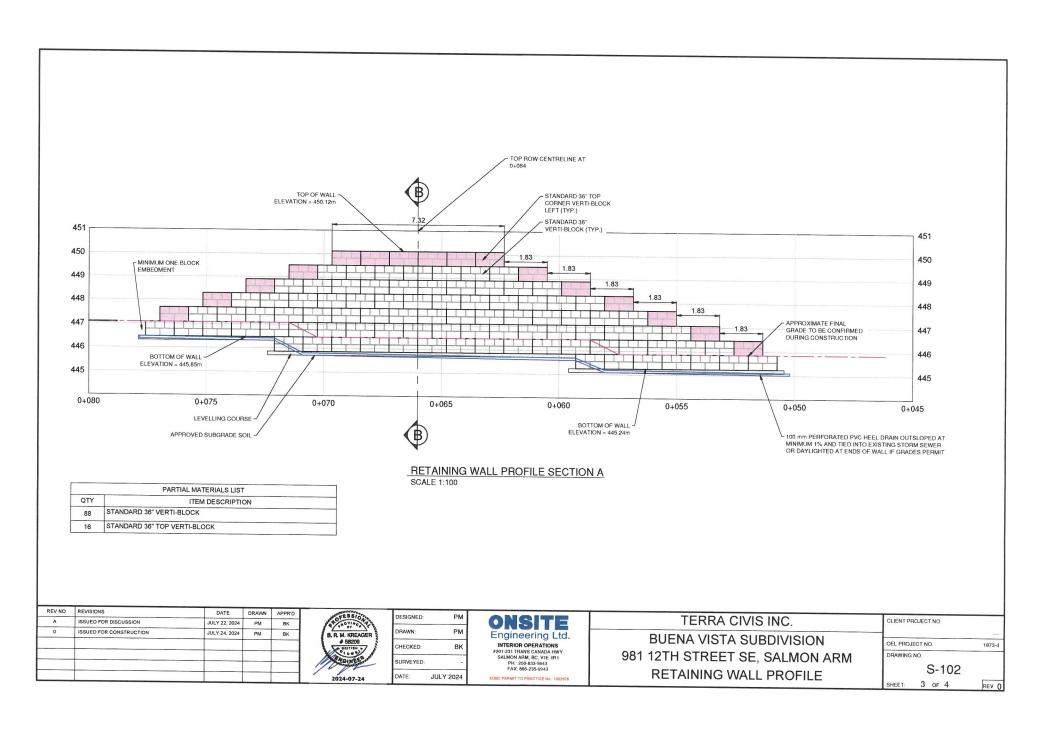
Photo 2: Parking area at top of Lock-Block retaining wall.

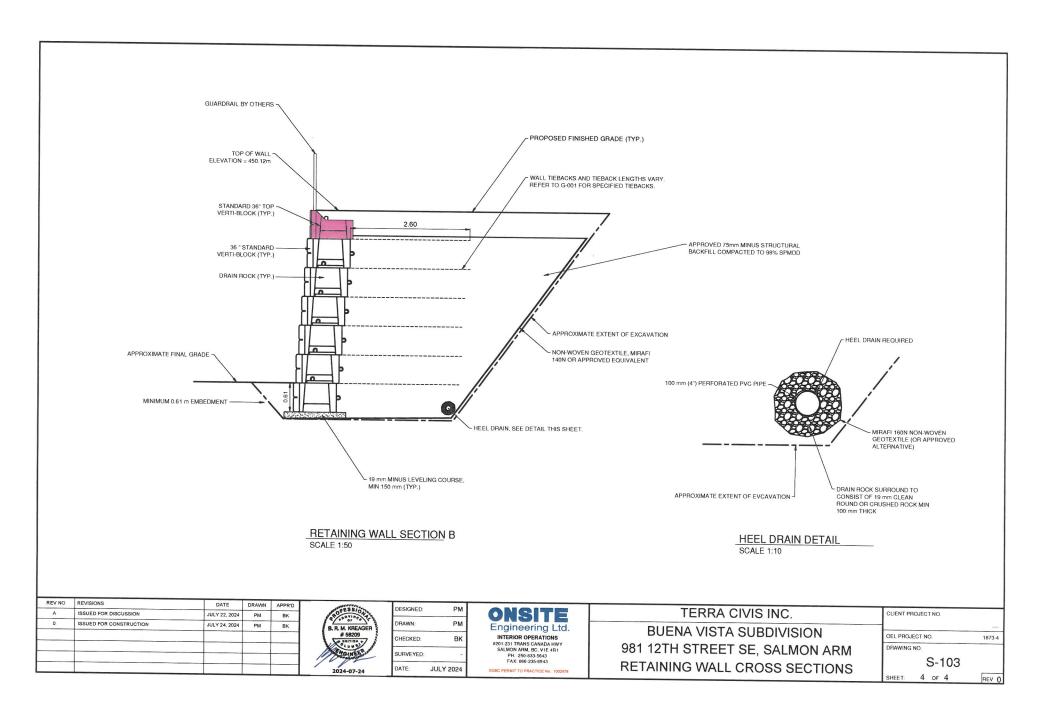


Photo 3: Existing Verti-block retaining wall on another property. The proposed Verti-block retaining wall along Auto Road SE is planned to have similar staining.

IFC Drawings for proposed Verti-block retaining wall along Auto Road SE attached.









DESIGN REVIEW PANEL MINUTES

August 7, 2024, 2:30 pm - Online, City Hall

Present: Al Waters (Panel Member)

Verna Burton (Panel Member) Bill Laird (Panel Member - Chair)

M. Mason & M. McColl (Applicants - DP-457)

E. Gooch (Applicant – DP-455)

V. Topping & J. Kirkham (Applicants - DP-456)

Chris Larson (Senior Planner) Aubree Jeffrey (Planner)

Absent: Trent Sismey (Panel Member)

Dennis Lowe (Panel Member) Marc Lamerton (Panel Member)

Application No. DP-457 981 12 Street SE – Terra Civis / Browne Johnson (amendment and variance)

Staff and the agents provided an overview of the proposal under current application, noting that this project has proceeded under a previous DP but that through development on the site the need for retaining walls has been clarified and the previously approved designs of two of the buildings requires change. Panel members asked questions to clarify and discussed the proposal, positively noting the proposed retaining wall's design and finishes at this key visible location. The DRP noted no concerns with the proposed buildings or the retaining wall variances. The DRP is supportive:

Panel Recommendation

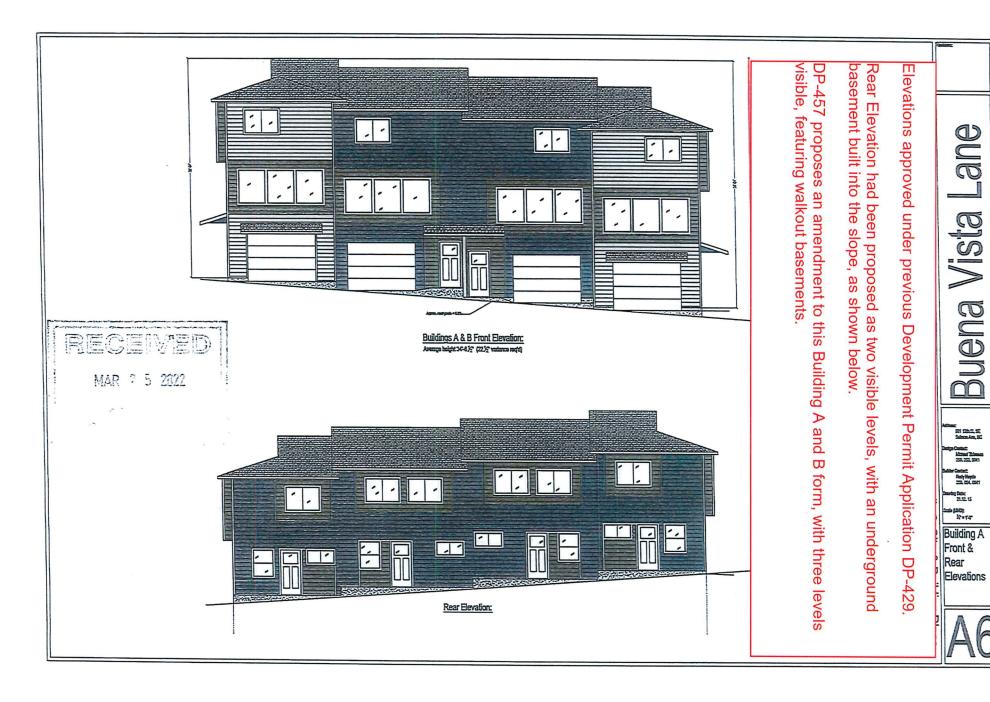
THAT the DRP supports application DP-457 as presented.

Application No. DP-456 2401 9 Avenue SW - Travelodge Motel / MQN Architects

Staff and the design team provided an overview of the proposal under current application. It was noted that the proposal site and landscape plan will be revised based on staff comments to incorporate pedestrian access and additional landscaping / street trees. Panel members discussed the proposal, including snow clearance, additional landscaping, and pedestrian circulation, noting their general support with these changes expected to be incorporated. There was discussion regarding enhancement of the street-facing south elevation potentially being enhanced, but it was noted that this proposed building is accessory to the existing building, is reasonably featured, and that the proposed landscaping contributes to interest in the building face. The height variance was considered minor. With this noted, the DRP is supportive:

Panel Recommendation

THAT the DRP supports application DP-456 as presented.



Appendix 9 - DP-429: Elevations & Site Plan



Builder Contact:
Rudy Heyde
250, 804, 8841

Drawing Date:
24, 06, 11

Scale (UNO):
1/16" = 1'-0"

Overall Site Plan

D1

